Qriosxons
telephone parts

## TELEPHONE PARTS

Catalogue 646

## TELEFONAKTIEBOLAGET LM ERICSSON

 STOCKHOLM 32, SWEDENCABLE ADDRESS: TELEFONBOLAGET INTERNATIONAL TELEPHONE: 0126

This catalogue replaces the loose-leaf catalogue »Telephone parts» issued earlier.

The material is arranged generally in alphabetical order, in accordance with the new three-letter designation system.

Those articles that lack letter designations are placed last in the material group to which they most nearly belong.

A departure from this rule has been made in respect of installation parts for manual exchanges and for tools, these being placed at the end of the catalogue, where some screw tables and indexes of material and types will also be found.

Full right is reserved to make minor departures from the illustrafions, as also in respect of dimensions and weights. All dimensions are given in millimetres.

Complete details of the material included in the catalogue together with quotations will be furnished at any time by the nearest L M Ericsson representative.

DRY CELLS
BATTERY BOXES
BRACKETS, SUBSCRIBER LIST HOLDERS,
SIGNAL SOFTENERS
TIME METERS, PERIOD COUNTERS

BELLS, BUZZERS
HOODS, GONGS, SUPPORTS ETC. FOR BELLS
Page 30
Page

JUNCTION BOXES, WALL TERMINALS, TAPPINGS, TERMINAL BLOCKS, TERMINAL CLAMPS ETC.
PROTECTORS, TUBULAR FUSES,
FUSE WIRES ETC.

RELAYS
Page 50
Page 9
Page 11

| 4 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 5 |

TRANSFORMERS, IMPEDANCE COILS, RESISTANCE COILS

DIALS
PROTECTIVE CASES, FIGURE PLATINGS, PACKINGS, HOLDERS ETC. FOR DIALS

MAGNETO GENERATORS
CRANKS, COG-WHEELS, MAGNETS ETC. FOR MAGNETO GENERATORS
TUNING FORK BUZZER
POLE CHANGERS, POLE CHANGER FILTERS

CONDENSERS, CONDENSER HOLDERS

TRANSMITTER INSETS, LARYNGOPHONES, RECEIVERS, RECEIVER INSETS, HANDSETS, HEAD SETS,
LARYNGOPHONES

SUSPENSION HOOKS, CLIPS, HOLDERS ETC. FOR
HANDSETS AND RECEIVERS
CAPS, DIAPHRAGMS, RUBBER PADS FOR HANDSETS ETC. Page 169

## DRY CELLS

These cells are intended for microphone batteries in L.B. instruments and galvanic instruments, for signalling batteries in intercommunication and signalling plants etc.
A dry cell consists of three main components, viz: positive and negative electrode and electrolyte.

The positive electrode consists of a carbon rod surrounded by a depolarizer, the object of which is to neutralise the hydrogen gas released while the cell is in use. This depolarizer consists of an oxide such as manganese oxide (manganese oxide cell) or of an active carbon (air oxygen cell) blended with graphite to improve the conducting capacity. Both the depolarizers burn the hydrogen gas to $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$, but there is a distinct difference in the working process between a manganese oxide cell and an air oxygen cell. The manganese oxide which exists in finely powdered form is reduced on the surface of the separate grains and is thereby consumed. As moreover only the outer layers of the depolarizer mass participates in the process, the capacity of a manganese oxide cell is dependent on the $\mathrm{MnO}_{2}$ content of material employed.

The air oxygen cell on the other hand, which contains active carbon, works with the oxygen of the air as depolarizer. This air oxygen flows round the different carbon grains and is absorbed by the active carbon, which has the property of compressing both oxygen and hydrogen in its pores, these being united catalytically to water. As air oxygen is available in unlimited quantity, provided the cell is well ventilated, the capacity of an air oxygen cell is only limited by the number of other constructive parts.
The negative electrode consists of a metal, zinc being the only one that can be employed. The zinc is used only in the form of sheet of sufficient thickness. When using electric current the zinc disintegrates, zinc chloride being formed.


BKA 1001


BKA 1004


BKA 1101


BKA 1501

The electrolyte consists of a concentrated solution of salammoniac with addition of zinc chloride and wheaten flour. The salammoniac is used up as the cell is employed. Hydrogen gas and $\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ are then formed at the positive pole. At the negative pole CL-ions are precipitated which cause the zinc to disintegrate at same time delivering its electric charge.

An air oxygen cell has a somewhat lower initial tension ( $1.45-1.48 \mathrm{~V}$ ) and a rather higher internal resistance than a manganese oxide cell $(1.45-1.65 \mathrm{~V})$ of the same size.

On account of the higher internal resistance of the air oxygen cell the voltage drop on overload is greater than in an equivalent manganese oxide cell. This property is a protection for the cell in the event of overload or shortcircuiting. As, however, the capacity is $50-100 \%$ higher than for a manganese oxide cell of corresponding size the air oxygen cell is the more economical.

Air oxygen cells being chiefly made up of active carbon, free from injurious foreign matter, their storage capacity is appreciably greater than manganese oxide cells. Moreover, an air oxygen cell is considerably lighter than a manganese oxide cell of the same size, which means cheaper freight etc.

## BKA 1001—BKA 1501 Dry cells

These cells are built up with salammoniac as electrolyte and natural brownstone as depolarizer. The terminals consist of two screw clamps, except for the anode battery BKA 1501 which is provided with contact holes.

The capacity given is for a continuous load of 10 ohms per cell down to 0.8 V per cell, except for BKA 1501 for which the load has been 6000 ohms for four hours a day down to 36 V .

BKA 1101 is intended for portable telephone instruments and test instruments. BKA 1501 is intended as anode battery for instruments with built-in amplifier.

Dimensions: see table.


BKA 2001—BKA 2101 Dry cells, air depolarized

These cells resemble $B K . A \quad 1001-B K A 1101$ in appearance and have the same range of employment. The cells may also be used in tropical climates, replacing the former water filling cells. BKA 2101 is specially designed for portable telephone instruments DPA 10-13.

The cell is provided with ventilation holes for air circulation, which are furnished with plugs. The plugs must be taken out when the cell is put into operation. The terminals consist of two screw clamps.
The capacity given is for a load of 10 ohms per cell down to 0.8 V per cell.

Dimensions: see table.

|  | E. M. F. | capacity | overall dimensions with terminals |  |  | weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | height | width | depth |  |
|  | V | Ah | mm | mm | mm | kg |
| BKA 2001 | 1.48 | 35 | 125 | 55 | 55 | 0.43 |
| BKA 2002 | 1.48 | 50 | 170 | 650 | - | 0.60 |
| BKA 2003 | 1.48 | 60 | 165 | 90 | 45 | 0.90 |
| BKA 2004 | 1.48 | 120 | 175 | 76 | 76 | 1.35 |
| BKA 2005 | 1.48 | 150 | 190 | 80 | 80 | 1.55 |
| BKA 2006 | 1.48 | 250 | 205 | 105 | 105 | 2.80 |
| BKA 2101 | 2.95 | 8 | 85 | 67 | 35 | 0.26 |

## BATTERY BOXES

The battery boxes are employed as protection for telephone batteries and also to facilitate reliable connection of the circuits to the batteries.

## BKY 1001—BKY 1004 Battery boxes for dry cells



BKY 1001


BKY 1001, dismounted

These boxes are made of grey enamelled sheet-iron, divided into two compartments and with insulated bottom inside. They are provided with three 4 mm holes for fixing to the wall.
$B K Y 1001$ is designed for two cells $B K A 1002$ or $B K A$ 2002.
$B K Y 1002$ is designed for three cells BKA 1002 or BKA 2002.

BKY 1003 is designed for three cells $B K A 1004$ or $B K A$ 2004 or four cells $B K A 1002$ or $B K A 2002$.

BKY 1004, which is fitted internally with a terminal block having five screw clamps and a connecting strip, is designed for two cells BKA 1002 or BKA 2002 and one cell $B K A 1501$ for telephone instruments $D A H$ 9011, DAH 9012, DBH 9011 and DBH 9111.

Fixing screws must be ordered separately.
Dimensions: se table.

|  | replacing | height | width | depth | weight |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | mm | mm | mm |
| BKY 1001 | RK 2300 | 203 | 147 | 73 | 0.71 |
| BKY 1002 | RK 2310 | 203 | 215 | 74 | 1.27 |
| BKY 1003 | RK 2311 | 203 | 262 | 99 | 1.64 |
| BKY 1004 | RK 2312 | 203 | 262 | 99 | 1.76 |

## BRACKETS, SUBSCRIBER LIST HOLDERS, SIGNAL SOFTENERS

## BRACKETS

The brackets are employed for mounting table telephones on walls.

DYY 1001, DYY 1011, DYY 1012 Brackets for table telephone instruments
(replacing DL 502, RK 5005, RK 5010)
These brackets are made of black enamelled sheetiron. For attachment to the wall $D Y Y 1001$ has four 5 mm holes and $D Y Y 1011-D Y Y 1012$ three 6 mm holes.


DYY 1001


DYY 1011

DYY 1001 is designed for instruments with shect-iron cases.

DYY 1011 is designed for instruments with small bakelite cases.

DYY 1012 is designed for instruments with large bakelite cases.

The brackets $D Y Y 1011$ and $D Y Y 1012$ are so constructed that they take up very little space when packed.

Fixing screws must be ordered separately. Dimensions: see table.


DYY 1012

|  | height | width | depth | weight |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | DYY 1001 | 175 | mm | mm |
| DYY 1011 | 85 | 223 | 155 | kg |
| DYY 1012 | 101 | 150 | 161 | 0.65 |

## SUBSCRIBER LIST HOLDERS



DYY 1101, mounted

Subscriber list holders are for use with table telephone instruments which have large bakelite cases.

## DYY 1101 Subscriber list holder

(replacing RK 5100)
This holder is of black enamelled sheet-iron and is provided with a cellon front to protect the list. It holds a list of 50 subscribers in ordinary typing; by using a photographic reduction, space can be found for over 200 subscribers.

The holder fits firmly on the instrument without need of fixing screws or the like.

Dimensions:
height 126 mm , width 127 mm , weight 0.14 kg .

## SIGNAL SOFTENERS

## DYY 1301 Signal softener



DYY 1301


DYY 1301, mounted

This signal softener can be used with table instruments of bakelite that have A.C. bells, e.g., telephone instruments DAH 11, DBH 10, DBH 11, DBH 13.

It is possible with this signal softener to regulate the sound volume from outside the instrument.

The signal softener is of black enamelled iron. It is fitted in the middle sound hole of the bottom plate, see sketch alongside. A screw and a washer are provided for fitting.

Weight 0.012 kg .

## TIME METERS ETC.

## TIME METERS

Time meters are employed at trunk switchboards to signal the end of a period and to check the duration of calls.

KAL 1001, KAL 1002, KAL 1101 Time meters (replacing RO 10209, RO 10210 and RO 11120)


KAL 1001


KAL 1002


KAL 1101

These time meters have balance movement and are therefore not affected by the position in which they are set up.
(Time meters with pendulum RO 10109 and RO 10110 have now been discarded and these too are replaced by KAL 1001 and KAL 1002 respectively.)

KAL 1001 has a bell at the back which gives a short signal towards the close of each three minute period. KAL 1002 is provided with two terminals for connection of a signal lamp or the like. The signal contact is actuated 25 seconds before the close of each three minute period and remains actuated for 25 seconds. The meter case is nickel-plated and has three fixing lugs with 2.4 mm holes.

When the lever at the bottom of the meter is moved to the left the meter finger is returned to zero and the meter is wound up and starts; when the lever is moved to the right the meter stops.
For fixing, three wood-screws Trskr No. 2-3/8" KS M05 are required, which must be ordered separately.

## Dimensions:

Diameter of base-plate 57 mm ; weight 0.14 kg .
KAL 1101 is provided with two terminals for connection of a signal lamp or the like. The signal contact is actuated 30 seconds before the close of each three
minute period and remains actuated for 30 seconds. The case, which is nickel-plated, is mounted on a red fibre plate having three 3 mm holes for fixing.
When the lever under the meter is moved to the right the meter starts; when it is moved to the left the meter stops, and by moving it still further to the left the meter is wound up.
For fixing, three wood-screws Trskr No. 3-5/8" KS M05 are required, which must be ordered separately.
Dimensions:
Diameter of base-plate 60 mm ; weight 0.17 kg .

## PERIOD COUNTERS

The period counter, which is driven by electrical impulses from a master clock, is used for recording the duration of calls in trunk circuits.

## 209476/1 Period counter



209476/1

This period counter has a lever switch, a counter mechanism and a signal lamp, all mounted on a black enamelled plate. The switch has three positions: off position, on position (for counter magnet) and restoing position (for figure drums). The counter mechanism has two figure drums: one for sixths of a minute ( 10 s ) and one for minutes. Not more than twelve minutes can be recorded. On the counter mechanism there is a contact that is actuated ten seconds before the close of each three minute period and remains actuated until the close of the period. The signal lamp is connected over this contact.

Lamp and lens for same must be ordered separately. The operation of the period counter requires 10 s impulses from a master clock, which may be used in common for a large number of counters.
Fixing requires two screws G5 G7 M07, which must be ordered separately; distance between fixing holes 108 mm .
Dimensions:
depth 110 mm , width 25 mm , length of plate 120 mm ; weight 0.39 kg .

## BELLS, BUZZERS

## BELL MECHANISMS

The bell mechanisms are designed for polarized bells of telephone instruments and for extra bells.

## KLA 1001—KLA 1076 Bell mechanisms for polarized bells

These mechanisms have permanent magnets of cobalt steel. The magnet coils are of bakelite with antimagnetic iron core. There is a soldering tab cast in the flange of each coil for connecting.

The mechanisms vary for different uses. Those having guide spring are used when telephone instruments are to be connected in parallel. The spring prevents the clapper in the instrument not in use coming into operation with impulsing from the dial of the instrument connected in parallel.

Those having tremblers are used when a number of bells are mounted alongside each other. The trembler consists of a circular aluminium disc attached to the clapper by a sensitive steel spring. The disc keeps on swinging for a while after the ringing has stopped, thus enabling one to see easily which bell rang.

The mechanisms KLA 1051 - KLA 1057 have no clapper bar but have special armature. These are used in watertight A.C. bells.

All mechanisms except KLA 1063-KLA 1076 are without gong support.

Two screws are required for fixing and these must be ordered separately. Distance between the fixing holes 23 mm .


KLA 1024 -KLA 1026


KLA 1034-KLA 1036


KLA 1044-KLA 1047


KLA 1051-KLA 1057


KLA 1063-KLA 1076

|  | resistance | c o i l |  |  | weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | number | designation | resistance |  |
|  | ohm |  |  | ohm | kg |
| KLA 1001 | 2 | 2 | RCE 10101 | 1 |  |
| KLA 1002 | 20 | 2 | RCE 10102 | 10 |  |
| KLA 1003 | 300 | 2 | RCE 10103 | 150 |  |
| KLA 1004 | 1000 | 2 | RCE 10104 | 500 | 0.21 |
| KLA 1006 | 2000 | 2 | RCE 10106 | 1000 |  |
| KLA 1007 | 5000 | 2 | RCE 10107 | 2500 |  |
| KLA 1013* | 300 | 2 | RCE 10103 | 150 |  |
| KLA 1014* | 1000 | 2 | RCE 10104 | 500 | 0.21 |
| KLA 1016* | 2000 | 2 | RCE 10106 | 1000 |  |
| KLA 1024 | 1000 | 2 | RCE 10104 | 500 | 0.18 |
| KLA 1026 | 2000 | 2 | RCE 10106 | 1000 | 0.18 |
| KLA 1034 | 1000 | 2 | RCE 10104 | 500 |  |
| KLA 1036 | 2000 | 2 | RCE 10106 | 1000 | 0.18 |
| KLA 1044 | 1000 | 2 | RCE 10104 | 500 |  |
| KLA 1046 | 2000 | 2 | RCE 10106 | 1000 | 0.21 |
| KLA 1047 | 5000 | 2 | RCE 10107 | 2500 |  |
| KLA 1051 | 2 | 2 | RCE 10101 | 1 |  |
| KLA 1052 | 20 | 2 | RCE 10102 | 10 |  |
| KLA 1053 | 300 | 2 | RCE 10103 | 150 |  |
| KLA 1054 | 1000 | 2 | RCE 10104 | 500 | 0.18 |
| KLA 1056 | 2000 | 2 | RCE 10106 | 1000 |  |
| KLA 1057 | 5000 | 2 | RCE 10107 | 2500 |  |
| KLA 1063 | 300 | 2 | RCE 10103 | 150 |  |
| KLA 1064 | 1000 | 2 | RCE 10104 | 500 |  |
| KLA 1066 | 2000 | 2 | RCE 10106 | 1000 |  |
| KLA 1067 | 5000 | 2 | RCE 10107 | 2500 | 0.22 |
| KLA 1073* | 300 | 2 | RCE 10103 | 150 |  |
| KLA 1074* | 1000 | 2 | RCE 10104 | 500 |  |
| KLA 1076* | 2000 | 2 | RCE 10106 | 1000 |  |

[^0]
## DATA FOR BELL MECHANISMS KLA 1001-

 KLA 1076|  | A. C. |  |  |  |  |  | D. C. resistance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $16^{2} / 3 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ |  | $25 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ |  | $50 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { operat- } \\ & \text { ing } \\ & \text { voltage } \end{aligned}$ | impedance | operating voltage | impedance | operating voltage | impedance |  |
|  | $\checkmark$ | ohm | V | ohm | V | ohm | ohm |
| KLA 1001, 1051 | 2-5 | 8 | 2.5-7 | 10 | 5-15 | 17 | 2 |
| KLA 1002, 1052 | 5-20 | 65 | 7-30 | 90 | 15-50 | 160 | 20 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { KLA } 1003,1013,1053, \\ & 1063,1073 \end{aligned}$ | 20-30 | 800 | 30-35 | 1000 | 50-80 | 1800 | 300 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { KLA } 1004,1014,1024 . \\ & 1034,1044,1054,1064 . \\ & 1074 \end{aligned}$ | 30-50 | 2500 | 35-60 | 3000 | 80-115 | 5500 | 1000 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { KLA 1006, } 1016,1026 \text {, } \\ & 1036,1046,1056,1066 \text {, } \\ & 1076 \end{aligned}$ | 50-65 | 5000 | 60-80 | 6500 | 115-130 | 11000 | 2000 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { KLA 1007, 1047, 1057, } \\ & 1067 \end{aligned}$ | 65-130 | 11000 | 80-130 | 13500 | - | - | 5000 |

## POLARIZED BELLS

Polarized bells are used only for A.C.

KLA 1201—KLA 1207, KLA 1301—KLA 1307, KLA 1401-KLA 1407 Polarized bells (replacing RA 150-RA 174)

These bells are suitable for various alarm and signalling purposes. KLA 1201-KLA 1207 are furnished with small gongs. KLA $1301-K L A 1307$ have large gongs and KLA 1401 - KLA 1407 are fitted with sheep gongs. These bells differ only in respect of loudness and the strength of the signals.

On all bells the frame and bell mechanism are alike. On a bell fitted with gongs of one size these may easily be exchanged for gongs of another size, the gong supports with nuts and washers also requiring to be changed. Below the case, which is easy to remove, the terminal
clips are located on a base of insulating material. The case and frame are enamelled grey.


KLA 1201-KLA 1207, diameter of the gongs 64 mm .

## Parts:

mechanism KLA 1001-KLA 1007, respectively, gong with low pitch 138543/2 and
gong with high pitch 138543/4,
nuts for gongs 137386,
gong supports 146425 , nuts for supports G3 P J03.

Dimensions:
height 142 mm , width 138 mm , depth 74 mm , distance between the fixing holes 92 mm , weight 0.65 kg .


KLA 1301-KLA 1307

KLA 1301 - KLA 1307, diameter of the gongs 108 mm .

## Parts:

mechanism KLA 1001 - KLA 1007 respectively, gongs 146424/1, screws for gongs 190002, gong supports 146426 , washers for supports 146429/1, nuts for supports GO P J03, nut washers 146429/1.

## Dimensions:

height 164 mm , width 226 mm , depth 86 mm , distance between the fixing holes 92 mm , weight 1.03 kg .


KLA 1401~KLA 1407
gong supports 146427, washers for supports $146430 / 1$, nuts for supports GO P J03, nut washers 146429/1.

## Dimensions:

height 164 mm , width 226 mm , depth 151 mm , distance between fixing holes 92 mm , weight 1.65 kg .

|  | A. C. |  |  |  |  |  | D. C. resistance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $16^{2} / \mathrm{3} \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ |  | $25 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ |  | $50 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ |  |  |
|  | operating voltage | impedance | operating voltage | impedance | operating voltage | impedance |  |
|  | $\checkmark$ | ohm | V | ohm | $\checkmark$ | ohm | ohm |
| KLA 1201, 1301, 1401 | 2-5 | 8 | 2,5-7 | 10 | 5-15 | 17 | 2 |
| KLA 1202, 1302, 1402 | 5-20 | 65 | 7-30 | 90 | 15-50 | 160 | 20 |
| KLA 1203, 1303, 1403 | 20-30 | 800 | 30-35 | 1000 | 50-80 | 1800 | 300 |
| KLA 1204, 1304, 1404 | 30-50 | 2500 | 35-60 | 3000 | 80-115 | 5500 | 1000 |
| KLA 1206, 1306, 1406 | 50-65 | 5000 | 60-80 | 6500 | 115-130 | 11000 | 2000 |
| KLA 1207, 1307, 1407 | 65-130 | 11000 | 80-130 | 13500 | - | - | 5000 |

## KLA 1244-KLA 1247 Polarized bells with tremblers

(KLA 1246 replaces RA 194)
These bells are suitable for use when a number of bells are mounted alongside each other.
The bells are fitted with a trembler consisting of a steel spring attached to the clapper. At the lower end of this spring is as small dise which continues to oscillate a little while after the ringing has ceased, thus enabling one easily to see which of the bells has rung. The case and frame are enamelled grey.


KLA 1244 -KLA 1247

KLA 1244 - KLA 1247, diameter of the gongs 64 mm .
Parts:
mechanism KLA 1044-KLA 1047 respectively, gong with low pitch 138543/2, gong with high pitch 138543/4, nuts for gongs 137386,
gong supports 146425 , nuts for supports G3 P J03.

## Dimensions:

height 161 mm , width 138 mm , depth 74 mm , distance between the fixing holes 92 mm , weight 0.65 kg .

|  | A. C. |  |  |  |  |  | D. C. resistance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $16^{2} / \mathrm{s} / \mathrm{s}$ |  | $25 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ |  | $50 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ |  |  |
|  | operating voltage | impedance | operating voltage | impedance | operating voltage | impedance |  |
|  | $\checkmark$ | ohm | $\checkmark$ | ohm | $\checkmark$ | ohm | ohm |
| KLA 1244 | 30-50 | 2500 | 35-60 | 3000 | 80-115 | 5500 | 1000 |
| KLA 1246 | 50-65 | 5000 | 60-80 | 6500 | 115-130 | 11000 | 2000 |
| KLA 1247 | 65-130 | 11000 | 80-130 | 13500 | - | - | 5000 |

## KLA 2103-KLA 2144 Polarized bells in cases



KLA 2103-KLA 2144


[^1](KLA 2104-KLA 2106 replace RA 130; KLA 2124 replaces DC 1021)

These bells are especially suitable as supplementary bells for telephone instruments.

Bell mechanism with gongs and the terminal block for connection are fitted on rear plate with cover. The cover and the rear plate are grey enamelled. On all rear plates there is space for two terminal blocks and two condensers type RKA 70.

KLA 2103-KLA 2106, diameter of the gongs 64 mm .

## Parts:

mechanism KLA 1063 - KLA 1066 respectively, gong with low pitch 138543/1, gong with high pitch $138543 / 3$, screws for gongs G3 C3 M05, terminal block consist of two blocks 138342 with two terminal clamps 131997, screws for terminal clamps 190561, fixing screws for terminal block G5 D7 M05.

KLA 2113 - KLA 2116, diameter of the gongs 64 mm .

## Parts:

mechanism with guide spring, KLA 1073 - KLA 1076, other parts see KLA 2103-KLA 2106

KLA 2124, diameter of gongs 64 mm .

## Parts:

mechanism KLA 1064, gong with low pitch 138543/1, gong with high pitch 138543/3, screws for gongs G3 C3 M05,
terminal block consists of two blocks 138342 with four terminal clamps 131997, screws for terminal clamps 190561, fixing screws for terminal block G5 D7M05, condenser RKA 7010, $1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, condenser holder 133804, screw for condenser holder G5 C3 M05.

KLA 2134, diameter of gongs 64 mm .

## Parts:

mechanism with guide spring KL.A 1074, other parts see KLA 2124.

KLA 2144, diameter of gongs 64 mm .


KLA 2124-KLA 2144, without cover

## Parts:

resistance coil RCR 13145 (545 ohm), other parts see KLA 2124.

Dimensions:
height 135 mm , width 155 mm , depht 49 mm , distance between fixing holes 120.5 mm , weight $K L A$ 2103-KLA 2116: 0.9 kg and KLA 2124, KLA 2134, KLA 2144: 1 kg .

| KLA 2103, 2113 | A. C. |  |  |  |  |  | D. C. resistance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $16^{2} / 3 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ |  | $25 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ |  | $50 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ |  |  |
|  | operating voltage | impedance | operating voltage | impedance | operating voltage | impedance |  |
|  | $\checkmark$ | ohm | $\checkmark$ | ohm | $\checkmark$ | ohm | ohm |
|  | $20-30$ | 800 | 30-35 | 1000 | 50-80 | 1800 | 300 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { KLA } 2104,2114, \\ & 2124^{*}, 2134^{*}, \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2144* | 30-50 | 2500 | 35-60 | 3000 | 80-115 | 5500 | 1000 |
| KLA 2106, 2116 | 50-65 | 5000 | 60-80 | 6500 | 115-130 | 11000 | 2000 |

*impedance incl. condenser

## KLA 6201-KLA 6407 Polarized bells, watertight

These bells are watertight and are suitable for use in places where they are exposed to damp. They are employed in the same manner as KLA $1201-K L A 1407$.

All bells have the same cast-iron case and bell mechanism. If a bell is fitted with gongs of one size, these may easily be replaced by gongs of another size, in which case gong supports with nuts and washers must also be replaced. The bell mechanism, which is of normal type, is mounted on a front plate which is screwed to the case with packing between. Below the gongs is a cable bushing for leading in the line.

The front plate and the case are enamelled grey.


KLA 6201-KLA 6207

KLA 6201-KLA 6207, diameter of the gongs 64 mm
Parts:
mechanism KLA 1051 - KLA 1057 respectively, gong with low pitch $138543 / 2$ and gong with high pitch 138543/4,
nuts for gongs 137386, gong supports 146425 , nuts for supports G3 P J03.

## Dimensions:

height 204 mm , width 138 mm , depth 87 mm , distance between fixing holes 92 mm , weight 1.9 kg .


KLA 6301~KLA 6307

KLA 6301-KLA 6307, diameter of the gongs 108 mm ,

## Parts:

mechanism KLA 1051-KLA 1057 respectively, gongs 146424/1, screws for gongs 190002, gong supports 146426 , washers for gong supports 146429/1, nuts for supports G0 P J03, nut washers 146429/1.

## Dimensions:

height 204 mm , width 226 mm , depth 100 mm , distance between fixing holes 92 mm , weight 2.28 kg .


KLA 6401-KLA 6407

KLA $6401-K L A 6407$ width of the sheep gongs $108 \times 92 \mathrm{~mm}$

Parts:
mechanism KLA 1051-KLA 1057 respectively, sheep gongs $131388 / 2$, screws for gongs 189902, gong supports 146427, washers for gong supports 146430/1, nuts for supports G0 P J03, nut washers 146429/1.

## Dimensions:

height 204 mm , width 194 mm , depth 165 mm , distance between fixing holes 92 mm , weight 2.9 kg .


KLA 6201, 6301, 6401
KLA 6202, 6302,6402
KLA 6203, 6303, 6403
KLA 6204, 6304, 6404
KLA 6206, 6306, 6406
KLA 6207, 6307, 6407

| A. C. |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { D. C. } \\ & \text { resist- } \\ & \text { ance } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $16^{2} / 3 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ |  | $25 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ |  | $50 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ |  |  |
| operating voltage | impedance | operating voltage | impedance | operating voltage | impedance |  |
| $\checkmark$ | ohm | $\checkmark$ | ohm | V | ohm | ohm |
| 2-5 | 8 | 2.5-7 | 10 | 5-15 | 17 | 2 |
| 5-20 | 65 | 7-30 | 90 | 15-50 | 160 | 20 |
| 20-30 | 800 | 30-35 | 1000 | 50-80 | 1800 | 300 |
| $30-50$ | 2500 | 35-60 | 3000 | 80-115 | 5500 | 1000 |
| 50-65 | 5000 | 60-80 | 6500 | 115-130 | 11000 | 2000 |
| 65-130 | 11000 | 80-130 | 13500 | - | - | 5000 |

## CREAK BUZZERS

The buzzers are used for A. C. only.

## KLB 5001 Creak buzzer for A. C.



KLB 5001

This buzzer is used as signalling device in telephone instruments $D B K 10$ and $D B K 11$. It gives a discreet but clear signal and is therefore suitable for use where loud disturbing ringing is not desired.

The buzzer is fitted in a case of nickel-plated brass and has two soldering tags for connection. The resistance is 2000 ohm . There are two 3.6 mm holes for attachment.

For fixing in telephone instruments two screws G5 C3 M05 are required, and these must be ordered separately; distance between fixing holes 45 mm .

Dimensions:
length 52 mm , width 22.5 mm , height 26.6 mm , weight 0.07 kg .

## BELLS WITH AUTOMATIC INTERRUPTER

for D. C.; some of the bells also operate on A. C.


KLD 1101-KLD 1105

## KLD 1001—KLD 1105 Bells for universal current

(replacing RA 610/3-24, RA 510/3-24)
These bells are used in intercommunication plants and for bell circuits in houses and offices where no great strength of signals is required.
The bells have a gong 126919 of nickel-plated brass, diameter 64 mm . The base-plate is of bakelite. The bell may be adjusted from outside without removing the gong.

Dimensions:
height 81 mm , width 68 mm , depth 35 mm , weight 0.17 kg .

| without suspension eye, internal connection | with suspension eye, external connection | D. C. |  |  | A. C. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | $25 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ |  | $50 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ |  |
|  |  | operating voltage | resistance | current consumpfion | operating voltage | current consumption | operating voltage | current consumption |
|  |  | V | ohm | mA | V | mA | V | mA |
| KLD 1001 | KLD 1101 | 1.5-3 | 10 | 60-100 | 3-5 | 60-120 | 5-8 | 70-120 |
| KLD 1002 | KLD 1102 | 2.5-4.5 | 40 | 35-50 | 6.5-10 | 50-100 | 8-15 | 55-90 |
| KLD 1003 | KLD 1103 | 4-6 | 100 | 20-35 | 10-20 | 30-70 | 15-25 | 35-65 |
| KLD 1004 | KLD 1104 | 8-12 | 300 | 15-25 | 20-36 | 20-50 | 25-42 | 25-50 |
| KLD 1005* | KLD $1105^{*}$ | 18-24 | 1000 | 10-15 | - | - | - | - |

KLD 1501—KLD 1506 Bells for universal current

(replacing RA 500/3-RA 500/300)
These bells are used for the same purposes as those above but give louder signals.
The bells have a gong 232369 of nickel-plated iron, diameter 77 mm . The base-plate is of black enamelled sheet-iron and provided with suspension eye.

## Dimensions:

height 100 mm , width 84 mm , depth 40 mm , weight 0.29 kg .

|  | D. C. |  |  | A. C. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $25 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ |  | $50 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ |  |
|  | operating voltage | resistance | current consumption | operating voltage | current consumption | operating voltage | current consumption |
|  | $\checkmark$ | ohm | mA | V | mA | $\checkmark$ | mA |
| KLD 1501 | 1.5-3 | 3 | 140-600 | 3-5 | 200-600 | 8-12 | 200-600 |
| KLD 1502 | 3-4.5 | 10 | 80-100 | 5-15 | 100-300 | 12-20 | 100-300 |
| KLD 1503 | 4.5-6 | 40 | 40-50 | 15-20 | 100-150 | 20-25 | 100-150 |
| KLD 1504 | 6-8 | 100 | 25-30 | 20-30 | 50-60 | 25-42 | 50-60 |
| KLD 1505 | 12-20 | 300 | 15-25 | 30-42 | 30-70 | - | - |
| KLD 1506 | $22-26$ | 500 | 10-20 | - | - | - | - |

> KLD 2001-KLD 2003 Bells for D. C. (replacing RA 800/6-24)


KLD 2001-KLD 2003

These bells are especially designed for fire alarm installations.

The bells operate at about 400 strokes $/ \mathrm{min}$ and emit a characteristic sound easily distinguishable from that of ordinary bells.

The gong 132931 is of black enamelled cast-iron, diameter 150 mm ; the base-plate is also of black enamelled cast-iron.

Dimensions:
diameter 165 mm , depth 82 mm , weight 2.3 kg .

|  | D. C. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| operating <br> voltage | resist- <br> ance | current <br> consump- <br> tion | spark <br> quenching <br> shunt |  |
|  | V | ohm | mA | ohm |
| KLD 2001 | $5-7$ | 6.8 | $220-280$ | 40 |
| KLD 2002 | $10-14$ | 27 | $150-200$ | 100 |
| KLD 2003 | $22-26$ | 100 | $80-120$ | 500 |

## KLD 2502-KLD 2504 Bells for D. C.

(replacing RA 910/6-24)


These bells are employed both indoors and outdoors in cases where louder signals are required, e.g. for announcing the time in schools and factories, for supervisory and alarm signals in power stations and engine rooms, for alarm signals in fire-alarm and burglar-alarm installations etc.

The bells are rain-proof and emit a powerful noise, being therefore particularly suitable for outdoor mounting. The frame, protective hood and gong 1.32931 are in black enamelled cast-iron. Diameter of gongs 150 mm . A rubber packing is introduced between frame and hood.

## Dimensions:

height 297, width 150 mm , depth 90 mm , weight 3.1 kg .

|  | D. C. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | operating <br> voltage | recistance | current <br> consump- <br> tion | spark <br> quenching <br> shunt |
|  | V | ohm | mA | ohm |
| KLD 2502 | $5-7$ | 35 | $70-90$ | 2000 |
| KLD 2503 | $10-14$ | 125 | $40-50$ | 3000 |
| KLD 2504 | $22-26$ | 500 | $25-35$ | 3000 |

KLD 3001—KLD 3004 Bells - diaphragm, for D. C.
(replacing RA 1200/3-24)
These bells (diaphragm bells) are used where conditions are especially exacting, e.g., on ships, where account must be taken of the corrosive action of seawater, in the tropics, in mines and other places where risk of explosion exists, in chemical works etc.


The bells are completely gastight and watertight. The movement to the external part of the clapper is transmitted by means of a diaphragm; there is rubber packing between the case and the cover of the bell and, finally, the cable bushing ensures completely tight leading in of the cable. The bell is particularly resistant to corrosive action, even under the severest climatic and atmospheric conditions.

The frame is of black-enamelled brass. The sheepgong $131388 / 2$ is of bronze, with a width of 108 mm .

## Dimensions:

height 270 mm , width 155 mm depth 125 mm , weight 2.5 kg .

|  | D. C. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | operating <br> voltage | resist- <br> ance | current <br> consump- <br> tion | spark <br> quenching <br> shunt |
|  | V | ohm | mA | ohm |
| KLD 3001 | $2-3$ | 6.5 | $200-250$ | 600 |
| KLD 3002 | $4-6$ | 22.8 | $55-70$ | 1600 |
| KLD 3003 | $8-12$ | 97 | $50-60$ | 3000 |
| KLD 3004 | $18-24$ | 454 | $25-30$ | 5000 |

## KLD 4701-KLD 4710 Bells for universal current

These bells have the same range of employment as KLD 1001-KLD 1105 and KLD 1501-KLD 1506, but give louder signals.


The bells have an grey enamelled gong 239687/1 of galvanised iron, diameter 115 mm . The base-plate is dark-brown bakelite with two holes for fixing. The clapper is insulated from the clapper bar, so that even when the bell is ringing the gong is insulated from the parts under tension.

Bells KLD 4706-KLD 4710 are fitted with limiting coils.

Bells $K L D 4708$ and $K L D 4709$ have in addition radio disturbance protection.

## Dimensions:

diameter 119 mm , depth 55 mm , weight 0.45 kg .

|  | D. C. |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { A. } . \\ & 25 \\ & \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s} \end{aligned}$ |  | A. C.$50 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | operating voltage | D. C. resistance | $\begin{aligned} & \text { current } \\ & \text { consump- } \end{aligned}$ fion | operating voltage | $\begin{gathered} \text { current } \\ \text { consump- } \\ \text { tion } \end{gathered}$ | operating voltage | $\begin{aligned} & \text { current } \\ & \text { consump- } \end{aligned}$ tion |
|  | $\checkmark$ | ohm | mA | $\checkmark$ | mA | $\checkmark$ | mA |
| KLD 4701 | 1.5-3 | 7 | 89-140 | 3-5.5 | 100-180 | 5-6.5 | 140-210 |
| KLD 4702 | 2.5-4.5 | 27 | 44-66 | 4.5-10 | 45-85 | 10-14 | 75-100 |
| KLD 4703 | 4-6 | 50 | 42-56 | 8-11 | 50-65 | 11-15 | 60-80 |
| KLD 4704 | 8-12 | 190 | 16-22 | 13-16 | 25-35 | 19-21 | 28-35 |
| KLD 4705 | 18-24 | 475* | 20-23 | 21-31 | 27-37 | 31-46 | 30-42 |
| KLD 4706 | 30-40 | 475* | 16-21 | 35-45 | 24-31 | 45-60 | 26-33 |
| KLD 4707 | 40-60 | 475* | 16-22 | 45-60 | 23-30 | 60-75 | 27-32 |
| KLD 4708 | 110 | 475* | 22 | 110 | 22 | 110 | 22 |
| KLD 4709 | 220 | 475* | 22 | 220 | 22 | 220 | 22 |
| KLD 4710 | 60-80 | 475* | 20-25 | 65-80 | 25-30 | 80-100 | 25-30 |

* Taking account of 5000 ohm spark quenching shunt


## RA 3001/12-RA 3200/220 Slow-striking bells



RA 3001/12-RA 3200/220

These bells, which are slow-striking, are employed for the same purposes as $K L D 2502-K L D ~ 2504$, but for cases where extra loud signals are required or where the bells are to be connected to the mains.

The bells are rain-proof and may be mounted outdoors. The frame and gong are of enamelled cast-iron, the gong diameter is 237 mm . The rate of strike is about $140 / \mathrm{min}$.

When connecting these bells to telephone instruments the relay $K F A 1301$ is employed, if it is desired to take the current for the bell's operation from the mains.

When connecting RA 3001/12, care should be taken that the line resistance does not exceed 4 ohms, equivalent to a double line with $1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ wires and 200 m long. The corresponding figures for RA 3001/24 are 25 ohms and 1200 m .

## Dimensions:

height 457 mm , width 237 mm , depth 125 mm , weight 10.9 kg .

|  | nature of <br> current | opera- <br> ting <br> voltage | D. C. <br> resistance | current <br> consump- <br> tion |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | V |  |  |
| RA $3001 / 12$ | universal | 12 | 7 | ohm |
| RA $3001 / 24$ | universal | 24 | 29 | 200 |
| RA $3001 / 110$ | D. C. | 110 | 1200 | 100 |
| RA 3001/220 | D. C. | 220 | 3400 | 55 |
| RA 3100/110 | A. C. | 110 | 1200 | 65 |
| RA 3200/220 | A. C. | 220 | 3200 | 60 |

## BUZZERS WITH AUTOMATIC INTERRUPTER

The buzzers are employed when signals distinct from ordinary bells are required.


KLG 1101, KLG 1106


KLG 1151, KLG 1156

## KLG 1101—KLG 1156 Buzzers for D. C.

The pitch of these buzzers may be varied by means of two screws which regulate the contact pressure and the distance between the magnet poles and armature. The contacts are of platinum.

KLG 1101, KLG 1106 are without base-plate or case. KLG 1151, KLG 1156 have round base-plate of insulating material with two connecting clamps and grey enamelled brass case.

## Dimensions :

for KLG 1151, KLG 1156 diameter 43 mm , depth 35 mm , weight 0.05 kg .

| without <br> base-plate <br> and case | replacing | with <br> base-plate <br> and case | replacing | D. <br> operating <br> voltage | resist- <br> ance | current <br> consump- <br> tion |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | V | ohm | mA |
| KLG 1101 | RC 5010/3 | KLG 1151 | RC $5011 / 3$ | 2 | 2 | 85 |
| KLG 1106 | RC 5010/24 | KLG 1156 | RC 5011/24 | 24 | 300 | 25 |

## KLG 1201—KLG 1257 Buzzers for D. C.

These buzzers resemble KLG 1101-KLG 1156 but are larger and give louder signals.

KLG 1201 - KLG 1207 are without base-plate or case.
KLG 1251 has rectangular base-plate of insulating material.

KLG 1252-KLG 1257 have round base-plate and grey enamelled brass case.

## Dimensions:

for KLG 1252-KLG 1257 diameter 58 mm , depth 45 mm , weight 0.12 kg .

| without <br> base-plate <br> and case | replacing | with <br> base-plate <br> and case | replacing | ( <br> operating <br> voltage | resist- <br> ance | current <br> consump- <br> tion |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | V | ohm | mA |
| KLG 1201* | - | KLG 1251** | - | 3 | 2 | 100 |
| KLG 1202 | RC 5020/3 | KLG 1252 | RC 5021/3 | 3 | 2 | 100 |
| KLG 1203 | - | KLG 1253 | - | 4.5 | 9 | 63 |
| KLG 1207 | RC 5020/24 | KLG 1257 | RC 5021/24 | 24 | 300 | 30 |

[^2]
## HOODS, GONGS ETC. FOR BELLS



KLV 1001


KLV 1002


## HOODS FOR BELLS

## KLV 1001, KLV 1002 Hoods

These hoods are used as protection for polarized bells mounted outdoors.

The hoods are of grey enamelled sheet-iron and are mounted direct on the wall. For fixing three screws are required and these must be ordered separately.

KLV 1001 is intended for KLA 1201-KLA 1307 or KLA 6201-KLA 6307.

## Dimensions:

length 300 mm , height 221 mm , depth 129 mm , weight 0.6 kg .

KLV 1002 is intended for KLA $1401-K L A 1407$ or KLA 6401-KLA 6407.

## Dimensions:

length 260 mm , height 243 mm , depth 190 mm , weight 0.77 kg .

## GONGS FOR BELLS

## O-4951-239687/1 Gongs

These gongs are used for bells of telephone instrinments and for supplementary bells.

Round gongs from 58 to 64 mm diameter in execution 1 (see table) may be had in two tones and are mounted in pairs of one gong with low tone and another with high tone. The fixing hole on the gong is placed eccentrically so that the position of the gong may be adjusted in relation to the gong clapper.


146424/1


132931


131388/2


200182/1-2

Execution of gongs 1-8

Other gongs are made with only one tone and with the fixing hole in the middle.
$131388 / 2$ is a sheep gong which emits a distinctive sound, appreciably different from the sounds of other bells.

200182/1-2 are oval gongs, specially designed for portable telephone instruments.

Dimensions:
see table and dimension sketches.


|  | replacing | ex-ecution | material and surface finish | pitch | A | B | C | D | E | weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | kg |
| 0-4951 | - | 1 | nickel- | low | 58 | - | 20.5 | 1.5 | 4.92 | 0.050 |
| 0-4952 | - | 1 | plated brass, unpolished | high | 58 | - | 20.5 | 1.75 | 4.92 | 0.052 |
| 138543/1 | RB 70/1 | 1 | nickel- | low | 64 | - | 22 | 1.5 | 4.3 | 0.062 |
| 138543/3 | RB 70/2 | 1 | plated brass, unpolished | high | 64 | - | 22 | 1.75 | 4.3 | 0.065 |
| 138543/2 | RB 70/3 | 1 | nickel- | low | 64 | - | 22 | 1.5 | 4.3 | 0.062 |
| 138543/4 | RB 70/4 | 1 | plated brass | high | 64 | - | 22 | 1.75 | 4.3 | 0.065 |


|  | replacing | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ex- } \\ & \text { ecu- } \\ & \text { tion } \end{aligned}$ | material and surface finish | pitch | A | B | C | D | E | weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | kg |
| 138543/7 | - | 1 | oxidized | low | 64 | - | 22 | 1.5 | 4.3 | 0.062 |
| 138543/8 | - | 1 | brass | high | 64 | - | 22 | 1.75 | 4.3 | 0.065 |
| 126919* | RB 71 | 2 | nickelplated brass | - | 64 | - | 22 | 1.5 | 4.15 | 0.062 |
| 232369 * | - | 3 | nickelplated iron | - | 77 | - | 25 | 1.25 | 6.25 | 0.080 |
| 146424/1 | RB 622 | 4 | nickelplated brass | - | 108 | - | 37 | 2 | 6.2 | 0.230 |
| 239687/1 | - | 1 | iron | - | 115 | - | 33 | 1.3 | 6 | 0.240 |
| 132931 | RB 722 | 5 | blackenamelled iron | - | 150 | - | 53.6 | 4 | 10.5 | 0.900 |
| $131388 / 2$ | RB 1010 | 6 | bronze | - | 108 | 92 | 102.5 | 2 | 7 | 0.600 |
| 200182/1 | - | 7 | nickel- | - | 44 | 29 | 26 | 1 | - | 0.030 |
| 200182/2 | - | 8 | plated brass, unpolished | - | 44 | 29 | 26 | 1 | - | 0.030 |

* can also be obtained in light-polished wood


## SUPPORTS FOR BELLS

## 146425-146427 Gong supports

These gong supports are employed for attaching the gongs on bells KLA 1201 - KLA 1407 and KLA 6301KLA 6407.
The gong supports are of galvanized iron.
146425 is used with gongs $137543 / 1-137543 / 8$.


146425

Fixing requires one nut 137386 and one nut G3 P J03, which must be ordered separately.

Dimensions:
see dimension sketch; weight 0.011 kg .


146426



126921


189902

146426 is used with gong 146424/1.
Fixing requires one screw 190002, one nut G0 P J03 and two washers $146429 / 1$, which must be ordered separately.

## Dimensions:

see dimension sketch: weight 0.28 kg .
146427 is used with sheep gong 131388/2.
In the upper end it has a pin corresponding to a hole in the gong.
Fixing requires one screw 189902, one nut G0 P J03 one washer 146429/1 and one washer 146430/1, and these must be ordered separately.

Dimensions:
see dimension sketch; weight 0.1 kg .

SCREWS, NUTS AND WASHERS FOR BELLS 126921, 189902, 190002 Screws

126921 is used for fixing the gongs on extension switches DAV 1001, DAV 1002.
The screw is of nickel-plated brass.

## Dimensions:

length 10 mm , span of jaw 9 mm , screw length 5.5 mm , thread G3, weight 0.003 kg .

189902 is used for fixing the gongs on bells KLA 1401
-KLA 1407 and KLA 6401-KLA 6407.
The screw is of dull nickel-plated brass.
Dimensions:
length 19.5 mm , span of jaw 13 mm , screw length 13 mm , thread G00, weight 0.011 kg .


190002

190002 is used for fixing the gongs on bells KLA 1301 -KLA 1307 and KLA 6301-KLA 6307.

The screw is of nickel-plated brass.

## Dimensions:

length 14.5 mm , span of jaw 12 mm , screw length 9 mm , thread G0, weight 0.007 kg .

## 137386, 137386/2 Nuts

These nuts are employed for fixing the gongs on A.C. bells.

137386 is used for bells KLA 1201-KLA 1207, KLA 6201-KLA 6207 and telephone instruments DAS 1001, DAS 1101 etc., which have nickel-plated gongs.
The nut is of nickel-plated brass.
$137386 / 2$ is used for instruments DAN 1002, DBT 2001, etc., which have oxidized gongs.
The nut is of oxidized brass.
Dimensions:
span of jaw 10.5 mm , height 7.5 mm , thread G3, weight 0.005 kg .

## 146429/1, 146430/1 Washers

These washers are employed as tightening washers for gong supports of bells KLA 1301-KLA 1407 and KLA 6301-KLA 6407.

The washers are of galvanized iron.
146429/1 has round hole, 6.2 mm .
$146430 / 1$ has oblong hole, $6.2 \times 10.2 \mathrm{~mm}$.
Dimensions:
diameter 16 mm , thickness 1.5 mm , weight 0.002 kg .

## JUNCTION BOXES, WALL TERMINALS, TAPPINGS, TERMINAL BLOCKS, TERMINAL CLAMPS, ETC.

JUNCTION BOXES

NEC 6001, NEC 6002 Junction boxes
(replacing HM 160/10, HM 160/20)
These boxes are mainly designed for use in intercommunication telephone systems with up to 20 extensions connected.

The boxes consist of a base-plate of grey enamelled sheet-iron which is attached to the wall by means of two screws. A terminal block of insulating material, protected by a cover of grey enamelled sheet-iron is fitted to this base. Along each side of the terminal block are open grooves to take the cables. The sides of these grooves have slots to guide the wires.

The terminal clamps are placed a little diagonal to each other in order to facilitate connection. The upper parts of the clamps have special screws and washers, the latter furnished with a guiding tongue, which prevents the washers from slipping round and locks the frame of the clamp to the terminal block. When the connecting screw is loosened the washer moves up with the screw thus facilitating the insertion of the wire under the washer. In addition the washers have bent-over edges to prevent the wires from slipping out sideways. The junction boxes will take four cables, two being laid on either side.

Fixing screws must be ordered separately.


## Dimensions:

width 52 mm , depth 39 mm , height and weight as per table.

|  | two-wire <br> lines | number of <br> terminals | height | weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | mm | kg |
| NEC 6001 | 10 | $20+6$ | 178 | 0.49 |
| NEC 6002 | 20 | $40+6$ | 295 | 0.82 |



NEF 1002


125813


125812

## WALL TERMINALS FOR TABLE TELEPHONE INSTRUMENTS

## NEF 1002—NEF 1025 Wall terminals

These wall terminals are employed for the connection of table telephone instruments.
The terminals are of insulating material with cover of enamelled sheet-iron. Springing ensures that the cover sits firmly on the terminal block. The terminals are made with various numbers of connecting strips and screws, see table.
Fixing requires only one wood screw Trskr No. 10$13 / 4^{\circ} K S J 03$, which is supplied with the terminal.

## Dimensions:

height 63.5 mm , width 45 mm , depth 25 mm , weight 0.07 kg .

|  | replacing | colour | placing of the connecting strips | $\begin{gathered} \text { number of } \\ \text { connecting strips } \end{gathered}$ |  | number of connecting screws |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | short | long |  |
|  |  |  |  | 125813 | 125812 | G5 D5 M05 |
| NEF 1002 | RK 8000/2 | black | $\begin{array}{lll}20 & 0084 \\ 100 & 003\end{array}$ | 4 | 2 | 8 |
| NEF 1003 | RK 8000/3 | black | [2008004 | 4 | - | 8 |


|  | replacing | colour | placing of the connecting strips | number of connecting strips |  | number of connecting screws |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | short | long |  |
|  |  |  |  | 125813 | 125812 | G5 D5 M05 |
| NEF 1004 | RK 8000/4 | black | $\begin{aligned} & 2000004 \\ & 1000003 \end{aligned}$ | 5 | 1 | 10 |
| NEF 1005 | RK 8000/5 | black | $\begin{aligned} & 2000004 \\ & 1000003 \end{aligned}$ | 4 | 1 | 10 |
| NEF 1006 | RK 8000/6 | black | $\begin{aligned} & 2000004 \\ & 1000003 \end{aligned}$ | 5 | - | 10 |
| NEF 1007 | RK 8000/7 | black | $\begin{array}{ll} 200 & 4 \\ 100 & 3 \end{array}$ | 2 | - | 4 |
| NEF 1008 | RK 8000/8 | black |  | 5 | 2 | 10 |
| NEF 1009 | RK 8000/9 | black | $\left[\begin{array}{ll} 200 & 004 \\ 100 & 003 \end{array}\right.$ | 4 | 1 | 8 |
| NEF 1010 | RK 8000/10 | black | $\begin{aligned} & 2000004 \\ & 1000003 \end{aligned}$ | 6 | - | 10 |
| NEF 1011 | - | black | $\begin{array}{ll} 200 & 004 \\ 100 & 003 \end{array}$ | 4 | 1 | 8 |
| NEF 1012 | - | black | $\begin{aligned} & 2000004 \\ & 1000003 \end{aligned}$ | 2 | - | 10 |
| NEF 1022 | - | white | $\begin{array}{ll} 200 & 004 \\ 100 & 003 \end{array}$ | 4 | 2 | 8 |
| NEF 1023 | - | white | $\begin{array}{ll}200 & 004 \\ 100 & 003\end{array}$ | 4 | - | 8 |
| NEF 1025 | - | white | $\begin{aligned} & 2000004 \\ & 1000003 \end{aligned}$ | 4 | 1 | 10 |

## NEF 1101 Wall terminal



NEF 1101


302381

This terminal is employed for the connection of table telephone instrument DAH 9001.

The case and frame of the terminal is of grey enamelled sheet-iron. The terminal block, which has twelve screw clamps, is of black insulating material. It is mounted moveably between two metal guides, so that it can be swung out for connecting the cable. There is a catch to hold the block in normal position. Ordinarily the terminal is supplied with unlabelled terminal block. If labelling is required, this must be stated when ordering.

The connecting strip 302381, to go between two screw clamps, may be ordered separately.

Fixing requires two wood screws Trskr No. 8-11/2" $K S ~ J 03$, which are included.

## Dimensions:

length 134 mm , width 57 mm , depth 39 mm , weight 0.32 kg .

## NEF 1201 Wall terminal



This terminal is employed for connecting telephone instruments DEK 9001 and $D E K 9002$.

The case and frame of the terminal is of grey enamelled sheet-iron. The terminal block, which is of insulating material, has fourteen connecting clamps numbered 1-14. The connecting clamps have screws for incoming cable and soldering tabs for the instrument cord.

Fixing requires two wood screws Trskr No. 8-1/2. $K S ~ J 03$, which are included.

## Dimensions:

length 134 mm , width 57 mm , depth 39 mm , wight 0.23 kg .


NEG 1005, NEG 1007


NEG 1007, NEG 2004


NEG 1301


NEG 2003, NEG 2004

## NEG 1005—NEG 2004 Wall terminals

(NEG 1005 replacing NEG 1001, NEG 1007 replacing NEG 1003, NEG 2003 replacing NEG 2001, NEG 2004 replacing NEG 2002.)
These terminals are employed for connection of table telephone instruments.

NEG 1005, which is three-pole, is of black insulating material and designed for wall mounting.
NEG 1007 resembles NEG 1005 but has a break contact actuated by one of the plug points, see diagram. A suitable plug is RPT 1002.
Fixing requires two wood screws Trskr No. 7-1" KS M05, which are included.

## Dimensions:

diameter 60 mm , depth 36 mm , weight 0.08 kg .
NEG 1301, which is six-pole, is of black insulating material and designed for wall mounting. The contact sockets are arranged unsymmetrically, thus making the plugs not interchangeable. A suitable plug is RPT 1301. Fixing requires two wood screws Trskr No. 7-1* KS M05 which are included.

Dimensions:
length 68 mm , width 57 mm , depth 35 mm , weight 0.1 kg .

NEG 2003, which is three-pole, is of black insulating material and designed for mounting in 70 mm inset box NPH 4002.
NEG 2004 resembles NEG 2003 but has a break contact actuated by one of the plug points, see diagram. A suitable plug is RPT 1002.
The wall terminal has claw attachment to fit the inset box.

## Dimensions:

diameter 90 mm , depth 44 mm , weight 0.15 kg .

## TAPPINGS

## PR 501, PR 520 Tappings

These tappings are employed for the connection of head-gear receivers RLD 3403 etc.

PR 501

PR 520

PR 501 is intended for wall mounting and has a jack. The tapping has base-plate of insulating material and case of black lacquered brass, as also screw clamps for connecting. For fixing there are two 4.5 mm holes in the base-plate.
Fixing screws must be ordered separately.

## Dimensions:

diameter 56 mm , height 31 mm , weight 0.1 kg .
PR 520 is designed for flush mounting and has a jack. It has front plate of black insulating material and soldering tabs for connecting. The tapping has claw attachment to fit 60 mm inset box.

The inset box must be ordered separately.

## Dimensions:

diameter 72 mm , weight 0.05 kg .

## TERMINAL BLOCKS

## NEM 1001—NEM 1082 Terminal blocks



NEM 1001

These terminal blocks are employed in telephone instruments, manual switchboards etc.
The blocks are of insulating material with terminal clamps of white boiled brass. The terminal clamps have screws above and soldering strips below. For fixing the holes which hold no terminal clamps are used.

A suitable label frame is 207827, which is placed in one of the empty holes of the block. The label frame may also be placed in the same hole as a fixing screw. For fixing there can only be used screws with not more
than 6.5 mm head and not more than 3.75 mm screw diameter.

For fixing there are required in some cases the addition of distance tubes under each screw. The length of the distance tubes, i. e., the distance from the block to the base, may vary. The most common distance tubes are:


200212/8-12

200212/8;* L $=15 \mathrm{~mm}$, 200212/11 L $=21 \mathrm{~mm}$, 200212 $/ 12 \mathrm{~L}=18.5 \mathrm{~mm}$.

* used in switchboards type ABH 15 and ADE 10

Fixing screws and distance tubes are to be ordered separately.

## Dimensions:

length see table; width 21.5 mm , thickness 10 mm for the block, weight with 20 clamps 0.08 kg .

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { num- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | terminal clamps placing | length |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NEM 1001 | 20 |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{mm} \\ 131.5 \end{gathered}$ |
| NEM 1002 | 10 |  | 131.5 |
| NEM 1003 | 22 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 <br> 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 | 131.5 |
| NEM 1004 | 13 | $\begin{array}{\|llllllllll\|} \hline-0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 131.5 |
| NEM 1005 | 10 |  | 131.5 |
| NEM 1006 | 22 |  | 131.5 |
| NEM 1007 | 16 | $\begin{aligned} & 0808008080 \\ & 080 \\ & 0 \end{aligned} 0008000$ | 131.5 |
| NEM 1008 | 21 | $\begin{array}{llll} \hline 00008008000 \\ 000000000000 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 131.5 |
| NEM 1009 | 22 |  | 131.5 |


|  | number | terminal clamps placing | length |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NEM 1023 | 16 | 0808080880 008088080 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{mm} \\ 109.5 \end{gathered}$ |
| NEM 1024 | 18 |  | 109.5 |
| NEM 1025 | 12 |  | 109.5 |
| NEM 1031 | 16 | 0 0 8 8 8 8 <br> 0 8 8 0 8  | 98.5 |
| NEM 1032 | 14 |  | 98.5 |
| NEM 1033 | 9 |  | 98.5 |
| NEM 1034 | 9 |  | 98.5 |
| NEM 1035 | 16 |  | 98.5 |
| NEM 1036 | 16 | $\begin{array}{\|lllllll\|} \hline 80 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0000 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 98.5 |
| NEM 1042 | 12 | 080 <br> 0080808000 | 87.5 |
| NEM 1043 | 8 | $\begin{array}{lllllll\|} \hline 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & - & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$ | 87.5 |
| NEM 1044 | 6 |  | 87.5 |
| NEM 1045 | 14 | $\begin{array}{llllll\|} \hline 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 87.5 |
| NEM 1051 | 10 | 8888880 <br> 0888880 | 76.5 |
| NEM 1052 | 6 |  | 76.5 |
| NEM 1061 | 10 | 08 0 8 8 8  <br> 0 8 0 8 8  | 65.5 |
| NEM 1062 | 4 | $0 \cdot 0000$ | 65.5 |
| NEM 1063 | 8 | $\begin{array}{lllll\|} \hline 0 & 8 & 8 & 8 & 0 \\ -8 & 8 & 0 & 8 & 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 65.5 |
| NEM 1071 | 6 | $\begin{array}{lllll} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$ | 54.5 |
| NEM 1081 | 6 | $\begin{array}{llll} \hline 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 43.5 |
| NEM 1082 | 4 | $\begin{array}{lll\|} \hline 080 \\ 088 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 43.5 |

## NEM 1101, NEM 1102 Terminal blocks



NEM 1101


NEM 1102

These terminal blocks are employed in telephone instruments, bells etc.

The blocks are of black insulating material and have two terminal clamps of white boiled brass. The terminal clamps are designed for soldering and screw connection. There is a 2.6 mm hole for fixing. The blocks have a projection underneath which prevents twisting.

NEM 1101 has both soldering tags on one side.
NEM 1102 has one soldering tag at each end.
Fixing requires one screw, which must be ordered separately.

## Dimensions:

length of block 28.5 mm , width 11 mm , height 8.5 $\mathrm{mm} ; 0.008 \mathrm{~kg}$.

## NEM 1111 Terminal block



NEM 1111

This terminal block is employed in telephone instruments etc.
The block is of black insulating material and has four terminal clamps of white boiled brass. The terminal clamps are made for soldering and screw connection. The screw clamps are labelled $1,2,3,4$. In addition there is in the middle of the block a recess for a paper label. For fixing there are two countersunk 2.9 mm holes.
Fixing requires two screws, which must be ordered separately.

## Dimensions:

the length of the block is 40 mm , width 16 mm , height 9 mm ; weight 0.016 kg .

NEN 5201, NEN 5202 Terminal blocks with screw connections


NEN 5201


NEN 5202

These terminal blocks are chiefly used in conjunction with fuse blocks NFS 1201 fitted in rows, for the connection of the feed lines.
The terminal blocks are in black insulating material with two or four socket terminals.
The section of the terminal blocks is shaped for fitting in the same fixing devices as are used for fuse blocks, see also under NFS 1201. Individual blocks may be fitted in mounting frames NBH 7001 on any flat bases.

|  | number of <br> terminals | length | width | height | weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | mm | mm | mm |
| NEN 5201 | $4^{*}$ | 39.7 | 15.9 | 15.5 | 0.025 |
| NEN 5202 | $2 * *$ | 39.7 | 15.9 | 22.3 | 0.050 |

* To each terminal one line not exceeding $1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ in area can be connected
** To each terminal one line not exceeding $16 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ in area and two lines not exceeding $1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ in area can be connected

NEN 5301 Terminal block with screw terminals
This terminal block is of black insulating material and is furnished with eleven screw terminals cast in.

## Dimensions:

length 103 mm , width 14 mm , thickness with terminals 11 mm , distance between fixing holes 95 mm , weight 0.04 kg .

NEN 6001—NEN 6052 Terminal blocks with screw terminals

These terminal blocks are in ceramic material, with double screw terminals.

NEN 6051 and NEN 6052 are provided with fixing stirrups of grey enamelled sheet iron.


NEN 6052


NEN 6103


NEN 6201 and NEN 6202 on holder 253677/4

|  | replacing | pairs | length | width | height | weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | mm | mm | mm |
| NEN 6001 | - | 1 | 38 | 24.5 | 17 | 0.04 |
| NEN 6002 | - | 2 | 38 | 46.5 | 17 | 0.07 |
| NEN 6011 | - | 1 | 34 | 23.5 | 16 | 0.03 |
| NEN 6051 | ND 520/1 | 1 | 67 | 24.5 | 28 | 0.05 |
| NEN 6052 | ND 520/2 | 2 | 67 | 46.5 | 28 | 0.10 |

NEN 6102-NEN 6104 Terminal blocks with screw terminals

These terminal blocks consist of ceramic blocks carrying a row of strong double screw terminals.

|  | pairs | length | width | height | weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | mm | mm | mm | kg |
| NEN 6102 | 2 | 80 | 24 | 18 | 0.075 |
| NEN 6103 | 3 | 108 | 24 | 18 | 0.120 |
| NEN 6104 | 4 | 137 | 24 | 18 | 0.140 |

## NEN 6201—NEN 6261 Row blocks

Row blocks are terminal blocks which are chiefly used assembled into block rows of various lengths. Unlike most of the other terminal blocks described in the catalogue these row blocks may be used not only in low tension but also in high tension plants for a maximum of 380 V indicated tension.

All row blocks are built on exactly the same ceramic base, which is intended for two terminal clips.

In NEN 6201 and NEN 6202 the ceramic base is provided with jacket sheath terminals, for line areas not exceeding $4 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ or $3 \times 4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ or $2 \times 6 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$,


NEN 6202


NEN 6251


NEN 6261
which may be screwed in tight with a screw-driver (or by hand).

In NEN 6251 the ceramic bases are provided with nut wedge terminals for not more than $3 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ or $2 \times 4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ line area, which may be screwed tight with a spanner (or by hand).

In NEN 6261 the ceramic blocks are provided with screw terminals for conductors not more than 1.5 mm .

To fix and join up in rows, special galvanized iron holders as per table below are used. The holders have different numbers of 3.4 mm fixing holes at intervals of 14 mm , suitable for dome-headed fixing screws, e. g., wood screw Trskr No. 5.

Both holders and fixing screws are to be ordered separately.

|  | length | width | height |  | weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | max. | min. |  |  |
|  | mm | mm | mm | mm | kg |
| NEN 6201 | 28 | 13.5 | 35.5 | 28 | 0.019 |
| NEN 6202 | 28 | 13.5 | 35.5 | 28 | 0.023 |
| NEN 6251 | 28 | 13.5 | 27.0 | 24 | 0.018 |
| NEN 6261 | 28 | 13.5 | 21.0 | 17 | 0.012 |

Table of holders for row blocks NEN 6201 - NEN 6261.

| holder | length | width | for max. <br> number of <br> row blocks | with <br> number of <br> fixing holes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | mm | mm |  |  |
| $253677 / 2$ | 28 | 14.5 | 1 | 2 |
| $253677 / 4$ | 56 | 14.5 | 2 | 4 |
| $253677 / 6$ | 84 | 14.5 | 3 | 6 |
| $253677 / 8$ | 112 | 14.5 | 4 | 8 |
| $253677 / 10$ | 140 | 14.5 | 5 | 10 |



NEP 1001


NEP 1002


NEP 1003


NEP 1004


NEP 1001—NEP 1018 Terminal blocks with soldering tags

These terminal blocks are employed for the connection of manual switchboards and other purposes.

The terminal blocks are of black insulating material with soldering tag of white boiled brass, with one or two soldering holes at each end. NEP 1001, which is employed in manual switchboards $A B K 14-A B K 19$, has a hole to fit number peg 134521, which must be ordered separately, stating the numbering desired.

NEP 1001 has two fixing holes located on the same side as the soldering tags.
NEP 1002 has two fixing holes on both sides.
NEP 1003-NEP 1018 have three fixing holes, the distances apart of which are given in the table (by the two measurements).

Fixing screws must be ordered separately.
Dimensions: see table.

## NER 1001 Filling blocks



NER 1001

This block is used for filling up empty spaces in a row of fuse blocks NFS 1201. It is of black insulating material.

Dimensions:
length 39.7 mm , width 15.9 mm , height 10 mm , weight 0.009 kg .

## LABEL FRAMES FOR TERMINAL BLOCKS

## 207827 Label frame

207827

This label frame is employed on terminal blocks NEM 1001 etc.

The frame is of white boiled sheet-brass with label card 215087 whitec cartoon. When ordering, the numbering desired should be stated.

The label frame is held firm by its spring.

## Dimensions:

length 8 mm , width 7.2 mm , height 4 mm , weight per 100: 0.025 kg .

## TERMINAL CLAMPS

These terminal clamps are employed for the connection of lines for various purposes.

The clamps are of white boiled brass and have two terminal screws and a hole for fixing.

Fixing requires one screw, which must be ordered separately.

## $0-728 / 1-237591$ Terminal clamps



# VOLTAGE PROTECTOR COMPONENTS, CURRENT CUT-OUT COMPONENTS, PROTECTORS, TUBULAR FUSES, FUSE WIRES ETC. 

## PROTECTORS

NFS 1001, NFS 1011 Protectors for tubular fuses, with alarm device

These protectors are used at telephone exchanges to protect a group of connecting devices.
The apparatus consists of a block of insulating material with two knife-holders for one tubular fuse NGH $7005-$ NGH 7015 and has an alarm spring assembly which, on operation of the fuse, is actuated by a contact device projecting from the fuse closing an alarm circuit. There are screw clamps for the operating circuit and the alarm circuit.

The protectors are supplied without the tubular fuses, and these must be ordered separately.


NFS 1001, with fubular fuse NGH 7005

NFS 1001 is especially designed for racks in the automatic system OS. It is mounted on the minus line consisting of a 12 mm copper tube and common to the panel rack. For this purpose the protector is mounted on a contact plate by a fixing clip. The contact plate is connected with the knife-holder that supports the contact device, whereby the alarm circuit on operation is fed from one pole of the common current source.

## Dimensions:

length 83 mm , width 40 mm , height 53 mm , weight 0.13 kg .


NFS 1011


NFS 1011

## NFS 1201 Fuse block with insulated alarm



NFS 1201


Fig. 2. NFS 1201 with fuse NGM 1002 fitted on NBH 7001

NFS 1011 is employed in both manual and automatic telephone plants. It has two 3 mm fixing holes, suitable for e.g. wood screws Trskr No. 4-3/4" KS M05 and can be mounted on a flat base.

In this protector the alarm circuit is insulated from the operating circuit.

Fixing screws must be ordered separately.

## Dimensions:

length 83 mm , width 30 mm , height 35 mm , weight 0.06 kg .


Fig. 3. Fuse, terminal and filling blocks on mounting frame NBH 7110


Fig. 4. Mounting of NFS 1201 on rack plate


Fig. 5. Example of connecting diagram for a group NFS 1201. $\mathrm{AB}-\mathrm{n}=$ instruments that are to be protected


NFS 1301—NFS 1303

The section of the fuse block is shaped for mounting in the same fixing devices as are used for similar fuse blocks of older design 147123. The fuse block can therefore be mounted in rows in rectangular recesses on the rack plates by means of fixing pieces 402544 and screws $F S-2.6 \times 6.5 \mathrm{M} 05$, it being suitable also to use label strips 402545 and label slips 402546 with label protector 402547, fig. 4. Or they may be mounted on any flat base in the mounting frames NBH 7001, fig. 2, in case of single examples, and NBH 7110, fig. 3 , when it is a question of groups of 10 or, by special request, even other numbers of fuse blocks.

To protect the parts under tension from being tampered with, each fuse may be provided with a cover 232683 of transparent insulating material.

The outer feed lines for operating and for alarm current circuits in a row of fuse blocks can be conveniently connected to terminal blocks NEN 5201 and NEN 5202. Any unoccupied places in such a row may be filled up by filling blocks NER 1001.All these blocks have the same section as the fuse blocks. See also fig. 3.

The fuse block NFS 1201 is supplied without the fuses NGM 1001-NGM 1006, without covers and without fixing devices. These parts should therefore be ordered separately, as also any terminal and filling blocks.

Weight: 0.009 kg .

## NFS 1301—NFS 1303 Fuse devices

These fuse devices are of insulating material and made for single hole fixing. They are provided with fuse head 239621 and have two soldering tags for connection of the lines. The fuse devices are suitable for the most usual tube fuses with dimensions $5 \times 20,5 \times 25,5 \times 30$ mm .


By means of a special spring device in the fuse head the tubular fuse is given a spring fixing. The fuse head does not come loose with vibration.

|  | L | weight <br> per 100 | suitable for <br> fubular fuses <br> with dimensions |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | mm 1301* | 32 | kg |
| NFS 1302 | 37 | 1.60 | mm |
| NFS 1303 | 42 | 1.65 | $5 \times 20$ |

*Suitable for fubular fuses NGH 25 and others

## 239621 Fuse head

This fuse head fits fuse devices NFS 1301—NFS 1303.
The fuse head, which is of insulating material, has a slot for screwdriver and cast flutings which provide a better grip if the head is to be taken out by hand.

The fuse head is provided with spring device for holding tubular fuses.

## Dimensions:

length 19 mm , diameter 14 mm , weight per 100: 0.5 kg .

NFS 2001—NFS 2012 Protectors for fuse wires, with alarm device

These protectors are employed in automatic and manual telephone exchanges etc. as half-individual fuses, placed between a common current source and different organ, fed by the current source.

The protectors consist of a base of insulating material with one common and ten individual spring holders for ten fuse wires NGK 1001-NGK 1005. When a fuse wire is blown, a circuit from the common current feed is closed over an alarm bar. The alarm bar may



NFS 2001-NFS 2012


NFS 2001-NFS 2012, section


NFS 2001


NES 1001


NES 1002
be in one piece or divided up by insulating stops, thus obtaining one or more alarm groups. The fuse wires are protected by a hood of transparent insulating material. For fixing there are two 4 mm holes, suitable for e.g., wood screws Trskr No. 6-11/4" KS M05.

For connecting, the individual spring holes have screw and soldering contacts, the common spring hole screw contacts and the alarm bar connecting nuts.

For joining up a number of protectors, terminal strip NES 1001 is used for the common spring holes and NES 1002 for the alarm bars. Cable lug 300307 is used for connecting the minus wire to the common spring hole.

Fuse wires, terminal strip, cable lug and fixing screws must be ordered separately.

Dimensions:
length 73 mm , width $33 * 5 \mathrm{~mm}$, height 50 mm , weight 0.11 kg .

|  | a I arm bar |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | execution <br> number of <br> fuses |  |
| NFS 2001 | undivided <br> divided <br> divided | 10 <br> NFS 2011 <br> NFS 2012 |

CONNECTING STRIPS ETC. FOR PROTECTORS

NES 1001, NES 1002 Connecting strips
These connecting strips are used for joining up a number of protectors NFS 2001-NFS 2012.

They are of white boiled brass.


NES 1001


NES 1002


300307

NES 1001 is designed for joining up the spring holes connected to the common current feed.

Dimensions: see dimensions sketch, weight per 100: 0.21 kg .

NES 1002 is designed for joining up the alarm bars.
Dimensions: see dimensions sketch, weight per 100: 0.13 kg .

## 300307 Cable lug

This cable lug is used for connecting the minus wires to protectors NFS 2001 - NFS 2012. The lug is of white boiled brass.

## Dimensions:

length 15 mm , width 12 mm , weight per 100: 0.25 kg .

## VOLTAGE PROTECTOR COMPONENTS

NGA 1001 -NGA 1201 Carbon for voltage protectors
(NGA 1001, NGA 1002, NGA 1201 replace NB 2200/5, NB 2300/5 NB 2500/5 respectively.)

NGA 1001 consists of a simple carbon with flat discharge surface.

Weight per $100: 0.20 \mathrm{~kg}$.
NGA 1002 resembles NGA 1001 but is provided with fuse metal.

Weight per $100: 0.28 \mathrm{~kg}$.



NGA 1101


NGA 5001


NGC 3001

NGA 1101 is a complete voltage protector and is chiefly used in protector strips, certain protector roses etc. It consists of two carbons NGA 1001 and a mica strip NGA 5001. The parts can be furnished separately.

Breakdown voltage is about 700 V .
Weight per 100: 0.41 kg .
NGA 1102 resembles NGA 1101 but one carbon NGA 1001 is replaced by NGA 1002.
A heavy discharge fuses the metal, whereupon the line is earthed.
Weight per 100: 0.49 kg .
NGA 1201 is a complete voltage protector and is used chiefly in fuse boxes, subscriber and cable fuses etc. It consists of two carbons fluted and cemented together.

Breakdown voltage is about 700 V .
This device may without alteration of the corresponding holder be replaced by rare-gas tube NGC 3101 at an extra price.
Weight per 100: 0.44 kg .

NGA 5001 Mica for voltage protectors (replacing NB 2900/1, SA 1000)

This mica is employed as insulating layer between the carbons in voltage protectors NGA 1101 and $N G A$ 1102.

Weight per 100: 0.006 kg .

NGC 3001 Rare-gas tube with end contacts (replacing NB 3110/50)

This rare-gas tube is used as voltage protector in various fuse roses, fuse strips etc. Ignition voltage is 400
-525 V , maximum value for $50 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ sinusoidal A. C. current.
Weight per $100: 0.75 \mathrm{~kg}$.

NGC 3101 Rare-gas tube with side contacts (replacing NB 3150/11.s)

This rare-gas tube, like NGC 3001, is used as voltage protector device in fuse boxes, subscriber and cable protectors and other fuse roses.
Ignition voltage is $400-525 \mathrm{~V}$ maximum value for $50 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$ sinusoidal A. C. current.

Unlike NGC 3001, connection to the holders is not by means of end contacts which in this case are provided with insulating caps but through side contacts.
The rare-gas tube may, without alteration in the corresponding holder, replace carbon protector NGA 1201. Weight pr 100: 0.55 kg .

## CURRENT CUT-OUT COMPONENTS

NGH 1001-NGH 1003 Tubular fuses with straight fuse wire and end cap for spring operation

These tubular fuses are current cut-outs which consist of a glass tube and two mobile end caps between which a fuse wire is soldered. The tubular fuse is mounted in such a way that the fuse wire between the end caps is held stretched in a spring holder. When the wire fuses the operating current circuit is broken and at the same time the holder spring is released which closes an alarm circuit.

The indicated current of the tubular fuses is equal to the limit current, which is the maximum D. C. current intensity with which the tubular fuses can be loaded for an indefinite time without breaking.


These tubular fuses replace older tubular fuses as per table, as and when the corresponding stocks of the older ones are used up. However, the new tubes have not exactly the same electrical properties as the older ones. Thus the indicated current for the latter is not always equal to the limit current. For identification the new tubes are marked with an $» \mathrm{~A} »$ after the indicated current figure.

|  | replacing | indicated current with 125 g pull on the fuse wires | mean resistance | $\begin{aligned} & \text { weight } \\ & \text { per } 100 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | A | ohm | kg |
| NGH 1001 | NB 4010/0.9, NB 4010/1 | 1 | 0.498 | 0.20 |
| NGH 1002 | NB 4010/3 | 3 | 0.124 | 0.20 |
| NGH 1003 | NB 4010/5 | 5 | 0.082 | 0.20 |

NGH 2001—NGH 2005,
NGH 2502-NGH 2509
Tubular fuses with straight fuse wires


NGH 2001-NGH 2005


NGH 2502-NGH 2509

These tubular fuses are current protectors which consist of a glass tube and two end caps fixed on the tube, between which a fuse wire is soldered.

The tubular fuse's indicated current is equal to the limit current, which is the maximum D. C. current intensity with which the fuses can be loaded for an indefinite period without breaking.

Tubular fuses NGH 2001-NGH 2005 replace older tubular fuses as per table, as and when the corresponding older stocks are used up. The new tubular fuses have not, however, exactly the same electrical properties as the old ones. Thus the indicated current for the latter is not always exactly equal to the limit current. For identification the new fuses are marked ${ }^{*} \mathrm{~A}^{2}$ after the indicated current.


0-12412

If it is desired to shortcircuit the tubular fuses holders for tubular fuses NGH 2001-NGH 2005, there is used a shortcircuiting strip $0-12412$ (older designation : NB 4900/1) which is to be ordered separately.

|  | replacing | indicated <br> current | mean <br> resistance | weight <br> per 100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | A | ohm | kg |
| NGH 2001 | NB 4020/0.5 | 0.5 | 6.25 | 0.39 |
| NGH 2002 | NB 4020/1 | 1 | 2.54 | 0.39 |
| NGH 2003 | NB 4020/3 | 3 | 0.106 | 0.39 |
| NGH 2004 | NB 4020/5 | 5 | 0.044 | 0.39 |
| NGH 2005 | NB 4020/8 | 8 | 0.022 | 0.39 |
| NGH 2502 | - | 0.5 | 3.85 | 0.09 |
| NGH 2503 | - | 1 | 0.92 | 0.09 |
| NGH 2504 | - | 2 | 0.10 | 0.09 |
| NGH 2505 | - | 3 | 0.04 | 0.09 |
| NGH 2506 | - | 4 | 0.04 | 0.09 |
| NGH 2507 | - | 6 | 0.02 | 0.09 |
| NGH 2509 | - | 10 | 0.012 | 0.09 |

NGH 2101 Tubular fuse with straight fuse wire and end caps having holes


This tubular fuse is a current cut-out that resembles NGH 2001-NGH 2005, except that each end cap is provided with three holes. Through these the gases generated on fusing of the wire can escape and explosion of the glass tube on intense rush of current is avoided.

This tubular fuse also is marked with the limit current, 4 A , which is the same as for the corresponding older constructions NB 4023/5, which will be gradually replaced by NGH 2101. The older tubular fuse, however, has been marked 5 ampere. For identification the new tubular fuse is marked $» A »$ after the indicated current figure.

If it is desired to shortcircuit the tubular fuse holders,


NGH 2101
there is used a shortcircuiting strip $0-12412$ (older designation NB 4900/1), to be ordered separately.

| replacing | indicated <br> current | mean resistance | weight <br> per 100 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NGH 2101 | NB 4023/5 | A | ohm | kg |

## NGH 6001, NGH 6002 Tubular fuses of Bose type



NGH 6001

These current cut-out consist of a glass tube with two end caps fixed on the tube and, soldered to the caps, a fuse wire which in turn consists of two spirals of resistance wire soldered in the middle with easy fusing metal.
The indicated current of the tubular fuses is equal to the limit current which is the maximum D. C. current intensity with which the tubular fuses can be loaded for an indefinite period without breaking.
If it is desired to shortcircuit the tubular fuse holders there is used a shortcircuiting strip 0-12412 (older designation NB 4900/1), to be ordered separately.

|  | replacing | indicated <br> current | mean resistance | end caps <br> surface finish | weight <br> per 100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | A | ohm |  | kg |
| NGH 6001 | NB 4030/0.15 | 0.15 | 10.4 | tincolour | 0.41 |
| NGH 6002 | NB 4030/0.15 | 0.15 | 10.4 | black | 0.41 |

TUBULAR FUSES WITH ALARM DEVICE


NGH 7005~NGH 7015

NGH 7005-NGH 7015 Tubular fuses with alarm device

These tubular fuses are used in the protectors NFS 1001-NFS 1011.

The tubular fuses consist of a porcelain tube enclosing a straight fuse wire of silver and of two end caps shaped to form knife contacts. One of the caps is furnished with a release spring and an alarm device.

The tubular fuses are marked with the respective maximum working currents, which is the maximum D. C. tension the fuse can be loaded with for an indefinite time without breaking.

Dimensions:
see dimensions sketch, weight per $100: 1.75 \mathrm{~kg}$.

|  | max. working <br> current | diameter <br> of the fuse wire |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A | mm |
| NGH 7005 | 5 | 0.18 |
| NGH 7010 | 10 | 0.28 |
| NGH 7015 | 15 | 0.38 |

## FUSE WIRES ETC.

## NGK 1001-NGK 1005 Fuse wires

These fuse wires are used in protective devices NFS 2001 - NFS 2012. The fuse wires are provided with two washers for fixing in the protector's spring holder. The washers are marked in different colours for different limit current intensities. By limit current is meant the maximum D. C. current intensity with which the fuse wires can be loaded for an indefinite period without breaking. The fuse wires are delivered in five-piece lengths for clipping off after fixing in the spring holders.

## Dimensions:

length for five fuses 49 mm , length for one fuse 9.75 mm , washer diameter 2.5 mm , weight per 1000 : 0.07 kg .


|  | colour | indicated <br> current | mean <br> resistance |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | A | ohm |
| NGK 1001 | blue | 1 | 0.27 |
| NGK 1002 | green | 2 | 0.15 |
| NGK 1003 | yellow | 3 | 0.10 |
| NGK 1005 | red | 5 | 0.06 |

NGL 1001 -NGL 1006 Fuse coils


NGL 1001-NGL 1006

Fuse coils are current cut-outs that are fitted in spring holders so that they are subjected to a certain pull and which break the current when this has reached a determined figure and has been acting for a determined time, see table.

The fitting is frequently done in such a way that one of the holder springs after being actuated by fusing closes an alarm circuit.


0-6982


300044

If it is desired to shortcircuit the fuse coils, there is used a shortcircuiting piece ("dummy coil)) 0-6982 or a shortcircuiting strip 300044 (older designation NB $5900 / 1$ ), to be ordered separately.

|  | replacing | colour | resistance | fuses |  |  |  | weight per 100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | for | in | $\text { in } 10 \mathrm{~s}$ <br> for | not for |  |
|  |  |  | ohm | A | S | A | A | kg |
| NGL 1001 | NB 5020/8 | blue | 45-51 | 0.20 | 8 | - | 0.05 | 0.148 |
| NGL 1002 | NB 5010/30 | black | 20-27 | 0.25 | 30 | 0.35 | 0.10 | 0.145 |
| NGL 1003 | NB 5030/30 | grey | 14.5-15.5 | 0.25 | 30 | 0.50 | 0.125 | 0.145 |
| NGL 1004 | NB 5045/30 | tincolour | 5-6 | 0.50 | 30 | 0.75 | 0.34 | 0.153 |
| NGL 1005 | NB 5050/40 | green | 4.5-5.0 | 0.50 | 40 | 0.95 | 0.30 | 0.151 |
| NGL 1006 | NB 5060/12 | red | 0.12-0.15 | 5.00 | 12 | 6.00 | 1.4 | 0.163 |

## NGM 1001 -NGM 1006 Fuses with insulated alarm

The fuses have been designed on the initiative of the Swedish Telegraph Administration and are current cut-outs that are used in fuse blocks NFS 1201 for various telephone and tele-signal equipments. See under NFS 1201, page 51.

The fuse consists of a plate of insulating material provided with two contact knives for the operating current circuit, a fuse wire soldered between them and a turnable alarm angle-piece which stretches the fuse wire by means of a spiral spring. When the wire fuses and the operating current circuit is broken the alarm angle piece forces itself between the two contact strips on the fuse block, thus closing an alarm circuit. This is entirely insulated from the operating current circuit.
At the same time the changed position of the angle piece forms a visual indication that the fuse has operated.

The fuse can easily be repaired by soldering in a fresh fuse wire. The fuses' indicated current is equal to the limit current, which is the maximum D. C. current intensity with which the fuses can be loaded for an indefinite time without breaking.
To protect the tension carrying parts of the fuse from being touched there can be supplied on special order a cover 232683 in material of glass-like transparency.

Fuses for small current intensities, especially for 0.25 A , should be handled with care, as otherwise the thin fuse wires may easily be broken.

|  | indication <br> colour | indicated <br> current | mean <br> resistance | weight <br> per 100 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | A | ohm | kg |
| NGM 1001 | red | 0.25 | 3.7 | 0.3 |
| NGM 1002 | green | blue | 0.5 | 1.66 |
| NGM 1003 | black | 1 | 0.86 | 0.3 |
| NGM 1005 | brown | 5 | 0.07 | 0.3 |
| NGM 1006 |  | 0.05 | 0.3 |  |

## RELAYS

For telephone technical purposes L M Ericsson chiefly make four types of D. C. relays, these being designated RAB, RAC, RAD, RAE.
$R A B$ and $R A C$ are ordinary types.
$R A D$ is a type employed for manual switchboards.
$R A E$ is a type employed as line and cut-off relay etc. in a telephone plant.

These relays are only intended to be used for weak current and may be supplied with or without iron-sheathed coils and with or without copper choke, the latter to give longer or shorter release and energised times. The cores of the coil frame are made of two different kinds of iron: normally A-iron is used, but for relays where more rapid release time or high impedance is required, e.g., in feed relays, K-iron is used. For relays requiring especially short release time, coils with laminated cores are used as an exception. For slow-acting relays, coils with cores of A-iron are always employed.

Example of the construction of a relay RAB


The relay contacts may be loaded with a maximum intensity of 0.3 A and 50 V . However, for A. C. or when only small inductive loads occur, these figures may be somewhat exceeded.

The type designations in the tables indicate the number of windings in the coil, the number of contact spring sets and whether single or twin contacts: thus RAB 26 is a relay with two windings and one contact spring set with twin contacts.

By adding further figures for winding data etc. the different relays get complete designations, e.g., RAD 1101.

## Relays RAB 11—RAC 48

Relay $R A B$, which is the most usual, has pin armature, i.e., the armature rests on two pins, firmly attached to the edge of the relay yoke.

Relay $R A C$, which has the same dimensions as $R A B$, is fitted with cradle armature, i.e., the armature is provided with a bent piece which rests on the upper side of the relay yoke. By this arrangement the relay gets a longer release time than in the corresponding relay $R A B$.

The relays $R A B$ and $R A C$ can be fitted with only one coil. The coil can have up to four different windings. The windings are connected to a terminal block of insulating material cast into the coil frame. The terminal block has up to six soldering tags, numbered $1-6$. When a coil has three windings the first winding is connected to soldering tags 1 and 2 , the second winding to tags 3 and 4 and the third winding to tags 5 and 6 . In cases where a coil frame has four windings, two of the windings are taken together, so that some of the soldering tags are common to two windings.

The relays may be fitted with one, two or three contact spring sets RBA $1001-$ RBA 1846.



147719, case


SCE 12302

Normally these relays are supplied without case. On special request they are furnished with case 147719 , requiring also a filling up washer SCE 12302 and an insulating plate resting against it, which also serves as dust protector. The insulation plate's execution is dependent on the number of spring sets, see table below.

| dimensions* | designation | for number of spring sets | weight per 100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 147807 | for relay without spring set | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{kg} \\ 0.210 \end{gathered}$ |
|  | 147806 | for relay with one spring set | 0.185 |
|  | 147805 | for relay with two spring sets | 0.176 |
|  | 147718 | for relay with three spring sets | 0.135 |

* Other dimensions:
length 45 mm , width 33 mm , thickness 1.25 mm , diameter of hole 4.9 mm .

The cases are delivered in aluminium colour but may be had on request in black enamel or blued.

For fixing, the relay has a screw-bolt with thread G2. Nut O-128 and metal washer SCE 12301 are included.

## Dimensions:

for $R A B-R A C$ with case, length 115 mm , width 33 mm , height 51.5 mm , weight, with case and three six-spring contact spring sets and unsheathed coil, about 0.38 kg ; the case weighs about 0.06 kg .

| spring sets with single contacts | spring sets with twin contacts | number of windings | number of spring sets |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RAB 11 | RAB 16 |  | 1 |
| RAB 12 | RAB 17 | 1 | 2 |
| RAB 13 | RAB 18 |  | 3 |
| RAB 21 | RAB 26 |  | 1 |
| RAB 22 | RAB 27 | 2 | 2 |
| RAB 23 | RAB 28 |  | 3 |
| RAB 31 | RAB 36 |  | 1 |
| RAB 32 | RAB 37 | 3 | 2 |
| RAB 33 | RAB 38 |  | 3 |
| RAB 41 | RAB 46 |  | 1 |
| RAB 42 | RAB 47 | 4 | 2 |
| RAB 43 | RAB 48 |  | 3 |
| RAC 11 | RAC 16 |  | 1 |
| RAC 12 | RAC 17 | 1 | 2 |
| RAC 13 | RAC 18 |  | 3 |
| RAC 21 | RAC 26 |  | 1 |
| RAC 22 | RAC 27 | 2 | 2 |
| RAC 23 | RAC 28 |  | 3 |
| RAC 31 | RAC 36 |  | 1 |
| RAC 32 | RAC 37 | 3 | 2 |
| RAC 33 | RAC 38 |  | 3 |
| RAC 41 | RAC 46 |  | 1 |
| RAC 42 | RAC 47 | 4 | 2 |
| RAC 43 | RAC 48 |  | 3 |

## Order data for relays RAB and RAC

For enquiries and orders account must be taken of winding data, number of contact spring sets, height of pole stud, strength of operating current etc., so that particulars are required of:

1. employment (diagram);
2. operating voltage (for coil);
3. strength of current (on operating);
4. number and construction of contact spring sets and what current and voltage they are intended for;
5. height of pole stud on armature (normally it is 0.20 mm );
6. coil to be sheathed or unsheathed;
7. with or without case;

Below is given a more detailed specification of some relays type $R A B 17$.


## Relays RAD 11—RAD 49



RAD 12


RAD 14

These relays may be fitted with pin armature or cradle armature. If the relay has pin armature not more than two contact spring sets RBA 1001 - RBA 1846 may be fitted, and if it has cradle armature only one spring set.

The relays can only be fitted with one coil, which may be wound with up to four windings. They have no terminal blocks but the coil windings are connected to a tag group RBD, which is screwed on to the relay yoke.

The tag group may have up to six soldering tags, $1-6$. When a coil has three windings the first winding is connected to soldering tags 1 and 2 , the second winding to tags 3 and 4 and the third winding to tags 5 and 6 , reckoning downwards. If there are four windings in the coil then some of the soldering tags will be common to two windings.

These relays are narrower than relays $R A B-R A C$, so that they may be mounted at 25 mm centre distance one from the other. They are made without cases, as they are for mounting on a protected place inside the switchboards.

For fixing, the relay has a screw-bolt with thread G2. Nut O-128 to fit and metal washer SCE 12301 are included.

The same order data as for $R A B-R A C$ are to be given, with the exception of the case.

## Dimensions:

length 107 mm , width 24 mm , max. height 48 mm , weight, with two six-spring contact spring sets and unsheathed coil, about 0.23 kg .

| relaytype |  | number of windings | number of spring sets |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| spring sets with single contacts | spring sets with twin contacts |  |  |
| RAD 11 | RAD 16 |  | 1 |
| RAD 12 | RAD 17 | 1 | 2 |
| RAD 14* | RAD 19* |  | 1 |
| RAD 21 | RAD 26 |  | 1 |
| RAD 22 | RAD 27 | 2 | 2 |
| RAD 24* | RAD 29* |  | 1 |
| RAD 31 |  |  | 1 |
| RAD 32 | RAD 37 | 3 | 2 |
| RAD 34* | RAD 39* |  | 1 |
| RAD 41 | RAD 46 |  | 1 |
| RAD 42 | RAD 47 | 4 | 2 |
| RAD 44* | RAD 49* |  | 1 |

* These relays have cradle armatures

Below is given a more detailed specification of relays RAD as used in manual switchboards of ordinary construction. The figures in the circles on the diagrams indicate the colours for the fixed ends of the coils: 1 (blue), 2 (yellow), 3 (red) and 4 (white).




* Special contact spring set for two-step function


## Relays RAE 13-RAE 18



RAE 13, without case


1-1601, case


RAE 18, without case

These relays have two pin armatures and two coils and they are mounted with not more than three spring sets the middle one being special and operated by both armatures. For connecting the coil windings solder tag groups are employed.

RAE 13 has contact spring sets with single contacts. RAE 18 has contact spring sets with twin contacts.

The relays are normally supplied with case and with back plate of insulating material. The case is delivered in aluminium colour but may be had black enamelled or blued.

For fixing, the relay has two screw-bolts with thread G2; the centre distance between the bolts is 24 mm . Nuts O-128 to fit and metal washers SCE 12301 are inciuded.

## Dimensions:

length 115 mm , width 59 mm , height 55.5 mm , weight about 0.48 kg .

Further particulars supplied on request.

## SPRING SETS

## CONTACT SPRING SETS FOR RELAYS

## RBA 1001—RBA 1846 Spring sets

These spring sets, are used in conjunction with relays $R A B, R A C, R A D$ or $R A E$.

The spring sets, while having the same function as regards contacts, are supplied in the following two variants:

RBA 10, RBA 11, RBA 12, RBA 13 have single contacts whose make and break takes place over one contact:


RBA 15, RBA 16, RBA 17. RBA 18 have twin contacts whose make and break takes place over two contacts working simultaneously on the same spring.


For fixing the spring set on the relay yoke there is required a screw with thread G7, the length of which is decided by the height of the spring set, see table. This screw must be ordered separately.

## Dimensions:

length 86 mm , width 7.8 mm , height see table.

| spring set |  |  | fixingscrew |  | weight <br> per 100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| number of springs | height | weight | designation | length |  |
|  | mm | kg |  | mm | kg |
| 2 | 9.3 | 0.014 | 0-10012 | 12.0 | 0.048 |
| 3 | 11.2 | 0.016 | 0-10020 | 14.0 | 0.056 |
| 4 | 13.1 | 0.018 | 0-10013 | 15.5 | 0.082 |
| 5 | 15.0 | 0.020 | 0-16233 | 17.5 | 0.089 |
| 6 | 16.9 | 0.022 | 190728 | 20.0 | 0.080 |




RBA 1501-RBA 1846

| execu- <br> tion | spring set | fixing screw |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| RBA 1101 | 1 | RBA 1621 | 2 |



|  | execution | spring set | fixing screw |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{ll} \text { RBA } & 1206 \\ \text { RBA } & 1706 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |  | 0-16233 |
| $\begin{array}{ll} \text { RBA } & 1207 \\ \text { RBA } & 1707 \end{array}$ | 1 |  | 0-16233 |
| $\begin{array}{ll} \text { RBA } 1208 \\ \text { RBA } 1708 \end{array}$ | $2$ |  | 0-16233 |
| $\begin{array}{ll} \text { RBA } 1209 \\ \text { RBA } 1709 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |  | 0-16233 |
| $\begin{array}{ll} \text { RBA } & 1211 \\ \text { RBA } 1711 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & =\text { A } \\ & =\text { A } \end{aligned}$ | 0-16233 |
| $\begin{array}{ll} \text { RBA } & 1212 \\ \text { RBA } & 1712 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |  | 0-16233 |
| $\begin{array}{ll} \text { RBA } & 1213 \\ \text { RBA } & 1713 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |  | 0-16233 |
| $\begin{array}{ll} \text { RBA } & 1214 \\ \text { RBA } & 1714 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |  | 0-16233 |
| $\begin{array}{ll} \text { RBA } & 1215 \\ \text { RBA } & 1715 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |  | 0-16233 |

$\left.\begin{array}{|l|l|l|l|l|}\hline \text { execu- } \\ \text { tion }\end{array}\right)$


|  | execution | spring set | fixing screw |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{ll} \text { RBA } 1225 \\ \text { RBA } 1725 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |  | 0-16233 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { RBA } 1226 \\ & \text { RBA } 1726 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |  | 0-16233 |
| RBA 1727 | 2 |  | 0-16233 |
| RBA 1728 | 2 |  | 0-16233 |
|  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { RBA } 1301 \\ & \text { RBA } 1801 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |  | 190728 |
| RBA 1302 <br> RBA 1802 | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |  | 190728 |
| $\begin{array}{ll} \text { RBA } 1303 \\ \text { RBA } 1803 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |  | 190728 |
| $\begin{array}{ll} \text { RBA } 1304 \\ \text { RBA } 1804 \end{array}$ | $1$ |  | 190728 |



|  | execution | spring set | fixing screw |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{ll} \text { RBA } & 1314 \\ \text { RBA } & 1814 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |  | 190728 |
| $\begin{array}{ll} \text { RBA } & 1315 \\ \text { RBA } 1815 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |  | 190728 |
| $\begin{array}{ll} \text { RBA } & 1316 \\ \text { RBA } & 1816 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |  | 190728 |
| $\begin{array}{lll} \text { RBA } & 1317 \\ \text { RBA } & 1817 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |  | 190728 |
| $\begin{array}{ll} \text { RBA } & 1318 \\ \text { RBA } & 1818 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |  | 190728 |
| $\begin{array}{ll} \text { RBA } & 1319 \\ \text { RBA } & 1819 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |  | 190728 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { RBA } 1320 \\ & \text { RBA } 1820 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |  | 190728 |
| $\begin{array}{ll} \text { RBA } & 1321 \\ \text { RBA } & 1821 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |  | 190728 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { RBA } 1322 \\ & \text { RBA } 1822 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |  | 190728 |


|  | execution | spring set | fixing screw |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { RBA } 1323 \\ & \text { RBA } 1823 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |  | 190728 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { RBA } 1324 \\ & \text { RBA } 1824 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |  | 190728 |
| $\begin{array}{ll} \text { RBA } & 1325 \\ \text { RBA } & 1825 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |  | 190728 |
| $\begin{array}{ll} \text { RBA } & 1326 \\ \text { RBA } & 1826 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |   <br>   <br>   | 190728 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { RBA } 1327 \\ & \text { RBA } 1827 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |  | 190728 |
| $\begin{array}{ll} \text { RBA } 1328 \\ \text { RBA } 1828 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |  | 190728 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { RBA } 1329 \\ & \text { RBA } 1829 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |  | 190728 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { RBA } 1330 \\ & \text { RBA } 1830 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |  | 190728 |
| $\begin{array}{ll} \text { RBA } & 1331 \\ \text { RBA } & 1831 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |  | 190728 |


|  | execu- tion | spring set | fixing screw |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{ll} \text { RBA } & 1332 \\ \text { RBA } & 1832 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |  1 1 <br>  $A$  <br>  1  <br>    | 190728 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { RBA } 1333 \\ & \text { RBA } 1833 \end{aligned}$ | 1 |  | 190728 |
| $\begin{array}{ll} \text { RBA } & 1334 \\ \text { RBA } & 1834 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |  | 190728 |
| $\begin{array}{ll} \text { RBA } & 1335 \\ \text { RBA } & 1835 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |  | 190728 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { BBA } 1336 \\ & \text { RBA } 1836 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |  | 190728 |
| $\begin{array}{ll} \text { RBA } & 1337 \\ \text { RBA } & 1837 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |  | $190728$ |
| $\begin{array}{ll} \text { RBA } & 1338 \\ \text { RBA } & 1838 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 2 \end{aligned}$ |  | 190728 |
| RBA 1839 | 2 |  | 190728 |
| RBA 1840 | 2 |  | 190728 |


|  | 1 | ,mom | momem |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| nex 84 | , | \# | ${ }^{19278}$ |
| nen nata | 2 | 产 | ${ }^{19278}$ |
| nen 80 | , |  | 1 1020 |
| nen | 2 | \# | ${ }^{19020}$ |
| nex 19.5 | 2 | $\Longrightarrow$ | ,9028 |
| nenas | $=$ | $\overline{\overline{\overline{\# g}}}$ | 1007 |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | ${ }^{85}$ |

## SOLDERING TAG SETS FOR RELAYS ETC.

RBD 1002

## RBD 1002—RBD 1006 Soldering tag sets

These soldering tag sets are employed in conjunction with relays $R A D-R A E$, impedance coils REA 14 and resistance coils $R E R$ 31, for the connection of the coils.

The sets are made with from two to six tags, which have a soldering hole at each end.

Fixing requires a screw with thread G7, to be ordered separately. The screws length is decided by the height of the tag set.

## Dimensions:

length 42.5 mm , width 7.8 mm , height see table.

| RBD 1002 | $\begin{array}{c\|} \text { solder- } \\ \text { ing } \\ \text { tags } \end{array}$ | height | weight | fixing screw |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | designation | weight per 100 |
|  |  | mm | kg |  | kg |
|  | 2 | 9.3 | 0.008 | 0-10012 | 0.048 |
| RBD 1003 | 3 | 11.2 | 0.003 | 0-10020 | 0.058 |
| RBD 1004 | 4 | 13.1 | 0.010 | 0-10013 | 0.062 |
| RBD 1005 | 5 | 13.1 | 0.009 | 0-10013 | 0.062 |
| RBD 1006 | 6 | 15.0 | 0.010 | 0-16233 | 0.069 |

## CONTACT SPRING SETS FOR SWITCHES

## RBM 1005—RBM 3301 Spring sets

RBM 1005-RBM 1416 are used in conjunction with lever keys RMA. The execution is the same irrespective of whether the spring set is to be used for keys of locking or restoring type.

RBM 2005-RBM 2416 are used in conjunction with press-button keys RMD. The operating spring has a roll of insulating material.

RBM 3005-RBM 3301 are used in conjunction with press-button key RMD 13. These spring sets have short operating spring with roll of insulating material.

The springs have soldering holes for connection.

The spring sets are attached to the keys by a screw bolt and two nuts, except for keys RMD 20 and RMD 21, for which screws with head are required, see page 203.

The length of the screws is decided by the height of the spring sets.

Screws and nuts are to be ordered separately.

## Dimensions:

RBM 10-RBM 14, length 67 mm ; RBM $20-$ RBM 24, length 73 mm ; RBM $30-$ RBM 33 , length 65 mm ; weight with three springs 0.01 kg .

*switching before connecting

switching before switching
** break and connecting before switching

| for lever keys RMA | for pressbutton keys RMD | number of springs | functi |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RBM 1401 | RBM 2401 | 8 | $\sqrt[1]{1 b}$ | B3S |
| RBM 1402 | RBM 2402 | 8 |  | 2B 2S |
| RBM 1403 | RBM 2403 | 8 | $1+1+1$ | 3B S |
| RBM 1404 | RBM 2404 | 8 |  | 4B |
| RBM 1405 | RBM 2405 | 8 | $1\|1\|$ | 2 VS |
| RBM 1406 | RBM 2406 | 8 |  | B 2V |
| RBM 1407 | RBM 2407 | 8 | $\sqrt{1+1}$ | BDS |
| RBM 1408 | RBM 2408 | 8 | $N_{1+\infty}$ | 2B D |
| RBM 1409 | RBM 2409 | 8 | $1+1 \mid n$ | VSK |


| for lever keys | for pressbutton keys RMD | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { springs } \end{array}\right\|$ | functi |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RBM 1410 | RBM 2410 | 8 | $\sqrt{\omega_{1}} \\|$ | BVK |
| RBM 1411 | RBM 2411 | 8 | $\sqrt{1 \rightarrow n}$ | B 2 K |
| RBM 1412 | RBM 2412 | 8 | WNA品 | CL |
| RBM 1413 | RBM 2413 | 8 |  | vsx |
| RBM 1414 | RBM 2414 | 8 | $W_{1+n}$ | Cr |
| RBM 1415 | RBM 2415 | 8 | $1-n+n$ | CD |
| RBM 1416 | RBM 2416 | $8$ |  | 2 C |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 91 |  |  |  |  |


| for press-button keys RMD 13 | :number of springs | function |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RBM 3005 | 3 | $\left.\right\|_{1}$ | v |
| RBM 3101 | 5 | $\omega_{1}$ | vs |
| RBM 3201 | 6 |  | 2 V |
| RBM 3301 | 7 |  | V 2 s |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

## TRANSFORMERS, <br> IMPEDANCE COILS, RESISTANCE COILS

## TRANSFORMERS

## RCL 10201, RCL 10301 Transformers

These transformers are employed in telephone instruments DEK 1001 and DEK 3001 etc.
The coil frame of the transformer is of dark stained birchwood with a core of soft iron wire. After winding the coil is wrapped in cellon impregnated cotton tape and then impregnated with wax. The connecting leads are provided with cable lugs.
Fixing requires two screws G7 C21 M05, to be ordered separately.

## Dimensions:

length 66 mm , width 19 mm , height 19 mm , distance between fixing holes 58 mm , weight about 0.07 kg .


RCL 10201


RCL 10301


## REK 10101—REK 10133 Transformers



REK 10101


REK 10101—REK 10133

These transformers are used in telephone instruments and manual switchboards.

The transformer's coil frame is of insulating material and provided with soldering tags for connecting. It has a shut-in lamellated frame core of transformer sheet. The coil after winding is wrapped in cellon impregnated cotton tape. The transformers are impregnated with wax, thus enabling them to be used in tropical climates. There are two 3.7 mm holes for fixing.
Fixing requires two screws, to be ordered separately.
Dimensions:
see dimension sketch; weight about 0.14 kg .

| REK 10101 | coil |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | winding | soldered on tag | resistance | number of turns |
|  |  |  | ohm |  |
|  | 1 | 1-2 | 1.2 | 300 |
|  | 2 | 3-4 | 30 | 900 |
|  | 3 | 4-5 | 600 | 900 |
| REK 10102 | 1 | 1-2 | 32 | 1200 |
|  | 2 | 5-3 | 22 | 865 |
|  | 3 | 2-5 | 12 | 420 |
|  | 4 | 4-5 | 108 | * |
|  | 5 | $1-6$ | 600 | * |
| REK 10103 | 1 | 1-2 | 29 | 1110 |
|  | 2 | 5-3 | 28 | 925 |
|  | 3 | 2-5 | 20 | 590 |
|  | 4 | 4-5 | 180 | * |
|  | 5 | 1-6 | 600 | * |
| REK 10104 | 1 | 1-2 | 32 | 1200 |
|  | 2 | 3-4 | 40 | 1200 |
|  | 3 | 2-4 | 600 | 1200 |
|  | 4 | 5-6 | 600 | * |

* Bifilar resistance winding

* Bifilar resistance winding



## IMPEDANCE COILS

## REA 14101—REA 14206 Impedance coils

These impedance coils are used in telephone switchboards etc.

The impedance coils have one or two windings and are sheathed and have the same kind of coil frame and fixing bolt with thread G2 as are used for relays. They have a soldering tag set for connecting the windings.

Fixing requires a nut O-128, a metal washer SCE 12301, these being included.

## Dimensions:

length 99 mm , width 24 mm , height about 44 mm , weight about 0.18 kg .

REA 14101 - REA 14107 have one winding. They have one soldering tag set RBD 1002 with two tags.

| REA 14101 | $c o i l$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | designation | resistance |
|  |  | ohm |
|  | RCE 32101 | 500 |
| REA 14102 | RCE 32102 | 40 |
| REA 14103 | RCE 32103 | 1000 |
| REA 14104 | RCE 32104 | 280 |
| REA 14105 | RCE 32105 | 300 |
| REA 14106 | RCE 32106 | 600 |
| REA 14107 | RCE 32107 | 800 |



REA 14201

REA 14201-REA 14206 have two windings.
They have one soldering tag set RBD 1004 with four tags.

The first winding is soldered to the two upper tags and the other winding to the two lower tags.

|  | $c o i l$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | designation | winding | resistance |
|  |  |  | ohm |
| REA 14201 | RCE 33202 | 1 | 500 |
|  |  | 2 | 500 |
| REA 14202 | RCE 33201 | 1 | 300 |
|  |  | 2 | 300 |
| REA 14203 | RCE 33203 | 1 | 150 |
|  |  | 2 | 150 |
| REA 14204 | RCE 33204 | 1 | 250 |
|  |  | 2 | 250 |
| REA 14205 | RCE 33205 | 1 | 400 |
|  |  | 2 | 400 |
| REA 14206 | RCE 33206 | 1 | 100 |
|  |  | 2 | 100 |

## RESISTANCE COILS

## RCR 13101—RCR 14241 Resistance coils

These resistance coils are used in switchboards etc. The resistance coils may also be mounted on relays.

The coil frame is of brass with flanges of insulating material. For connection of windings they have two or four soldering tags. The coils are bifilar wound and the resistance tolerance is $\pm 5 \%$.

RCR 13 has one and RCR 14 two windings, see table. They may be wound for other resistances besides those given in the table.

For mounting in switchboards there is required a wood screw Trskr No. 5-1" KS M05, to be ordered scparately.

For mounting on relays there is required a screw G5 C18 M05, and a nipple 225764, to fit the relay fixing bolt. Screw and nipple are to be ordered separately.


225764

Dimensions:
diameter 20 mm , height 14.5 mm , weight about 0.007 kg .

| with one winding | resistance | with two windings | windings* | resisiance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RCR 13101 | ohm 300 | RCR 14203 |  | ohm |
|  |  |  | 1 | 600 |
|  |  |  | 2 | 200 |
| RCR 13102 | 500 | RCR 14205 | 1 | 1000 |
|  |  |  | 2 | 1000 |
| RCR 13103 | 100 | RCR 14206 | 1 | 250 |
|  |  |  | 2 | 250 |
| RCR 13104 | 35 | RCR 14207 | 1 | 150 |
|  |  |  | 2 | 150 |
| RCR 13105 | 200 | RCR 14208 | 1 | 100 |
|  |  |  | 2 | 400 |
| RCR 13106 | 50 | RCR 14209 | 1 | 1000 |
|  |  |  | 2 | 300 |
| RCR 13107 | 3000 | RCR 14210 | 1 | 500 |
|  |  |  | 2 | 200 |
| RCR 13108 | 1000 | RCR 14211 | 1 | 1000 |
|  |  |  | 2 | 500 |
| RCR 13109 | 10000 | RCR 14212 | 1 | 500 |
|  |  |  | 2 | 100 |
| RCR 13110 | 600 | RCR 14221 | 1 | 1500 |
|  |  |  | 2 | 1500 |
| RCR 13111 | 400 | RCR 14222 | 1 | 600 |
|  |  |  | 2 | 600 |
| RCR 13112 | 1500 | RCR 14224 | 1 | 2000 |
|  |  |  | 2 | 2000 |
| RCR 13113 | 800 | RCR 14225 | 1 | 4000 |
|  |  |  | 2 | 4000 |
| RCR 13117 | 2000 | RCR 14227 | 1 | 100 |
|  |  |  | 2 | 100 |
| RCR 13118 | 5000 | RCR 14229 | 1 | 400 |
|  |  |  | 2 | 400 |
| RCR 13121 | 6000 | RCR 14231 | 1 | 200 |
|  |  |  | 2 | 200 |
| RCR 13134 | 4000 | RCR 14234 | 1 | 3000 |
|  |  |  | 2 | 3000 |
| RCR 13146 | 20 | RCR 14237 | 1 | 25 |
|  |  |  | 2 | 25 |
| RCR 13153 | 10 | RCR 14241 | 1 | 5000 |
|  |  |  | 2 | 5000 |

[^3]
## RCR 16101 Resistance coil

This resistance coil is used in manual switchboards $A D E$ 11 and $A D F 13$.

The coil frame is of black insulating material and has a soldering tag at each end for connection. The coil's resistance is 400 ohm and it is bifilar wound. The resistance tolerance is $\pm 5 \%$. The coil after winding is wrapped in cellon-impregnated brown cotton tape. For fixing it has a screw hole at one end.

Fixing requires a screw Ebon. $4 a$ A10 M05, to be ordered separately.

Dimensions:
length 59 mm , diameter 12 mm , weight 0.007 kg .

## REA 15401 Resistance coil

This resistance coil is used as test resistance in manual switchboard $A B K 60$.

It has four bifilar windings. The coil frame, which is of the same kind as is used in relays, has fixing bolts with thread G2. For connection of the windings there are two soldering tag groups RBD 1004, each with four soldering tags.

Viewed from the soldering side the different windings are taken out as per sketch alongside.

For fixing there is supplied a nut 0-128 together with a metal washer SCE 12301.

Dimensions:
length 99 mm , width 24 mm , height about 44 mm , weight 0.12 kg .


## RER 3101 Resistance coil



RER 3101

This coil is used in manual switchboards $A D E$ and $A D F$. The resistance coil consists of a thin brass tube on which the resistance wire is wound. It has large cooling surface and thus stands heavier loading than ordinary resistance coils. The resistance is 25 ohm with $\pm 5 \%$ tolerance.

The coil frame with winding has the designation RCR 17101. For connection there are two tag sets RBD 1005, each of which has four empty soldering tags. For fixing there is a screwbolt thread G2.

Fixing requires one nut $0-128$, one metal washer SCE 12301, which are included.

## Dimensions:

length 75 mm , width 24 mm , height 45 mm , weight 0.09 kg .

## DIALS



Fitting of the finger holes on RG 112


Fitting of the finger holes on RGA 1001-RGA 2003


RGA 1001, 1101


RGA 1002, 1003, 1004. 1007, 1008, 1012


RGA 1005

The dials given here are of quite different design from the old dials RG 112 etc. Outwardly they differ from the old dial in that the first hole lies at a greater distance from the finger stop, owing to each hole being placed on one 13th of the dial circumference instead of on one 12th, as was the case with the old dials, see figure. They have the same outside dimensions as the old dials and can replace them, on condition that the cord is exchanged at the same time. The cord for the new dial is longer and has besides different identification colours for the connecting wires. The internal parts of the new dial cannot replace corresponding parts in the old dials.

The dials are numbered $1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9$ and 0 . They are supplied with or without the cords TRG 1301 - TRG 5303 and with or without protective case in black lacquered brass $R G B 1001-$ RGB 1101.

Only spare parts such as impulsing spring, operating spring etc. will henceforth be kept for the old dial.

When ordering spare parts for dials, particulars must be given of the dial for which the parts are to be used.

RGA 1001—RGA 1102 Dials
(RGA 1001 replaces $R G 112$ )
These dials have an impulse ratio make/break of $40 / 60$ or $33 / 67$, see table. They have five contact springs. A three-conductor cord is used for connection.

The dials are of nickel-plated brass. They have white figures on a black lacquered brass figure-plate, except RGA 1006, which has white enamelled figure-plate


RGA 1006


RGA 1009


Connecting of the cord, RGA 1002-1012, 1102


RGA 1202, 1203, 1205, 1302-1304
and black figures. RGA 1001 and RGA 1101 are without protective case and cord.

Fixing requires nuts or screws, to be ordered separately, see RGB 1001 - RGB 1101.

## Dimensions:

diameter 76 mm , weight with protective case about 0.25 kg .

|  | protective case | $c o r d$ |  | figure-plate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | designation | length |  |
|  |  |  | mm |  |
|  | impulse ratio 40/60 |  |  |  |
| RGA 1001 | - | - | - | 143426 |
| RGA 1002 | RGB 1001 | TRG 1301 | 280 | 143426 |
| RGA 1003 | RGB 1001 | TRG 1302 | 350 | 143426 |
| RGA 1004 | RGB 1003 | TRG 1305 | 150 | 143426 |
| RGA 1005 | RGB 1004 | TRG 1301 | 280 | 143426 |
| RGA 1006 | RGB 1001 | TRG 1301 | 280 | $143426 / 1$ |
| RGA 1007 | RGB 1002 | TRG 1301 | 280 | 143426 |
| RGA 1008 | RGB 1003 | TRG 1306 | 240 | 143426 |
| RGA 1009 | RGB 1007 | TRG 3302 | 310 | 143426 |
| RGA 1010 | RGB 1008 | TRG 1309 | 125 | 143426 |
| RGA 1012 | RGB 1003 | TRG 1301 | 280 | 143426 |
|  | impulse ratio 33/67 |  |  |  |
| RGA 1101 | - | - | - | 143426 |
| RGA 1102 | RGB 1003 | TRG 1306 | 240 | 143426 |

## RGA 1201—RGA 1305 Dials

These dials have an impulse ratio make/break of $40 / 60$ or $33 / 67$, see table. They have seven contact springs. A four-conductor cord is used for connection.

The dials are of nickel-plated brass. They have figurplate of black lacquered brass with white figures, except RGA 1204 and RGA 1305, which have white enamelled figure-plate with black figures.


RGA 1204, 1305


Connecting of the cord, RGA 1202-1205, 1302-1305

RGA 1201 and RGA 1301 are without protective case and cord.

Fixing requires nuts or screws, to be ordered separately, see $R G B 1001-R G B 1101$.

## Dimensions:

diameter 76 mm , weight with protective case about 0.25 kg .

|  | protective case | cord |  | figure-plate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | designation | length |  |
|  |  |  | mm |  |
|  |  | impulse ratio 40,60 |  |  |
| RGA 1201 | - | - | - | 143426 |
| RGA 1202 | RGB 1001 | TRG 1401 | 280 | 143426 |
| RGA 1203 | RGB 1003 | TRG 1407 | 200 | 143426 |
| RGA 1204 | RGB 1001 | TRG 1401 | 280 | 143426/1 |
| RGA 1205 | RGB 1001 | TRG 1407 | 200 | 143426 |
| RGA 1206 | RGB 1001 | TRG 1401 | 280 | 143426 |
|  | impulse ratio 33/67 |  |  |  |
| RGA 1301 | - | - | - | 143426 |
| RGA 1302 | RGB 1001 | TRG 1402 | 350 | 143426 |
| RGA 1303 | RGB 1001 | TRG 1401 | 280 | 143426 |
| RGA 1304 | RGB 1003 | TRG 1407 | 200 | 143426 |
| RGA 1305 | RGB 1001 | TRG 1401 | 280 | $143426 / 1$ |

RGA 1601—RGA 1603 Dials with positive impulses

These dials have an impulse ratio make/break of 50/50 and positive impulses. They have five contact springs. A four-conductor cord is used for connection. They are used in manual switchboards for the connection of semi-automatic L. B. switchboard OH 1010.

The dials are of nickel-plated brass. They have figureplates of black-lacquered brass with white figures.

RGA 1601 is without protective case and cord.
RGA 1602 has protective case with plug to fit jack 300695.

RGA 1603 has a protective case designed for mounting on an angle-iron.
 RGA 1602


Connecting of the cord, RGA 1603


RGA 2002, 2003 2102, 2103

Fixing screws are to be ordered separately, see $R G B$ 1001-RGB 1101.

## Dimensions:

diameter 76 mm , weight without case 0.19 kg .

|  | protective case | $c o r d$ |  | figure-plate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | designation | length |  |
|  |  |  | mm |  |
| RGA 1601 | - | - | - | 143426 |
| RGA 1602 | RGB 1005 | TRG 1404 | 150 | 143426 |
| RGA 1603 | RGB 1003 | TRG 1401 | 280 | 143426 |

## RGA 2001—RGA 2103 Dials, watertight

These dials have an impulse ratio make/break of $40 / 60$ or $33 / 67$, see table. They have five contact springs. A three-conductor cord is used for connection.

RGA 2002 and RGA 2102 is used in conjunction with telephone instruments $D B T$ 1101, DBT 1141 and $D B T$ 1171; RGA 2003 and RGA 2103 is used in conjunction with DBT 2101.

The dials are of chrome-plated brass. They have figure-plates of black-enamelled brass with white figures. On the inner side of the dial mechanism there is a groove in which a rubber ring 208914 is pressed. The protective case's edge is pressed on this rubber ring so that reliable tightness between dial mechanism and the case is obtained.

RGA 2001 and RGA 2101 is without protective case

Connecting of the cord, RGA 2002, 2003, 2102, 2103

and cord.

RGA 2002 and RGA 2102 has a rubber packing 208915 which tightens the lead-in hole for the cord. To ensure that the tightness of the cord lead-in is effective the dial must be mounted on a flat surface that completely covers the bottom of the case.
RGA 2003 and RGA 2103 has a lead-in tube with rubber packing $0-4666$ for the cord.

Fixing of RGA 2002 and RGA 2102 requires two nuts 209017 and of RGA 2003 and RGA 2103 two nuts 213360 , to be ordered separately.

Dimensions:
diameter 76 mm , weight with case about 0.25 kg .

|  | protective case | cord |  | figure-plate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | designation | length |  |
|  | mm$40 / 6$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RGA 2001 | - | - | - | 143426 |
| RGA 2002 | RGB 1001 | TRG 5301 | 280 | 143426 |
| RGA 2003 | RGB 1101 | TRG 5303 | 150 | 143426 |
|  | impulse ratio 33/67 |  |  |  |
| RGA 2101 | - | - | - | 143426 |
| RGA 2102 | RGB 1001 | TRG 5301 | 280 | 143426 |
| RGA 2103 | RGB 1101 | TRG 5303 | 150 | 143426 |

## PROTECTIVE CASES,

 FIGURE-PLATES, PACKINGS, HOLDERS ETC. FOR DIALS
## PROTECTIVE CASES FOR DIALS

The cases are employed both for protection of the dial mechanism and for the mounting of the dials.

The cases are of black-lacquered brass and have two screws for fixing the dial mechanism.


RGB 1001

## RGB 1001 Protective case (replacing RG 3050)

This protective case is used in most of the bakelite telephone instruments that have dials.

For fixing, the case has at the bottom two screw pins, thread G5.

For fixing in the telephone instrument, there are required a support 302277 and two nuts G5 T M05, to be ordered separately.

Dimensions:
diameter 73 mm , depth 14.5 mm , weight 0.05 kg .

## RGB 1002 Protective case

This protective case is used in telephone instruments DBH 4003 - DBH 4103.

At the bottom of the case there is a recess for the telephone instrument's magneto wheel. For fixing, the case has at the bottom two screw pins thread G5.

For fixing in the telephone instrument, there are required a holder 302277 and two nuts G5 T M05," to be ordered separately.

## Dimensions:

diameter 73 mm , depth 14.5 mm , weight 0.05 kg .

RGB 1003

RGB 1004

## RGB 1004 Protective case with flange (replacing RG 3100)

This case is used in telephone instrument DER 3001.
The case, which is furnished with a flange for flush mounting, has two holes for fixing.

Fixing on the telephone instrument requires two metal screws $190552 / 1$, to be ordered separately.

Dimensions:
diameter exclusive of flange 73 mm , depth 14.5 mm , weight 0.07 kg .

## RGB 1005 Protective case with plug (replacing RG 3200)



RGB 1005


RGB 1007

This case is used when a dial is to be mounted on a switchboard.

The case is fitted with a four-pole plug. Jack 300695 is recommended.

A nut on the plug enables it to be attached firmly to the jack.

## Dimensions:

diameter 73 mm , height excluding contact pins 68.5 mm , weight 0.11 kg .

## RGB 1007 Protective case with clip

This case is used in conjunction with portable telephone instruments DPA 1152 etc.

At the side there is a tube bushing for the dial cord. The case has a strong spring clip designed be clamped firmly on the edge of the telephone instrument.

Dimensions:
diameter 73 mm , depth exclusive of clip 14.5 mm , weight 0.07 kg .

## RGB 1008 Protective case

This case is used in conjunction with handsets RLF 1401 and RLF 1501.

At the bottom there is a tube bushing for the dial cord and four 3.5 mm holes for fixing.

Fixing requires four screws G7 C3 M05, to be ordered separately.

Dimensions:
diameter 73 mm , depth 14.5 mm , weight 0.05 kg .

## RGB 1101 Protective case, watertight



RGB 1101

This case is used in conjunction with watertight dial in telephone instruments DBT 2101 etc.

For fixing, the case has at the bottom two screw pins, thread G5. In the bottom is also a tube bushing for the dial cord.

Fixing to the telephone instrument requires two nuts 213360 , to be ordered separately.

## Dimensions:

diameter 73 mm , depth exclusive of tube 14.5 mm , inclusive of tube 38 mm , weight 0.06 kg .

## FIGURE-PLATES FOR DIALS

## 143426, 143426/1 Figure-plates

These figure-plates are used in conjunction with dials RGA 10 - RGA 20.

The plates are of lacquered brass and numbered 1, 2, $3,4,5,6,7,8,9$ and 0 .

143426 is black with white figures and is used on black and mahogany-coloured telephone instruments. $143426 / 1$ is white with black figures and is used on white telephone instruments.

The figure-plate is affixed by the central nut of the dial and a pin holds it in position.

Dimensions:
diameter 43.7 mm , weight 0.006 kg .

## PACKINGS FOR DIALS

## 0-4666 Packing

This packing is employed for tightening the cord inlet in watertight dial RGA 2003.

The packing is of soft rubber.

## Dimensions:

outer diameter 9 mm , inner diameter 5 mm , thickness 4 mm , weight per 100: 0.022 kg .

## 208914 Packing



208914

208915


This packing is used for tightening between the dial mechanism and the protective case in watertight dials RGA 2001-RGA 2003.

The packing is of soft rubber.
Dimensions:
outer diameter 73 mm , inner diameter 69.5 mm , thickness 1.5 mm , weight per 100: 0.09 kg .

## 208915 Packing

This packing is used in conjunction with protective case $R G B 1001$ for tightening watertight dial $R G A$ 2002 on telephone instruments DBT 1101 etc.

The packing is of soft rubber.
Dimensions:
diameter 72.5 mm , thickness 1.5 mm , weight per 100 : 0.86 kg .

## HOLDERS ETC. FOR DIALS



302277

## 302277 Support <br> (replacing RG 5150)

This support is used in conjunction with protective case RGB 1001 for mounting dials on bakelite telephone instruments.

The support is of white boiled brass.
Fixing nuts, see protective case RGB 1001.

## Dimensions:

length 78 mm , width 31 mm , thickness 1 mm , weight 0.012 kg .

## 133123, 302573 Angle-irons

These angle-irons are used for the mounting of dials with protective cases RGB 1003 on manual switchboards. The angle irons are of black-enamelled iron and have two fixing holes. For fixing of the dial there are two screw holes with thread G5.

For mounting on the switchboard two wood screws Trskr No. 7-1/2" KS M05 are required, to be ordered separately.

Dimensions: see table.


302573

|  | replacing | height | width | depht | weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 133123 | RG 5100 | 67 | 60 | 51 | 0.08 |
| 302573 | - | 65.5 | 77 | 19 | 0.07 |

## 300695 Jack



300695

This jack is used when a dial fitted with protective case $R G B 1005$ is to be mounted on a switchboard.

The base is of nickel-plated brass, black lacquered outside. The jack is four-pole and the contact caps have screws at the bottom for connecting the wires. The flange has four holes for fixing.

Mounting requires four wood screws Trskr No. 4$5 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ FS M05, to be ordered separately.

## Dimensions:

flange diameter 58 mm , height 70 mm , weight 0.14 kg .

## 301530 Dial blank

This blank is used to cover the dial hole on bakelite instruments.

The blank is made of bakelite in three different colours; the colour desired should be stated when ordering.

Fixing requires a stirrup 127917 and two screws G5 C6 M05, to be ordered separately.

## Dimensions:

diameter 79 mm , thickness 11 mm , weight 0.036 kg .

|  | replacing |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
| 301530 black | RG 5000 black |
| 301530 mahogany | RG 5000 mahogany |
| 301530 white | RG 5000 white |

## 127917 Stirrup <br> (replacing RG 5010)



127917

## SCREWS AND NUTS FOR DIALS

## 190552, 190552/1 Screws



190552

This stirrup is used in conjunction with dial blank 301530 for bakelite telephone instruments.

The stirrup is of white boiled brass.
Fixing screws, see dial blank 301530.

## Dimensions:

length 79.5 mm , width 26 mm , height 6.4 mm , weight 0.018 kg .

These screws are used for fixing dials with protective case RGB 1003 or RGB 1004.

190552 is of galvanized iron.
190552/1 is of white boiled brass.
Dimensions:
see dimension sketch; thread G5, weight per 100: 0.1 kg .

## G5 T M05, 209017, 213360 Nuts

These nuts are employed for fixing dials.


G5 TM05

G5 T M05 is used for fixing dials with protective case RGB 1001 or RGB 1002 to support 302277.
The nut is of white boiled brass.
Dimensions:
span of jaw 6 mm , height 2.3 mm , thread G5, weight per 100: 0.09 kg .


213360

209017, which has a round head, is used for fixing dials RGA 2002 with protective case RGB 1001 to telephone instruments DBT 1101, DBT 1141 and DBT 1171.

The nut is of white boiled brass.
Dimensions:
see dimension sketch; thread G5, weight per 100: 0.2 kg .

213360, which bas hexagonal head, is used for fixing dials with protective case $R G B 1101$ to telephone instruments DBT 2101 etc.
The nut is of white boiled brass.
Dimensions:
see dimension sketch; thread G5, weight per 100: 0.15 kg .

## MAGNETO GENERATORS

The generators are employed in telephone instruments and manual switchboards.

## RGH 1001—RGH 1402 Magneto generators



RGH 1001


RGH 1301


RGH 1401


RGH 1001-RGH 1402

These generators are made with three or five magnets of tungsten steel and with different spring sets, see diagrams. The rotor resistance is 500 ohm. The generators are supplied without crank. Normally the oil cups are located as shown on measurement sketch. In each bearing cap there are three additional holes, so that the oil cups may be moved when the generator is to be mounted in another position. These holes are made tight by screws.

RGH 1001-RGH 1302 have crank-shaft with threaded end, thread GO.

RGH 1401, RGH 1402 have crank-shaft with threaded hole at end, thread G2.

Suitable cranks, see $R G L$.
The generators $R G H 1401-$ RGH 1402 have closesitting magnets. On these generators therefore the magnets have slots for the fixing screws and on generator RGH 1402, for use in telephone instruments DAL 1101, the two outer magnets are moreover champfered at one pole.

For fixing there are two $5 \times 7 \mathrm{~mm}$ oval holes in each foot for wood screws and in addition a lug with screw-hole, thread G2.

Fixing requires four wood screws Trskr No. 8-5/8 " KS M05 or Trskr No. 8-1" KS J03, or alternatively two metal screws G2 D25 J03 or G2 A36 J03 with washers 136192/1. Screws washers to be ordered separately.


Dimensions:
height 110 mm , width 73 mm , measurement A for generator shaft 72.5 mm , measurement B for fixing hole 42 mm , measurement C for fixing hole, see table.

The generators are equipped with spring sets as per table and connected as per diagrams below.


1. spring set with fixing connection

2. spring set with one make contact

3. spring set with one make-and-break

4. spring set with two make-and-breaks

|  | replacing | number <br> of <br> magnets | magnet | cog-wheel | toothed <br> pinion | spring <br> set | C | weight |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | mm |
| RGH 1001 | RH 5070 | 5 | $213931 / 1$ | $213575^{*}$ | 213936 | 1 | 138.5 | 2.60 |
| RGH 1101 | RH 5810 | 5 | $213931 / 1$ | 213935 | 213936 | 3 | 138.5 | 2.60 |
| RGH 1201 | RH 5811 | 5 | $213931 / 1$ | 213935 | 213936 | 4 | 138.5 | 2.80 |
| RGH 1301 | RH 3236 | 3 | $213931 / 1$ | 213935 | 213936 | 2 | 94 | 1.60 |
| RGH 1302 | RH 5602 | 5 | $213931 / 1$ | 213935 | 213936 | 2 | 138.5 | 2.77 |
| RGH 1401 | RH 5502 | 5 | $213931 / 2$ | 213997 | $213998^{* *}$ | 2 | 118 | 2.35 |
| RGH 1402 | RH 5506 | 5 | $213931 / 2$ | 213997 | $213998 * *$ | 2 | 118 | 2.35 |

* Fixing of cog-wheel 213575 requires two screws G7 CIO JO3
** Fixing of toothed pinion 213998 requires a washer 213999


RGH 5021


RGH 5131


RGH 50


RGH 51

## RGH 5021-RGH 5132 Magneto generators

These generators are made with two or three magnets of cobalt steel. They have smaller dimensions and a smaller number of magnets than the generators $R G H$ $1001-$ RGH 1402 of equivalent strength. The generators have one spring set with make-and-break contact, see diagram. They are supplied without crank.

They have magnets 140861 , cog-wheel 133617 and pinion 141098. Fixing of pinion 141098 requires two screws G6 F7 J03.

RGH 5021-RGH 5032 have the crank-shaft located to the left, viewed from the cog-wheel end.

RGH 5121-RGH 5132 have the crank-shaft in the centre.

The generators have crank-shaft with screwed extension, thread GO. For suitable cranks, see $R G L$. For fixing there are two $4 \times 6 \mathrm{~mm}$ holes in each foot.

Fixing requires four screws, to be ordered separately.


## Dimensions:

length 101 mm , for RGH 50 the height is 66 mm and the width 63 mm , for $R G H 51$ the height is 69 mm and the width 57.5 mm , measurements $A$ and $D$ for generator shaft see table, measurement B for fixing holes 41.5 mm , measurement C for fixing holes 77 mm .

|  | replacing | number <br> of cog- <br> wheels | resistance | $\frac{\text { dimensions for mounting }}{}$ | weight |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | D |  |  |
|  |  |  | ohm | mm | mm | kg |
| RGH 5021 | RH 2900 | 2 | 350 | 44.4 | 12.25 | 0.95 |
| RGH 5031 | RH 3900 | 3 | 350 | 44.4 | 12.25 | 1.06 |
| RGH 5032 | - | 3 | 20 | 44.4 | 12.25 | 1.08 |
| RGH 5121 | - | 2 | 350 | 47.5 | - | 0.95 |
| RGH 5131 | - | 3 | 350 | 47.5 | - | 1.06 |
| RGH 5132 | - | 3 | 20 | 47.5 | - | 1.06 |

## CRANKS, COG-WHEELS, MAGNETS ETC. FOR MAGNETO GENERATORS

## CRANKS FOR GENERATORS

RGL 1001—RGL 1012 Cranks
These cranks are used in conjunction with generator RGH 1001-RGH 5132.

RGL 1001-RGL 1005 and RGL 1008 are of nickelplated brass.
RGL 1006 and RGL 1012 are of polished oxidized brass.

RGL 1007 and RGL 1010 are of unpolished nickelplated brass.
The cranks have handles of black insulating material, except RGL 1010 which has handle of light metal.
Dimensions: see table.


|  | re- <br> placing | for <br> generator | dimension sketch | weight |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RGL 1001 | RH 14 | RGH 10-13 |  | kg |  |
| RGL 1002 | RH 28 | RGH 10-13 |  |  |  |



* For this crank there is required a shaft screw 190224, to be ordered separately


## COG-WHEELS FOR MAGNETO GENERATORS

## 133617, 213575, 213935, 213997 Cog-wheels



133617


213575


213935


213997


141098


213936

These cog-wheels are used in conjunction with gencrators $\mathrm{RGH} 10-\mathrm{RGH} 51$.

The cog-wheels are of white boiled brass.
Fixing of cog-wheel 213575 requires two screws G7 C10 J03, to be ordered separately.

Dimensions: see table.

|  | D1 | D2 | T | weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | mm | mm | mm | kg |
| 133617 | 42.9 | 6.02 | 5.5 | 0.033 |
| 213575 | 73 | 12 | 5 | 0.072 |
| 213935 | 73 | 8 | 5 | 0.088 |
| 213997 | 73 | 8 | 5 | 0.087 |

## 141098, 213936, 213998 Toothed pinions

These pinions are used in conjunction with generators RGH 10 - RGH 51.

141098 consists of pinion of iron and washer of nickelplated brass. The pinion has a soldering tag for connection of the rotor winding.
213936 and 213998 are of white boiled brass.

Fixing of toothed pinion 141098 requires two screws G6 F7 J03.

Fixing of pinion 213998 requires a washer 213999.
Parts for fixing must be ordered separately.
Dimensions: see table.

|  | D1 | D2 | D3 | L 1 | L 2 | weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm |
| ymg |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 141098 | 9 | 34 | - | 18 | 6.5 | 0.020 |
| 213936 | 15.8 | 5.12 | 4.8 | 11 | 7 | 0.010 |
| 213998 | 15.8 | 5.12 | 4.8 | 9 | 7 | 0.009 |

## MAGNETS FOR GENERATORS

140861, 213931/1-213931/3, Magnets


213931/1


213931/2



140861 is used on generators RGH $50-$ RGH 51. The magnet is of black enamelled cobalt steel.

It is fixed by mounting plates.
Dimensions:
see sketch; weight 0.11 kg .

213931/1 is used on generators RGH $10-$ RGH 13. The magnet is of black enamelled tungsten steel. It is fixed to the generator by screws and washers. Dimensions:
see sketch; weight 0.26 kg .
$213931 / 2$ is used on generators RGH 14.
The magnet is of black enamelled tungsten steel and has groove for fixing screw.

It is fixed to the generator by screws and washers.

## Dimensions:

see sketch; weight 0.25 kg .


213931/3 is used on generator RGH 1402.
The magnet is of black enamelled tungsten steel and has groove for fixing screw and is champfered at one pole.
It is fixed to the generator by screws and washers.

## Dimensions:

see sketch; weight 0.25 kg .

## SHAFT EXTENSIONS ETC. FOR GENERATORS

## 140436/1, 140436/2 Shaft extensions

These shaft extensions are used in manual switchboards where the generator is mounted at the back of the switchboard.

The shaft extensions are of nickel-plated steel. At one end they have a internal thread GO for the generator and at the other end a screwed extension for the generator crank.
A suitable guide-cap is $0-13280$.
Dimensions: see table.

|  | L1 | L2 | D | weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | mm | mm | mm | kg |
| $140436 / 1$ | 350 | 360 | 9 | 0.17 |
| $140436 / 2$ | 470 | 480 | 9 | 0.23 |

## 0-13280 Guide-cap

This guide cap is used in conjunction with shaft extensions $140436 / 1$ and 140436/2.
The cap is of nickel-plated brass.
Fixing requires two wood screws Trskr No. 4-1/2" FS M21, to be ordered separately.
Dimensions:
height 35 mm , width 18.5 mm , weight 0.023 kg .

## 126195 Protective washer



126195

This protective washer is used as fitting to the hole for the generator crank manual switchboards, when generator of small model, e.g., RGH 5021, is used.
The washer is of nickel-plated brass.
Fixing requires three wood screws Trskr No. $2-3 /$ 月 $^{\text {* }}$ FS M21, to be ordered separately.

Dimensions:
diameter 29 mm , diameter of hole 12 mm , thickness 1 mm , weight 0.005 kg .

## 0-1851 Protective washer



0-1851

This protective washer is employed as fitting to the hole for the generator crank in manual switchboards, when generator of large model, e.g., $R G H$ 1001, is used.

The washer is of nickel-plated brass.
Fixing requires three wood screws Trskr No. 4-3/8" KS M21, to be ordered separately.

Dimensions:
diameter 39 mm , diameter of hole 15 mm , thickness 1 mm , weight 0.01 kg .

# TUNING FORK BUZZERS 



## Tuning fork buzzers RGN 21—RGN 23

The tuning fork buzzer, which is a buzzer generatof with great reliability of operation and stability or frequency, is employed among other things in small automatic switchboards.

The buzzer consists of a tuning fork group with operating magnet mounted on an angle-iron. The tuning fork group has two shanks of steel insulated one from the other and from the angle-iron and enclosed by a pole piece fixed on the operating magnet. Each shank is furnished with a metal weight and a contact spring directed inwards. The two springs are fitted with contacts which touch when at rest. The contact thus formed is connected in series with a winding on the operating magnet.

When the operating magnet is energised the two shanks bend outwards, thus breaking the contact between the shanks. The operating winding being in series with the contact, then causes the tuning fork to vibrate. The buzzer tone is generated in a secondary winding on the operating magnet. By connection in parallel of the primary winding with a suitable condensor in series with a suitable resistance, good sinusoidal form is given to the secondary tension. By suitable dimensioning of the primary and secondary windings, the capacity taken out and the buzzer tension may be varied within a wide range for different operating voltages. The frequency is determined solely by the thickness of the shanks and the size of the weights attached to them.

The tuning fork buzzer is supplied with or without case. The case, which is normally aluminium enamelled, may be had either black enamelled or blued if so
ordered. The tuning fork buzzer, which is made for operating voltages up to 48 V , is divided according to frequency into three types:

RGN 21, for about $125 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$;
RGN 22, for about $220 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$;
RGN 23, for about $400 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{s}$.

The following particulars should be supplied with enquiries:

1. operating voltage (primary);
2. frequency;
3. buzzer voltage (secondary);
4. buzzer capacity required or nature of load;
5. to be made with or without case.

Dimensions:
length 115 mm , width 33 mm , height 51.5 mm , weight about 0.33 kg .

# POLE CHANGERS, POLE CHANGER FILTERS 



RH 20002/24


RH $20002 / 24$

POLE CHANGERS

## RH 20002/24 Pole changer

This pole changer is employed in small telephone exchanges to convert D. C. to A. C. (ringing current).

Twenty bells of 1000 ohm resistance each may be connected to the pole changer, which is operated by a 24 V battery.

The instrument is fitted in a case of polished oak. Pole changers for other voltages may be supplied on request.

Dimensions:
height 300 mm , width 210 mm , depth 190 mm , weight 8.32 kg .

## POLE CHANGER FILTERS

RH 21100/24 Pole changer filter
This filter is intended for inserting between a pole changer RH $20002 / 24$ and a 24 V battery.

When pole changers are employed in a C. B. system, there occurs in the battery an intermittent voltage drop which causes noises in the telephones connected to the battery. The insertion of a filter RH $21100 / 24$ between the battery and the pole changer will considerably attenuate these noises. The battery must be correctly connected at the poles, see diagram below.

The case, which is of enamelled sheet-iron, contains inductance coil, electrolytic condenser and terminal block of insulating material.


Dimensions:
height 158 mm , width 105 mm , depth 108 mm , weight 1.35 kg .

## CONDENSERS, CONDENSER HOLDERS

## PAPER CONDENSERS

These condensers are employed in telephone exchanges, telephone instruments etc. They may also be used in tropical climates.

The condensers are enclosed in an aluminium coloured sheet-metal case and have soldering tags or cords for connection. One case can hold one or more condenser windings.

Some condensers have a screw bolt for fixing. On these condensers the capacity is given on the front. The letters a, b, cand d on the front correspond to I, II, III and IV on the condenser's soldering side.

Capacity tolerance:
The capacity does not deviate more than $\pm 10 \%$ from the value marked.

## Insulation:

The insulation between the covers after one minute's electrification at $100 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{D.C}$. . tension is not less than the value $\mathrm{RC}=200 \mathrm{megohm} \times \mu \mathrm{F}$; the insulation between the covers and the case after one minute's electrification at 100 V D. C. tension is not less than 2000 megohm.

Test voltage:
The condensers will stand one minute of 500 V D. C. tension between the covers and 1000 V D. C. tension between the covers and the case without the electrical properties being altered.

## RKA 1010—RKA 1446 Condensers

These condensers are used in manual and automatic exchanges etc.
The case which can hold up to four condenser cells has a screwbolt with thread G2 for fixing and soldering tags for connection.
Mounting requires a washer SCE 12301 and a nut $0-128$, which are included.


RKA 1010-RKA 1040
Dimensions:
A 31 mm, B 44 mm, C 40.5 mm , D 55.5 mm , weight about 0.09 kg .

|  | replacing | capacity |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | a | b | c | d |
|  |  | $\mu \mathrm{F}$ | ${ }^{\prime} \mathrm{F}$ | ${ }^{\prime} \mathrm{F}$ | ${ }_{\mu} \mathrm{F}$ |
| RKA 1010 | RI 148 | 1/4 | - | - | - |
| RKA 1020 | - | 1 | 1 | - | - |
| RKA 1040 | RI 291 | $1 / 4$ | 1/4 | 1/4 | 1/4 |



RKA 1120

## RKA 1110-RKA 1142

Dimensions:
A 31 mm, B 44 mm, C 70.5 mm , D 85.5 mm , weight about 0.17 kg .

|  | replacing | capacity |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | a | b | c | d |
|  |  | ${ }^{\prime} \mathrm{F}$ | $\mu \mathrm{F}$ | $\mu \mathrm{F}$ | ${ }^{\mu} \mathrm{F}$ |
| RKA 1110 | RI 596 | 2 | - | - | - |
| RKA 1111 | RI 263 | 1 | - | - | - |
| RKA 1112 | RI 161 | 1/4 | - | - | - |
| RKA 1120 | RI 595 | 2 | 2 | - | - |
| RKA 1121 | RI 606 | 1 | 2 | - | - |
| RKA 1122 | - | 1 | 1 | - | - |
| RKA 1123 | RI 114 | 1/4 | 1/4 | - | - |
| RKA 1130 | RI 288 | 1/4 | 1 | 1 | - |
| RKA 1131 | - | $1 / 4$ | 1/10 | 1/10 | - |
| RKA 1140 | RI 290 | 1 | 1 | $1 / 4$ | $1 / 4$ |



RKA 1010-RKA 1142


RKA 1230


RKA 1210-RKA 1230


RKA 1340

|  | replacing | capacity |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | a | b | c | d |
|  |  | ${ }_{10} \mathrm{~F}$ | $\mu \mathrm{F}$ | ${ }^{\prime} \mathrm{F}$ | ${ }^{\mu} \mathrm{F}$ |
| RKA 1141 | - | 2 | 1/4 | 1/4 | 1/4 |
| RKA 1142 | - | 1/2 | 1/2 | 1/2 | 1/2 |

RKA 1210-RKA 1230
These condensers may be insulated when fixing and this requires an insulating washer 211413, an insulating tube 0-15931 and an insulating washer SRB 12701 all to be ordered separately.

Dimensions:
A 24 mm, B 45.5 mm, C 90.5 mm, D 105.5 mm , weight about 0.18 kg .

|  | replacing | capacity |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | a | $b$ | c |
|  |  | ${ }_{\mu} \mathrm{F}$ | $\mu \mathrm{F}$ | ${ }_{\mu} \mathrm{F}$ |
| RKA 1210 | - | 2 | - | - |
| RKA 1220 | RI 609 | 2 | 2 | - |
| RKA 1221 | RI 608 | 1 | 2 | - |
| RKA 1222 | RI 208 | 1/2 | 1/2 | - |
| RKA 1230 | R1 289 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

RKA 1310-RKA 1341
Dimensions:
A 28.3 mm, B 53.6 mm, C 97.5 mm , D 112.5 mm , weight about 0.23 kg .

|  | replacing | capacity |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | a | b | c | d |
|  |  | ${ }_{u} \mathrm{~F}$ | $\mu \mathrm{F}$ | $\mu \mathrm{F}$ | ${ }_{\mu} \mathrm{F}$ |
| RKA 1310 | RI 591 | 2 | - | - | - |
| RKA 1320 | RI 593 | 2 | 2 | - | - |
| RKA 1330 | RI 603 | 1/4 | 2 | 2 | - |
| RKA 1340 | RI 610 | 1 | 1/2 | 1/2 | 1/4 |
| RKA 1341 | RI 589 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1/10 |



RKA 1430


RKA 1310-RKA 1446

## RKA 1410-RKA 1446*

Dimensions:
A 31 mm, B 48.5 mm, C 97.5 mm, D 112.5 mm , weight about 0.22 kg .

|  | capacity |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | a | b | c | d |
|  | ${ }^{\mu} \mathrm{F}$ | $\mu \mathrm{F}$ | $\mu \mathrm{F}$ | $\mu \mathrm{F}$ |
| RKA 1410 | 2 | - | - | - |
| RKA 1420 | 2 | 2 | - | - |
| RKA 1421 | 1 | 1 | - | - |
| RKA 1422 | 1/4 | 1/4 | - | - |
| RKA 1430 | 2 | 2 | 1 | - |
| RKA 1440 | 2 | 2 | 1/4 | 1/4 |
| RKA 1441 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1/4 |
| RKA 1442 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| RKA 1443 | 1 | 1 | 1/4 | 1/4 |
| RKA 1444 | 1/4 | 1/4 | $1 / 4$ | 1/4 |
| RKA 1445 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1/10 |
| RKA 1446 | 2 | 1/4 | 1/4 | 1/4 |

* These condensers can be mounted in the same space as for relays RAB, RAC


## RKA 7010—RKA 9920 Condensers

These condensers are used in telephone instruments etc.
RKA 7010-RKA 7220 have soldering tags for connection and RKA 9920 has cords. They are fixed with holders.

Holders recommended are 133593-218867/2 and 133804, 133488.

RKA 7010, RKA 7012
Dimensions:
A 12 mm, B 43 mm, C 50 mm, D 59 mm , weight about 0.05 kg .

|  | replacing | capacity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\mu \mathrm{F}$ |
| RKA 7010 |  | 1 |
| RKA 7011 260 | $1 / 2$ |  |
| RKA 7012 | RI 205 | $1 / 4$ |

## RKA 7110-RKA 7121

Dimensions:
A 20 mm , B 43 mm, C 50 mm , D 59 mm , weight about 0.07 kg .

|  | replacing | capacity |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | C1 | C2 |
|  |  | $\mu \mathrm{F}$ | $\mu \mathrm{F}$ |
| RKA 7110 | RI 654 | 2 | - |
| RKA 7120 | RI 286 | 1 | 1 |
| RKA 7121 | RI 258 | 1 | 0.12 |

## RKA 7220--KKA 7222

Dimensions:
A 12 mm, B 65 mm, C 58 mm, D 67.5 mm , weight about 0.09 kg .

|  | replacing | capacity |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | C1 | C2 |  |
|  |  | $\mu \mathrm{F}$ | $\mu \mathrm{F}$ |
|  | RI 248 | 1 | $1 / 4$ |
| RKA 7221 | - | $1 / 4$ | $1 / 4$ |
| RKA 7222 | - | $1 / 2$ | $1 / 2$ |

## RKA 9920



RKA 992 C

Dimensions:
length 70.3 mm , width 29.5 mm , depth 21 mm , length of cord 100 mm ; weight about 0.08 kg .

| RKA 9920 | capacity |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 | II |
|  | RI 292 | $\mu \mathrm{F}$ | $\mu \mathrm{F}$ |
|  | 1 | 1 |  |

## ELECTROLYTIC CONDENSERS

These condensers, which are of the semi-dry type and designed for D. C., are used in automatic exchanges etc.
The condensers are enclosed in an aluminium coloured case and have two soldering tags and one screwbolt with thread G2 for fixing. The condenser must be connected correctly at the poles, so the soldering tags are marked with the - and + signs, the latter in a red ground.
Mounting requires a washer SCE 12301 and a nut $0-128$, which are included.

Capacity tolerance:
the capacity does not deviate more than $+100 \%$ of the value marked.

Dielectric losses:
the dielectric losses are in general higher than with paper condensers though in normal cases they are insignificant.
The leakage current measured at $+20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ after one minute's connection to the indicated voltage is not more than $0.05 \mathrm{~mA} / \mu \mathrm{F}$.


## RKG 1001—RKG 1006 Condensers

## Dimensions:

A 31 mm, B 48.5 mm , C 97.5 mm , D 112.5 mm , weight about 0.24 kg .

|  | rated <br> voltage | capacity | operating <br> voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\vee$ | $\mu \mathrm{F}$ | $V$ |
| RKG 1001 | 35 | 200 | 24 |
| RKG 1002 | 45 | 150 | 36 |
| RKG 1003 | 55 | 100 | 48 |
| RKG 1004 | 55 | 50 | 48 |
| RKG 1005 | 35 | 25 | 24 |
| RKG 1006 | 45 | 25 | 36 |

## CONDENSER HOLDERS

## 133593, 138321, 218867/1, 218867/2 Holders

These holders are employed for fixing condensers $R K A 70$ and $R K A 71$.

The holders are of black enamelled sheet-iron and have two fixing holes.

133593 and 138321 fit the width of the condenser. 218867/1 and 218867/2 fit the condenser's length.

Fixing screws are to be ordered separetely.
Dimensions: see table.


133593-218867/2


133488


133804, 133488

|  | for <br> condenser | A | B | dia- <br> meter <br> of hole | weight |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | mm | mm | mm | kg |
| 133593 | RKA 70 | 43.2 | 11.8 | 3 | 0.008 |
| 138321 | RKA 71 | 43.2 | 19.8 | 3 | 0.039 |
| $218867 / 1$ | RKA 70 | 50.5 | 11.5 | 3.4 | 0.011 |
| $218867 / 2$ | RKA 71 | 50.5 | 19.5 | 3.4 | 0.012 |

## 133804, 133488 Holders

These condenser holders are employed for fixing condensers RKA 70-RKA 72.

The holders are of grey enamelled sheet-iron and have an oval fixing hole $3.5 \times 5.75 \mathrm{~mm}$.

Fixing screw is to be ordered separately.
Dimensions: see table.

|  | for <br> condenser | A | B | weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | mm | mm | kg |
| 133804 | RKA 70, RKA 72 |  |  |  |
| 133488 | RKA 71 | 11.5 | 25 | 0.003 |
|  |  | 19.6 | 25 | 0.004 |

## Filling-up blocks for condensers



Filling-up block

In certain telephone instruments of older construction condensers with $112 \times 43 \times 25 \mathrm{~mm}$ external dimensions are used.

Condensers with these dimensions are no longer made but have been replaced by new condensers, e.g., RKA 7010-RKA 7110, which are smaller. As the condensers in these older instruments served also as foundation for the instrument's induction coil it is necessary, when replacing by one of the newer condensers, that a filling-up block should be used.
With orders for condensers RKA 7010, RKA 7011 and $R K A 7110$ the filling block is delivered on request.

Dimensions:
length 112 mm , width 43 mm , thickness 25 mm , weight 0.05 kg .

## TELEPHONE HANDSETS RECEIVERS, LARYNGOPHONES ETC.

## TRANSMITTER INSETS

RLA 1201 Transmitter inset for manager's telephone

This transmitter inset is specially designed for manager's telephone plants.
The inset case and cap are of white boiled brass. The transmitter carbon and the carbon diaphragm are
polished. The carbon filling consists of carbon balls, and the rated resistance is 40 ohm.

## Dimensions:

diameter 51.5 mm , thickness of case 12.5 mm , weight 0.44 kg .

## RLA 1604 - RLA 1712 Transmitter insets

These transmitter insets have plunger electrodes, by means of which current interruption in the inset is avoided. They can also be employed in tropical climates.
The inset frame and the protective cover are of white boiled brass. The inset frame has detachable carbon chamber of pressed material. The carbon filling consists of granules. The diaphragm is of metal.

For changing the carbon granules there is a special tool LTD 1001 and a carbon granule filler LTS 1001, see page 335 .

RLA 1604 - RLA 1612 are intended for bakelite RLF 1001, RLF 1001 T, RLF 1002 etc.

They replace the star insets type RLA 10, RLA 14, hitherto used.

## Dimensions:

diameter 51.7 mm , thickness of case 17.7 mm , weight 0.053 kg .

|  | carbon | intended for$\qquad$ | replacing designation | old transmitter |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | carbon | indicated resistance |
|  |  |  |  |  | ohm |
| RLA 1604 | RLY 1304 | LB | RLA 1004 (RC 4000/40) RLA 1404 | RLY 1306 | 40 |
| RLA 1606 | RLY 1306 | - | RLA 1003 <br> RLA 1403 | RLY 1310 | 60 |
| RLA 1610 | RLY 1310 | - | RLA 1002 <br> RLA 1402 | RLY 1315 | 100 |
| RLA 1612 | RLY 1320 | CB | RLA 1001 (RC 4000/200) RLA 1401 | RLY 1325 | 200 |



RLA:10, RLA 14 with old side springs. Outline of RLA_16 dotted in. is


RLA 16 with side springs 253060 or 253051


RLA 1704-RLA 1712

The dimensions of the new inset RLA 16 differ somewhat from those of the old one. Notwithstanding this the new inset may be used in bakelite handsets, but the side spring of the terminal block must then be changed. Suitable springs are:

253060, for handset without key; 253061, for handset with key.

If the required spring is not available, the existing spring can be bent up so that a proper contact with the transmitter inset cap is obtained.

RLA 1704 - RLA 1712 are of particularly light type. They are designed for headsets RLF 2001, RLF 2002 etc.

They have inset frame and protective cap in aluminium and are provided with two threaded pins for the connection of the connection cord. Otherwise these insets are made the same as type RLA 16.

## Dimensions:

diameter 51.7 mm , thickness of case 17.7 mm , weight 0.023 kg .

|  | carbon | designed <br> for |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
| RLA 1704 | RLY 1304 | LB |
| RLA 1706 | RLY 1306 | - |
| RLA 1710 | RLY 1310 | - |
| RLA 1712 | RLY 1320 | CB |

## RLA 8001-RLA 8003 Transmitter insets for laryngophones

These transmitter insets are specially designed for laryngophones RLB 8001 and laryngophones RLH 1001 etc.

The transmitter case is of white boiled brass and the cap of black insulating material. The carbon electrodes are of special construction. The carbon filling consists of carbon granules.
Dimensions:
diameter 34 mm , thickness 18 mm , weight 0.02 kg .

|  | rated <br> resistance |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | ohm |
| RLA 8001 | 40 |
| RLA 8002 8003 | 200 |

## RLA 8101 Transmitter inset for laryngophones

This transmitter inset is used in conjunction with laryngophones RLB 8101 and RLB 8102.

The inset case is of aluminium. The carbon electrodes are of special construction. The carbon filling consists of carbon granules and the rated resistance is 40 ohm.
Dimensions:
diameter 21 mm , thickness 11.5 mm , weight 0.008 kg .

## LARYNGOPHONES

Laryngophones are used in places where there is such loud noise that conversation with normal telephones cannot be carried on. They are intended to be combined with telephone receivers.
The laryngophones are equipped with one or two special insets, which are lightly pressed against the larynx. When speaking the larynx vibrations are transmitted direct to the microphone diaphragm, which is not affected by extraneous noise.

The speech is reproduced purely and clearly. The laryngophone insets are fitted in a bakelite case and are exchangeable. Some of the laryngophones are furnished with two-conductor fully vulcanized rubber cord.


RLB 8001


RLB 8010


RLB 8011

[.RLB 8020


RLB 8101


RLB 8102

## RLB 8001-RLB 8020 Laryngophones, single

RLB 8001 has adjustable elastic strap, inset RLA 8001, 40 ohm , but is without cord.
Weight 0.05 kg .

RLB 8010 has adjustable elastic strap, inset RLA 8001, 40 ohm , cord TRS $3202,2500 \mathrm{~mm}$, with a cast-in plug, 6.3 mm , to fit tappings PR 501, PR 520.
Weight 0.15 kg .

RLB 8011 has adjustable elastic strap, inset RLA 8001, 40 ohm , cord TRS $3203,560 \mathrm{~mm}$, with two connection eyes.
Weight 0.07 kg .

RLB 8020 has spring throat clip, diameter about 105 mm , inset RLA 8001, 40 ohm, cord TRS 3219, 800 mm , with two connection eyes.
Weight 0.1 kg .

RLB 8101, RLB 8102 Laryngophones, double
These laryngophones have adjustable leather strap on which are fitted two insets connected in series. The connecting cord between the insets has the designation 240435/1.

RLB 8101 has insets RLA 8101, 40 ohm, cord TRS 3212, 1530 mm , with a cast-in plug with banana contacts. Distance between contact points is 15 mm .
Weight 0.15 kg .
RLB 8102 has insets RLA 8101, 40 ohm, cord TRS 3218, 1530 mm , with bright wire ends for connecting.
Weight 0.11 kg .

## RECEIVERS

## RLD 1001—RLD 1004 Receivers (RLD 1001 replaces RD 305/01)



RLD 1001RLD 1004


RLD 1001RLD 1104


RLD 1001, mounted
These receivers are used as extra receivers in conjunction with bakelit table instruments. They may be used in tropical climates if equipped with vulcanized cord. Those receivers which are normally equipped with rubber tube cords retain these also in tropical execution. The letter $T$ after the designation, e.g., RLD 1001 T, indicate tropical execution, see table.
The receivers are of bakelite, in three different colours, see table. The cord is fitted with connection eyes.
A suitable cradle for fixing to the table instrument is RLY 1005.

## Dimensions:

diameter 66 mm , depth 37 mm , weight about 0.2 kg .

|  | colour | receiver inset |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { receiver } \\ & \text { cap* } \end{aligned}$ | $c o r d$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | designation | resistance |  | designation | number of conductors | length |
|  |  |  | ohm |  |  |  | mm |
| $\begin{array}{ll} \text { RLD } & 1001 \\ \text { RLD } & 1001 \mathrm{~T} \end{array}$ | black | RLD 5002 | 120 | 0-14965 | TRS 1201 <br> TRS 5201 | 2 | 1250 |
| $\begin{array}{ll} \text { RLD } & 1002 \\ \text { RLD } & 1002 \mathrm{~T} \end{array}$ | mahogany | RLD 5002 | 120 | 0-14965 | TRS 1201 TRS 5201 | 2 | 1250 |
| $\begin{array}{ll} \text { RLD } & 1003 \\ \text { RLD } & 1003 \mathrm{~T} \end{array}$ | white | RLD 5002 | 120 | 0-14965 | TRS 2203 <br> TRS 2203 | 2 | 1250 |
| $\begin{array}{ll} \text { RLD } & 1004 \\ \text { RLD } & 1004 \mathrm{~T} \end{array}$ | black | RLD 5002 | 120 | 0-14965 | TRS 2204 <br> TRS 2204 | 2 | 380 |

[^4]
## RLD 1101—RLD 1104 Receivers with suspension eye

(RLD 1101 replaces RD 315/01)
These receivers, which have suspension eye, are used as extra receivers in conjunction with bakelite wall instruments. They may be used in tropical climates if equipped with vulcanized cord. Those receivers which are normally equipped with rubber tube cords retain these also in tropical execution. The letter $T$ after the designation, e.g., RLD 1101 T, indicates tropical execution, see table.

The receivers are of bakelite with suspension eye 138471 of nickel-plated brass. Some of the receivers have rubber pad, the object of which is to exclude disturbing noise. The cord is furnished with connection eyes. Suitable hook for hanging to wall instrument is RLY 1004.

## Dimensions:

diameter 66 mm , depth 37 mm , depth with rubber pad 42 mm , weight about 0.21 kg .

Diagram, see page 142.

|  | colour | receiver inset |  | receivercap | $c o r d$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | designation | resistance |  | designation | number of conductors | length |
|  | black | RLD 5002 | ohm | 0-14965 |  | 2 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{mm} \\ 1250 \end{gathered}$ |
| RLD 1101 |  |  | 120 |  | TRS 1201 |  |  |
| RLD 1101 T |  |  |  |  | TRS 5201 |  |  |
| RLD 1102 | black | RLD 5002 | 120 | 214157 * | TRS 2202 | 2 | 1500 |
| RLD 1102 T |  |  |  |  | TRS 2202 |  |  |
| RLD 1103 | black | RLD 5002 | 120 | 214157* | TRS 3215 | 2 | 1250 |
| RLD 1103 T |  |  |  |  | TRS 3215 |  |  |
| RLD 1104 RLD 1104 T | black | RLD 5002 | 120 | 0-14965 | TRS 1206 TRS 5206 | 2 | 1500 |
| RLD 1104 T |  |  |  |  | TRS 5206 |  |  |

## RLD 2001-RLD 2003 Receivers with handle and support end



RLD 2001 RLD 2002


RLD 2003


RLD 2001RLD 2102

These receivers, which have a special support piece, are used as extra receivers on ships telephone instruments, e.g., DGT 2101.

The receivers are of bakelite and some of the receiver caps have rubber pad to exclude disturbing noise. They have rubber cords with connection eyes. The cord lead-in is furnished with watertight screw cap.

## Dimensions:

length 186 mm , width 66 mm , depth for RLD 2001, RLD 2002, 70 mm , depth for RLD 2003,65 mm, weight about 0.43 kg .

|  | colour | receiver inset |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { receiver } \\ & \text { cap } \end{aligned}$ | c ord |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | designation | resistance |  | designation | number of conductors | length |
|  |  |  | ohm |  |  |  | mm |
| RLD 2001 | black | RLD 5001 | 40 | 214157* | TRS 2201 | 2 | 1500 |
| RLD 2002 | black | RLD 5002 | 120 | 214157* | TRS 2201 | 2 | 1500 |
| RLD 2003 | black | RLD 5002 | 120 | 0-14965 | TRS 2201 | 2 | 1500 |

- With rubber pad

RLD 2101, RLD 2102 Receivers with handle and suspension eye
(replacing RD 210 and RD 220)
These receivers differ from RLD 2001-RLD 2002 only in that they have suspension eye instead of support end. They are employed in conjunction with telephone instruments, e.g., DAS 1101.

## Dimensions:

length 213 mm , width 66 mm , depth 70 mm , weight 0.45 kg .

Diagram, see above.


* With rubber pad


## RLD 3101, RLD 3102 Receivers, single, with head-strap



RLD 3101


RLD 3102


RLD 3101, RLD 3102, RLD 3301

These receivers are used as extra receivers on field telephone instruments etc.

The receivers have case of black bakelite with cast-in magnet coils, receiver cap 220890 with rubber pad 214456 and receiver diaphragm 180683. They are extra light and are affixed to the head by two adjustable straps of chrome leather, and are equipped with twoconductor vulcanized rubber cord.

RLD 3101 has 120 ohm resistance. It has cord TRS $3205,1000 \mathrm{~mm}$, with cast-in connecting pin to fit the jack case in plug RPT 5141, length of connection tip 17 mm and diameter 3.9 mm .

Weight 0.15 kg .

RLD 3102 has 120 ohm resistance. It has cord TRS $3211,1025 \mathrm{~mm}$, with connection eyes.

Weight 0.14 kg .

RLD 3301 Receiver, single, with head band


RLD 3301

This receiver is of light-weight type and intended for use as extra receiver. It can also be used in tropical climates. It has a spring head band of surface finished aluminium.

The receiver case is in black bakelite and the receiver coils, which are fixed, have a resistance of $120(2 \times 60)$ ohms.

The receiver diaphragm has designation 180683 and the receiver cap 220890.

Rubber pad 214456 fits the cap and serves to exclude disturbing noise.

The receiver cord is a two-conductor cord, with designation TRS 5201 , length of cord 420 mm . The cord has black braiding of mercerized cotton yarn. For connection the cord is provided with connecting eyes.

Weight 0.14 kg .
Diagram, see page 145.

## RLD 3401—RLD 3404 Receivers, double

These receivers are used as extra receivers, radio receivers etc.

They have receiver cases in black bakelite with magnet coils cast in, receiver cap 220890 and receiver diaphragm 180683. The receivers, which are light weight, are attached to the head by a spring band of surface finished steel. The receiver cases are adjustable so that they can be comfortably fitted to the ears. The two receiver cases are connected in series and connected to a two-conductor cord.

Rubber pad 214456 fits the cap and serves to exclude extraneous noise.


RLD 3401

RLD 3401 has $2 \times 120$ ohm resistance (replacing RF 1340 )

It has vulcanized cord TRS 3206, 1350 mm , with cast-in plug having two contact pins. Length of contact pin 20 mm and diameter 4 mm , distance between pins 15 mm .

Weight 0.26 kg .

RLD 3402 has $2 \times 120$ ohm resistance.
(replacing RF 1344)
It has cord with black mercerized cotton braiding TRS 6201, 1350 mm , with two contact pins. Diameter of contact pins 1.5 mm .

Weight 0.2 kg .

RLD 3403 has $2 \times 2000$ ohm resistance.
(replacing RF 1333)
It has vulcanized cord $T R S$ 3207, 1350 mm , with cast-in two-pole plug to fit tappings PR 501, PR 520.

Weight 0.27 kg .

RLD 3404 has $2 \times 2000$ ohm resistance.
(replacing RF 1341)
It has cord with black mercerized cotton braiding, TRS 6201, 1350 mm , with two contact pins. Diameter of contact pins 1.5 mm .

Weight 0.2 kg .

## RECEIVER INSETS

## RLD 5001—RLD 5005 Receiver insets

These receiver insets are used in handsets and extra receivers of bakelite.

The inset case is of white boiled brass with diaphragm 180683 of special alloy sheet-metal. The magnet 302222 |1, which is of cobalt steel, is attached to the back of the case. The coil frames are of bakelite.
Fixing requires two screws G3 C10 M05, to be ordered separately.
Dimensions:
diameter 56 mm , depth 25 mm , weight 0.1 kg .

|  | replacing | coils | resistance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| RLD 5001 | RD 4000/40 | RCM 10102 | $40(2 \times 20)$ |
| RLD 5002 | RD 4000/120 | RCM 10101 | $120(2 \times 60)$ |
| RLD 5003 | - | RCM 10104 | $2000(2 \times 1000)$ |
| RLD 5004 | - | RCM 10103 | $2400(2 \times 1200)$ |
| RLD 5005 | - | RCM 10105 | $60(2 \times 30)$ |

## HANDSETS

## RLD 1001—RLF 1034 Handsets

These handsets are used in conjunction with telephone instruments etc. They may be used in tropical climates if they are equipped with vulcanized cord TRS 53TRS 54. Those handsets that are normally equipped with rubber cords TRS 23 -TRS 34 retain these also in tropical execution. The letter $T$ after the designation, e.g., RLF 1001 T, indicates tropical execution, see table.

The handsets are of bakelite. They are made in three different colours and differ in appearance in respect of cords, transmitter cap and receiver cap, see tables.
There are two kinds of transmitter cap: with or without funnel. Some of the receiver caps have rubber
pad, the object of which is to exclude disturbing noise.


RLF 1007


RLF 1018 The cords have connecting eyes.

Dimensions:
length 233 mm , width 66 mm , depth: with cap 80 mm , with funnel 100 mm ; weight about 0.52 kg .

The handsets have transmitter cap, transmitter ring and receiver cap in accordance with table below; colour desired must be stated with order.

RLF 1001, 1003, 1005
RLF 1007, 1009, 1011
RLF 1012,1013
RLF 1014, 1016, 1017
RLF 1018
RLF 1019, 1020, 1022 , 1024
RLF 1026, 1027
RLF 1028
RLF 1030, 1032
RLF 1034
With rubber pad
For other parts, see following table. Diagram, see page 158.



## $150$

## RLF 1052—RLF 1053 Handsets with four-pole plug



RLF 1052, RLF 1053

These handsets resemble RLF 1001 in appearance, but have a four pole plug RPT 5042 instead of connection eyes. For general description, see RLF 1001 - RLF 1034.

They have transmitter cap 180717, transmitter ring 180718 and receiver cap 0-14965.
For other parts, see following table. Diagram, see page 158.

|  | replacing | colour | diagram | transmitter inset |  | receiver inset |  | $c o r d$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | designation | $\begin{gathered} \text { re- } \\ \text { sist- } \\ \text { ance } \end{gathered}$ | designation | $\begin{aligned} & \text { re- } \\ & \text { sist- } \\ & \text { ance } \end{aligned}$ | designation | number of con-ductors | length |
|  |  |  |  |  | ohm |  | ohm |  |  | mm |
| $\begin{array}{\|ll\|} \text { RLF } & 1052 \\ \text { RLF } & 1052 \text { T T } \end{array}$ | RE 1034 | black | 4 | RLA 1604 | 40 | RLD 5002 | 120 | TRS 1402 <br> TRS 5402 | 4 | 1250 |
| RLF 1053 | RE 1035 | black | 4 | RLA 1612 | 200 | RLD 5002 | 120 | TRS 1402 | 4 | 1250 |
| RLF 1053 T |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | TRS 5402 |  |  |

## RLF 1071—RLF 1091 Handsets

These handsets resemble RLF 1001 in appearance but they have a transmitter resistance suited to telephone instruments connected to other telephone systems than those of L. M Ericsson.

For general description, see RLF 1001-RLF 1034.
They have transmitter cap, transmitter ring and receiver cap according to table below; colour desired must he stated with order.

|  | transmitter <br> cap | transmitter <br> ring | receiver <br> cap |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RLF 1071, 1073, 1075 | 180717 | 180718 | $0-14965$ |
| RLF 1076, 1078, 1080 | 180717 | 180718 | $0-14965$ |
| RLF 1081, 1083, 1085 | 138021 | 180718 | $0-14965$ |
| RLF 1086,1088, 1090 | 138021 | 180718 | $0-14965$ |
| RLF 1091 | 138021 | 180718 | $0-14965$ |

For other parts, see following table. Diagram, see page 158.

|  | replacing | colour | diagram | transmitter set |  | receiver inset |  | $c o r d$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | designation | $\begin{aligned} & \text { re- } \\ & \text { sist- } \\ & \text { ance } \end{aligned}$ | designation | $\begin{aligned} & \text { re- } \\ & \text { sist- } \\ & \text { ance } \end{aligned}$ | designation | number of con-ductors | length |
|  |  | black | 1 | RLA 1610 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ohm } \\ & 100 \end{aligned}$ | RLD 5002 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ohm } \\ & 120 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TRS } 1302 \\ & \text { TRS } 5302 \end{aligned}$ | 3 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{mm} \\ 1250 \end{gathered}$ |
| RLF 1071 | RLF $10 \times 04$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RLF 1071 T | RLF $10 \times 30$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RLF 1073 | RLF $10 \times 43$ | mahogany | 1 | RLA 1610 | 100 | RLD 5002 | 120 | TRS 1302 | 3 | 1250 |
| RLF 1073 T | RLF $10 \times 67$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | TRS 5302 |  |  |
| RLF 1075 | RLF $10 \times 44$ | white | 1 | RLA 1610 | 100 | RLD 5002 | 120 | TRS 2302 | 3 | 1250 |
| RLF 1076 | RLF $10 \times 11$ | black | 1 | RLA 1606 | 60 | RLD 5002 | 120 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TRS } 1302 \\ & \text { TRS } 5302 \end{aligned}$ | 3 | 1250 |
| RLF 1076 T | RLF $10 \times 21$ |  | 1 |  | 60 |  |  |  | 3 | 1250 |
| RLF 1078 | RLF $10 \times 24$ | maho- <br> gany |  | RLA 1606 |  | RLD 5002 | 120 | TRS 1302 |  |  |
| RLF 1078 T | RLF $10 \times 24$ T |  |  |  |  |  |  | TRS 5302 |  |  |
| RLF 1080 | RLF $10 \times 14$ | white | 1 | RLA 1606 | 60 | RLD 5002 | 120 | TRS 2302 | 3 | 1250 |
| RLF 1081 | RLF $10 \times 12$ | black | 1 | RLA 1610 | 100 | RLD 5002 | 120 | TRS 1302 | 3 | 1250 |
| RLF 1081 T |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | TRS 5302 |  |  |
| RLF 1083 | RLF $10 \times 70$ | maho- | 1 | RLA 1610 | 100 | RLD 5002 | 120 | TRS 1302 | 3 | 1250 |
| RLF 1083 T | - | gany |  |  |  |  |  | TRS 5302 |  |  |
| RLF 1085 | - | white | 1 | RLA 1610 | 100 | RLD 5002 | 120 | TRS 2302 | 3 | 1250 |
| RLF 1086 | RLF $10 \times 15$ | black | 1 | RLA 1606 | 60 | RLD 5002 | 120 | TRS 1302 | 3 | 1250 |
| RLF 1086 T | RLF $10 \times 45$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | TRS 5302 |  |  |
| RLF 1088 | RLF $10 \times 13$ | maho- | 1 | RLA 1606 | 60 | RLD 5002 | 120 | TRS 1302 | 3 | 1250 |
| RLF 1088 T | RLF $10 \times 35$ | gany |  |  |  |  |  | TRS 5302 |  |  |
| RLF 1090 | - | white | 1 | RLA 1606 | 60 | RLD 5002 | 120 | TRS 2302 | 3 | 1250 |
| RLF 1091 | - | black | 1 | RLA 1610 | 100 | RLD 5001 | 40 | TRS 1302 | 3 | 1250 |
| RLF 1091 T | - |  |  |  |  |  |  | TRS 5302 |  |  |



RLF 1101, RLF 1102

RLF 1101—RLF 1107 Handsets with suspension eyes

These handsets resemble RLF 1001 in appearance but have suspension eyes. For general description, see RLF 1001-RLF 1034.

They have transmitter cap, transmitter ring and receiver cap according to table below.

|  | transmitter <br> cap | transmitter <br> ring | receiver <br> cap |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RLF 1101, 1102 <br> RLF 1104, 1106, 1107 | 138021 | 180718 | $0-14965$ |

For other parts, see following table. Diagram, see page 158.

|  | replacing | colour | $\begin{gathered} \text { dia- } \\ \text { gram } \end{gathered}$ | transmitter inset |  | receiver inset |  | cord |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | designation | $\begin{aligned} & \text { re- } \\ & \text { sist- } \\ & \text { ance } \end{aligned}$ | designation |  | designation | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { num- } \\ \text { ber of } \\ \text { con- } \\ \text { duc- } \\ \text { tors } \end{array}\right\|$ | length |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { RLF } 1101 \\ & \text { RLF } 1101 \text { T } \end{aligned}$ | RE 4037 | black | 1 | RLA 1612 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ohm } \\ & 200 \end{aligned}$ | RLD 5002 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ohm } \\ & 120 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TRS } 1302 \\ & \text { TRS } 5302 \end{aligned}$ | 3 | mm 1250 |
| $\left.\begin{array}{ll} \text { RLF } & 1102 \\ \text { RLF } & 1102 \text { T } \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | RE 4036 | black | 1 | RLA 1604 | 40 | RLD 5002 | 120 | TRS 1302 TRS 5302 | 3 | 1250 |
| $\begin{array}{ll} \text { RLF } & 1104 \\ \text { RLF } & 1104 \mathrm{~T} \end{array}$ | RE 4032 | black | 2 | RLA 1604 | 40 | RLD 5002 | 120 | TRS 1401 TRS 5401 | 4 | 1250 |
| RLF 1106 RLF 1106 T | RE 4034 | black | 3 | RLA 1604 | 40 | RLD 5002 | 120 | TRS 1402 <br> TRS 5402 | 4 | 1250 |
| RLF 1107 <br> RLF 1107 T | RE 4035 | black | 3 | RLA 1612 | 200 | RLD 5002 | 120 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TRS } 1402 \\ & \text { TRS } 5402 \end{aligned}$ | 4 | 1250 |

RLF 1152 Handset with suspension eye and four-pole plug

This handset resembles RLF 1001 in appearance but has suspension eye and four-pole plug RPT 5042. For general description, see RLF 1001 - RLF 1034.

It has transmitter cap 180717, transmitter ring 180718 and receiver cap 0-14965.

For other parts, see following table. Diagram, see page 158.

|  | colour | diagram | transmitter inset |  | receiver inset |  | $c o r d$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | designation | resistance | designation | resistance | designation | ```number of conduc- tors``` | length |
| RLF 1152 <br> RLF 1152 T | black | 4 | RLA 1604 | ohm 40 | RLD 5002 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ohm } \\ & 120 \end{aligned}$ | TRS 1402 TRS 5402 | 4 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{mm} \\ 1250 \end{gathered}$ |



RLF 1201


RLF 1206

RLF 1214

## RLF 1201—RLF 1214 Handsets with key

These handsets resemble RLF 1001 in appearance but have a key with make or break contacts, see diagrams. For general description, see RLF 1001-RLF 1034.

They have transmitter cap, transmitter ring and receiver cap according to table below.

|  | transmitter <br> cap | transmitter <br> ring | receiver <br> cap |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RLF 1201, 1202, 1204 | 138021 | 180718 | $0-14965$ |
| RLF 1206 | 180717 | 180718 | $0-14965$ |
| RLF 1208, 1210 | 138021 | 180718 | $0-14965$ |
| RLF 1212 | 180717 | 180718 | $0-14965$ |
| RLF 1214 | 138021 | 180718 | $214157 *$ |

* With rubber pad

For other parts, see following table. Diagram, see page 158.


|  | colour | diagram | transmitter inset |  | receiver inset |  | $c o r d$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | designation | resistance | designation | resistance | designation | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { conduc- } \\ \text { tors } \end{array}\right\|$ | length |
|  |  |  |  | ohm |  | ohm |  |  | mm |
| RLF 1204 <br> RLF 1204 T | black | 9 | RLA 1604 | 40 | RLD 5002 | 120 | TRS 3402 TRS 3402 | $4$ | 1025 |
| RLF 1206 <br> RLF 1206 T | black | 6 | RLA 1604 | 40 | RLD 5002 | 120 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TRS } 1302 \\ & \text { TRS } 5302 \end{aligned}$ | 3 | 1250 |
| RLF 1208 <br> RLF 1208 T | black | 13 | RLA 1604 | 40 | RLD 5002 | 120 | TRS 3402 <br> TRS 3402 | 4 | 1025 |
| RLF 1210 <br> RLF 1210 T | black | 5 | RLA 1604 | 40 | RLD 5001 | 40 | TRS 1202 <br> TRS 5202 | 2 | 1250 |
| RLF 1212 <br> RLF 1212 T | black | 9 | RLA 1604 | 40 | RLD 5002 | 120 | TRS 1402 TRS 5402 | 4 | 1250 |
| RLF 1214 <br> RLF 1214 T | black | 13 | RLA 1604 | 40 | RLD 5002 | 120 | TRS 3402 TRS 3402 | 4 | 1025 |

RLF 1252, RLF 1254 Handsets with key and four-pole plug


RLF 1252


RLF 1254

These handsets resemble RLF 1001 in appearance but have a key with make contact and four-pole plug RPT 5141, see diagrams.

For general description, see RLF 1001 - RLF 1034.

They have transmitter cap, transmitter ring and receiver cap according to table below.

|  | transmitter cap | transmitter ring | receiver cap |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| RLF 1252 | 138021 | 180718 | $214157 *$ |
| RLF 1254 | 138021 | 180718 | $0-14965$ |

- With rubber pad

For other parts, see following table. Diagram, see page 158.

|  | colour | diagram | transmitter inset |  | receiver inset |  | $c o r d$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | designation | resistance | designation | resistance | designation | number of conductors | length |
|  | black | 11 | RLA 1604 | ohm | RLD 5002 | ohm |  | 44 | mm |
| RLF 1252 |  |  |  | 40 |  | 120 | TRS 3401 |  | 1025 |
| RLF 1252 T |  |  |  |  |  |  | TRS 3401 |  |  |
| RLF 1254 | black | 12 | RLA 1604 | 40 | RLD 5002 | 120 | TRS 3401 |  | 1025 |
| RLF 1254 T |  |  |  |  |  |  | TRS 3401 |  |  |

RLF 1302, RLF 1303 Handsets with suspension eye and key


RLF 1302


RLF 1303

These handsets resemble RLF 1001 in appearance but have suspension eye and key with one make contact. For general description, see RLF 1001-RLF 1034.

They have transmitter cap, transmitter ring and receiver cap according to table below.

|  | transmitter cap | transmitter ring | receiver cap |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RLF 1302 | 180717 | 180718 |
| RLF 1303 | 138021 | 180718 | $0-14965$ |

For other parts, see following table. Diagram, see page 158.

|  | replacing | colour | $\begin{aligned} & \text { dia- } \\ & \text { gram } \end{aligned}$ | transmitter inset |  | receiver inset |  | cord |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | designafion | $\begin{aligned} & \text { re- } \\ & \text { sist- } \end{aligned}$ ance | designation | $\begin{gathered} \text { re- } \\ \text { sist- } \end{gathered}$ ance | designation | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \text { num- } \\ \text { ber of } \\ \text { con- } \\ \text { duc- } \\ \text { tors } \end{array}$ | length |
| RLF 1302 <br> RLF 1302 T | RLF $13 \times 03$ - | black | 8 | RLA 1604 | ohm $40$ | RLD 5002 | ohm 120 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TRS } 1401 \\ & \text { TRS } 5401 \end{aligned}$ | 4 | mm 1250 |
| RLF 1303 <br> RLF 1303 T | RLF $13 \times 06$ | black | 9 | RLA 1612 | 200 | RLD 5002 | 120 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TRS } 1402 \\ & \text { TRS } 5402 \end{aligned}$ | 4 | 1250 |

## RLF 1401 Handset with key and dial for tests



RLF 1401

These handsets are used by fitters and exchange staff for test and line work.

The handset has a key with a make in the handle, and a dial RGA 1010 on the back of the transmitter case. It is equipped with condenser and has rubber tube cord with crocodile clamps for connection. The handset can be supplied with leather case, receiving then the designation DPC 1001.
It has transmitter cap 138021, transmitter ring 180718 and receiver cap 0-14965.
For other parts, see following table. Diagram, see page 158.

|  | colour | diagram | transmitter inset |  | receiver inset |  | $c o r d$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | designation | resistance | designation | resistance | designation | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { conduc- } \\ \text { tors } \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | length |
| RLF 1401 <br> RLF 1401 T | black | 14 | RLA 1606 | ohm 60 | RLD 5002 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ohm } \\ & 120 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 215082 / 2 \\ & 215082 / 2 \end{aligned}$ | 2 | mm 1300 |

## RLF 1501 Handset

This handset resembles RLF 1401 or RLF 1401 T respectively, but has a suspension eye.


RLF 1001-RLF 1501

## HEAD SETS

## RLF 2001—RLF 2016 Head sets

These sets, which are exceedingly light, are used by telephone operators when the work of the exchange does not allow of the use of ordinary handsets. They may also be used in tropical climates. They have spring head-clip of surface-treated aluminium with adjustable felt-clad bakelite earpiece. The receiver case with cap and the transmitter arm are of bakelite.

The transmitter arm has a ball joint and is mobile. In the receiver there is a contact device which breaks the transmitter feed current when the transmitter arm is swung out.

The transmitter inset is interchangeable. The receiver coils, which are fixed, have a resistance of $120(2 \times 60)$ ohm. The receiver diaphragm has designation 180683 and the receiver cap 220990.

RLF 2001, RLF 2002, RLF 2005-RLF 2012 and RLF 2016 are equipped with plug. The receiver for the sets RLF 2007, RLF 2008 and RLF 2011-RLF 2014 are equipped with middlc point tapping (differential connecting). Suitable jacks, see table, are to be ordered separately.

The connecting cord for the transmitter inset has designation TRK 1201.


RLF 2001, RLF 2002


RLF 2003, RLF 2004


RLF 2005, RLF 2006


|  | transmitter inset |  | $c o r d$ |  |  | plug | suitable jack | weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | designation | resistance | designation | ```number of conduc- tors``` | length |  |  |  |
|  |  | ohm |  |  | mm |  |  | kg |
| RLF 2001 | RLA 1712 | 200 | TRS 7401 | 4 | 1600 | RPS 2501 | RNT 5351-2 | 0.27 |
| RLF 2002 | RLA 1704 | 40 | TRS 7401 | 4 | 1600 | RPS 2501 | RNT 5351-2 | 0.27 |
| RLF 2003 | RLA 1712 | 200 | TRS 7402 | 4 | 1600 | - | - | 0.21 |
| RLF 2004 | RLA 1704 | 40 | TRS 7402 | 4 | 1600 | - | - | 0.21 |
| RLF 2005 | RLA 1712 | 200 | TRS 7402 | 4 | 1600 | RPT 5042 | RNT 5041 | 0.27 |
| RLF 2006 | RLA 1704 | 40 | TRS 7402 | 4 | 1600 | RPT 5042 | RNT 5041 | 0.27 |
| RLF 2007 | RLA 1712 | 200 | TRS 7502 | 5 | 1600 | RPT 5051 | RNT 5051 | 0.27 |
| RLF 2008 | RLA 1704 | 40 | TRS 7502 | 5 | 1600 | RPT 5051 | RNT 5051 | 0.27 |
| RLF 2009 | RLA 1712 | 200 | TRS 7403 | 4 | 1600 | RPT 5141 | RNT 5141 | 0.28 |
| RLF 2010 | RLA 1704 | 40 | TRS 7403 | 4 | 1600 | RPT 5141 | RNT 5141 | 0.26 |
| RLF 2011 | RLA 1712 | 200 | TRS 7501 | 5 | 1600 | RPS 2501 | RNT 5351-2 | 0.28 |
| RLF 2012 | RLA 1704 | 40 | TRS 7501 | 5 | 1600 | RPS 2501 | RNT 5351-2 | 0.28 |
| RLF 2013 | RLA 1712 | 200 | TRS 7502 | 5 | 1600 | - | - | 0.22 |
| RLF 2014 | RLA 1704 | 40 | TRS 7502 | 5 | 1600 | - | - | 0.22 |
| RLF 2016 | RLA 1704 | 40 | TRS 7401 | 4 | 1600 | RPS 2501 | RNT 5351-2 | 0.27 |



RLF 2001, RLF 2002


RLF 2003, RLF 2004


RLF 2005, RLF 2006


RLF 2007, RLF 2008 ]


RLF 2009, RLF 201


RLF 2011, RLF 2012


RLF 2013, RLF 2014


RLF 2016

## LARYNGOPHONES WITH HANDLE



RLH 1001-RLH 1003


RLH 1011


RLH 1001RLH 1101, RLH 1111


RLH 1102

## RLH 1001—RLH 1011 Laryngophones with support end

These laryngophones, which have a special support end, are used in conjunction with telephone instruments, c.g., DGT 2101. They are used in places where there is so much noise that conversation with ordinary handsets cannot be carried on.

The laryngophones have a special transmitter, which is lightly pressed against the larynx when talking, whereby the speech vibrations are transferred direct to the transmitter diaphragm without being disturbed by extraneous noise.

The laryngophones are of bakelite with transmitter fixing of black lacquered brass. Some of the receiver caps have rubber pad to exclude disturbing noise.

The laryngophones have rubber tube cords with contact eyes for connection. The cord inlet is furnished with watertight bushing.

## Dimensions:

length 177 mm , width 66 mm , depth 79 mm , weight 0.52 kg .

|  | colour | transmitter inset |  | receiver inset |  | cord |  |  | receiver cap |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | designation | $\begin{aligned} & \text { re- } \\ & \text { sist- } \\ & \text { ance } \end{aligned}$ | designation | $\begin{aligned} & \text { re- } \\ & \text { sist- } \\ & \text { ance } \end{aligned}$ | designation | number of conducfors | length |  |
|  |  |  | ohm |  | ohm |  |  | mm |  |
| RLH 1001 | black | RLA 8001 | 40 | RLD 5001 | 40 | TRS 2304 | 3 | 1500 | 214157* |
| RLH 1002 | black | RLA 8001 | 40 | RLD 5002 | 120 | TRS 2304 | 3 | 1500 | 214157 * |
| RLH 1003 | black | RLA 8001 | 40 | RLD 5005 | 60 | TRS 2304 | 3 | 1500 | 214157* |
| RLH 1011 | black | RLA 8002 | 200 | RLD 5002 | 120 | TRS 2304 | 3 | 1500 | 0-14965 |

[^5]
## RLH 1101—RLH 1111 Laryngophones with suspension eye

(RLH 1101, RLH 1102 replace RE 9600 and RE 9610) These laryngophones differ from RLH 1001 - RLH 1003 only in having suspension eye instead of support end. They are used in conjunction with telephone instruments, e.g., DAS 1101.

Diagram, see page 161.

|  | colour | transmitter inset |  | receiver inset |  | $c o r d$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { receiver } \\ & \text { cap } \\ & \text { with pad } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | desiçation | $\begin{aligned} & \text { re- } \\ & \text { sist- } \\ & \text { ance } \end{aligned}$ | designation | $\begin{aligned} & \text { re- } \\ & \text { sist- } \\ & \text { ance } \end{aligned}$ | designation | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { number } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { conduc- } \\ & \text { tors } \end{aligned}\right.$ | length |  |
|  |  |  | ohm |  | ohm |  |  | mm |  |
| RLH 1101 | black | RLA 8001 | 40 | RLD 5001 | 40 | TRS 2304 | 3 | 1500 | 214157 |
| RLH 1102 | black | RLA 8001 | 40 | RLD 5002 | 120 | TRS 2402 | 4 | 1500 | 214157 |
| RLH 1111 | black | RLA 8002 | 200 | RLD 5002 | 120 | TRS 3303 | 3 | 1250 | 214157 |

# SUSPENSION HOOKS, CLIPS, HOLDERS ETC. FOR HANDSETS AND RECEIVERS 

## SUSPENSION HOOKS AND CLIPS FOR HANDSETS ETC.

RLY 1001, RLY 1002 Suspension hooks for handsets


RLY 1001


RLY 1002

These suspension hooks are used in manual switchboards for hanging up the handset.
The hooks are of nickel-plated brass.

RLY 1001 is intended for left hand mounting.
RLY 1002 is intended for right hand mounting.
Fixing requires three wood screws Trskr No. 4-1/2" FS M21, to be ordered separately.

Dimensions:
length 55 mm , fixing-plate diameter 30 mm ; weight 0.06 kg .

## RLY 1003 Suspension hook for handset



RLY 1003

This suspension hook is used in manual exchanges for hanging up handsets which have no suspension eye.
The hook is of nickel-plated brass.
Fixing requires three wood screws Trskr No. 4-1/2" FS M21, to be ordered separately.

Dimensions:
length 72 mm , fixing-plate diameter 30 mm ; weight 0.05 kg .

## RLY 1004 Suspension hook for receiver

RLY 1004

This suspension hook is used on wall telephones for hanging up an extra receiver RLD 1101.

The hook is of nickel-plated brass and is delivered with screws, nuts and washers.

The hook is affixed to the side of the telephone instrument, see page 143.

## Dimensions:

length 25 mm , width 9 mm , weight 0.003 kg .

## RLY 1005 Suspension cradle for receiver



RLY 1005

This cradle is used for table telephone instruments as holder for an extra receiver RLD 1001.

The cradle is of nickel-plated brass and is delivered with nuts and washers.

The cradle is affixed to the rear of the telephone instrument, see page 142.

## Dimensions:

height 38 mm , width 76 mm , weight 0.03 kg .

## RLY 1101 Suspension hook for handset

This suspension hook is used on wall telephones and manual switchboards for suspension of the handset.

The hook is furnished with a spring set and is mobile mounted on the front plate, so that the spring set is acted on by the weight of the handset. The hook and the front plate are nickel-plated.

The spring set has a make-and-break contact and a break contact.

Fixing requires four wood screws Trskr No. 4-1/2" KS M05, to be ordered separately.

## Dimensions:

height 100 mm , width 55 mm for front plate; weight 0.21 kg .

## RLY 1102 Suspension hook for handset

This suspension hook is used on wall telephone instrument DAS 1001 -DAS 2001 for hanging up the handset.

The hook is furnished with a spring set and is mobile mounted on the front plate, so that the spring set is acted on by the weight of the handset. The hook and front plate are nickel-plated.

The spring set has a make-and-break contact and a break contact.

Fixing requires two metal screws 137414 , to be ordered separately.

## Dimensions:

height 70 mm , width 55 mm for front plate; weight 0.22 kg .

## 0-4876 Suspension hook for receiver

This suspension hook is used on wall telephone instruments, e.g., DAS 1101, for hanging up receiver RLD 2102.

The hook is of nickel-plated brass.
Fixing requires two wood screws Trskr No. 4-7/16" KS M05, to be ordered separately.

## Dimensions:

height 33 mm , width of fixing plate 31 mm ; weight 0.025 kg .

## SUSPENSION ENDS AND EYES FOR RECEIVERS ETC.




138471
with washer and nuts


## 208919 Suspension end for receiver and laryngophone

This suspension end is used as holder for receivers, e.g., RLD 2001, and laryngophones, e.g., RLH 1001.

The end is of chrome-plated brass.
Fixing requires two screws G5 F6.5 M05, to be ordered separately.

Dimensions:
length 44 mm , width 13 mm , thickness 3 mm , weight 0.015 kg .

## 138471 Suspension eye for receiver

This suspension eye is used for receivers, e.g., RLD 1101.

The eye is of nickel-plated brass.
Fixing requires two nuts G8 K M05 and one washer 1.38474, to be ordered separately.

## Dimensions:

length 33.5 mm , width 17 mm , thickness 3.5 mm , weight 0.008 kg .

180735, 180735/1 Suspension eyes for handsets
The suspension eye 180735 is used on handsets, e.g., RL.F 1101, and receivers with handle, e.g., RLD 2101. The suspension eye 180735/1 is used on laryngophones and on extra receivers for ships telephone instruments.

180735 is of nickel-plated brass.
180735/1 is of chrome-plated brass.

Fixing requires two screws G5 F6.5 M05, to be ordered separately.
Dimensions:
length 71 mm , width 21 mm , thickness 3 mm , weight 0.02 kg .

## HOLDERS FOR HANDSETS

## (2) 131681/1



131682/2

These holders are designed for bakelite handsets RLF 1001 ctc . and are used in conjunction with table telephone instruments which have sheet-metal case.

The holders are of bakelite with a spring metal stud in the centre. The metal stud is furnished at the bottom with an insulating stop which actuates the telephone instrument's spring assembly. The length of this stop varies according to the type of instrument.

As guides these holders have two slots underneath the bakelite base, which correspond to two projections in the sheet-metal lid. These projections are not to be found on the lids of instruments with sheet-iron cases of the older type, so in these cases only handset holder with sheet-metal lid $131681 / 2$ or $131682 / 2$ can be used.

The handset holders without sheet metal case 131681/1, $131681 / 3$ and $131682 / 1$ are intended for replacements on telephone instruments which previously had similar holders; e.g., DAL 1001 etc.

Fixing of $131681 / 1,131681 / 3$ and $131682 / 1$ requires a nut NV 3545, to be ordered separately.

Dimensions:
without sheet metal lid; length 104 mm , width 45 mm , height 95 mm , weight, see table.

|  | dimensions <br> of the case | length <br> of the <br> stop | for instrument | weight |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  |  | mm | mm |  |
| $131681 / 1$ | - | 10.5 | CG 400, DE 500 | 0.15 |
| $131681 / 2$ | $138 \times 82$ | 10.5 | CG 400, DE 500 | 0.29 |
| $131681 / 3$ | - | 6.5 | DAL 1001 etc. | 0.15 |
| $131682 / 1$ | - | 5 | AC 500 etc. | 0.15 |
| $131682 / 2$ | $159 \times 89$ | 5 | AC 500 etc. | 0.33 |

## 138076/1, 138076/2 Holders for handsets



138076/1

These holders suit bakelite handsets RLF 1001 etc. They are used when table telephone instruments with sheetmetal case are to be provided with bakelite handset. The holders are of nickel-plated brass and differ only in the length of the insulating stop that has to actuate the switching assembly of the telephone instrument. Mounting requires one nut NV 3545, to be ordered separately.

## Dimensions:

length 100 mm , width 47 mm , height 110 mm , weight 0.145 kg .

|  | for instrument | length <br> of the stop |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | mm |
| $138076 / 1$ | CG 400, DE 500 | 5 |
| $138076 / 2$ | AC 500 etc. | 2 |

## CAPS, DIAPHRAGMS, RUBBER PADS FOR HANDSETS ETC.

## TRANSMITTER CAPS AND TRANSMITTER RINGS

## 138021 Transmitter cap



138021 black

This transmitter cap is used in conjunction with handsets of bakelite.

The cap is made of bakelite in three different colours; the colour desired must be stated with order.

The cap is fixed to the handset by a ring 180718, to be ordered separately.

Dimensions:
diameter 54.5 mm , depth 22.5 mm , weight 0.025 kg .

|  | replacing |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
| 138021 black | RC 4120 black |
| 138021 makogany | RC 4120 makogany |
| 138021 white | RC 4120 white |

180717 Transmitter cap with funnel
This transmitter cap with funnel is used in conjunction with handsets of bakelite.
The cap is made of bakelite in three different colours; the colour desired must be stated with order.

The cap is fixed to the handset by a ring 180718 , to be ordered separately.

## Dimensions:

diameter 54.5 mm , depth 42.5 mm , weight 0.04 kg .

|  | replacing |
| :--- | :--- |
| 180717 black | RC 4110 black |
| 180717 mahogany |  |
| 180717 white | RC 4110 mahogany |
| RC 4110 white |  |

## 180718 Transmitter ring

This transmitter ring is used in conjunction with handsets of bakelite for fixing the transmitter cap.
The ring is made of bakelite in three different colours; the colour desired must be stated with order.
The ring has internal screw thread to fit a screw thread on the transmitter case.

Dimensions:
diameter 66 mm , thickness 28 mm , weight 0.03 kg .

|  | replacing |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | RC 4130 black <br> 180718 black <br> 180718 mahogany |
| RC 4130 mahogany |  |
| white | RC 4130 white |

## RECEIVER DIAPHRAGMS, RECEIVER CAPS AND RUBBER PADS

## 180683 Receiver diaphragm

(replacing RD 4100)
This receiver diaphragm is used in conjunction with receiver insets $R L D 50$.

The diaphragm is of special alloy sheet metal.
The diaphragm is held in place by the receiver cap.
Dimensions:
diameter 53.5 mm , thickness 0.28 mm , weight per $100: 0.5 \mathrm{~kg}$.

## 0-14965 Receiver cap

0-14965 black

This receiver cap is used in conjunction with handsets and receivers of bakelite.

The cap is made of bakelite in three different colours; the colour desired must be stated with order.

The cap has a screw thread inside which fits a screw thread on the receiver case.

## Dimensions:

diameter 66 mm , thickness 21.5 mm , weight 0.04 kg .

|  | replacing |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | R <br> $0-14965$ black <br> $0-14965$ mahogany <br> $0-14965$ <br> white |
| RD 4110 black |  |

## 214157 Receiver cap with rubber pad

This receiver cap with rubber pad is used in conjunction with handsets and receivers of bakelite, when it is necessary to exclude disturbing noises.
The cap is of black bakelite and the pad of soft rubber. The cap has a screw thread inside which fits a screw thread on the receiver case.

## Dimensions:

diameter 66 mm , thickness 26.5 mm , weight 0.06 kg .

## 220890 Receiver cap

This receiver cap is used in conjunction with receivers RLD 31 and RLD 34 and the head sets RLF 2001 etc.
The cap is of black bakelite and has a screw thread inside which fits a screw thread on the receiver case. It may be fitted with a rubber pad which is stretched on. Suitable rubber pad is 214456 .

## Dimensions:

diameter 61.5 mm , thickness 8.2 mm , weight 0.015 kg .

## 214456 Rubber pad for receiver cap

This rubber pad is used in conjunction with receiver cap 220890.

The pad is elastic and is stretched over the cap.
Dimensions:
diameter 62 mm , thickness 15 mm , weight 0.11 kg .

# SWITCHES, LEVER KEYS, PRESS-BUTTON KEYS 

## SWITCHES



RL 201
instrument 1


RL 201, RL 202 Switch, two-way
These switches, which are two pole, are used to connect a double line to one or the other of two telephone instruments.
The switches are mounted on a base-plate of black insulating material and protected by a case of black lacquered brass.
By loosening a screw on the switch arm the case can be removed, thus making the terminal screws accessible.

For fixing there are two holes in the base-plate. Fixing screws are to be ordered separately.

RL 201 has stop in both positions.
RL 202 has stop in position 1 and spring return from position 2 to position 1.

Dimensions:
diameter 54 mm , depth 48 mm , weight 0.12 kg .

## LEVER KEYS



RMA 1001-RMA 1225


RMA 1001-RMA 1507

The lever keys are used as connecting devices, e.s., in manual switchboards.

Those parts of the key visible after mounting are nickelplated. The buttons are normally made in black insulating material but can be supplied in red colour on request. The keys are made with two or four spring sets having not less than three and not more than eight contact springs.

The key arm has two rolls of insulating material, which actuate the longest of the springs, the operating springs, which in turn actuate the other springs in the sets. A centring piece fixes the position of the key arm in normal position. The key arm, as well as the rolls and the centring piece, are easily exchangeable. The spring sets are independent units which are fixed to the frame by the upper pin screws and nuts. The operating springs are the same whether the key arm is made for locking or non locking.

There are the following six types:
RMA 10, with three positions: locking - normal non locking;

RMA 11, with three positions: locking - normal locking;

RMA 12, with three positions: non locking - normal - non locking;

RMA 13, with two positions: normal - locking;
RMA 14, with two positions: normal - non locking;
RMA 15, with two positions: normal - locking.

In $R M A 10-$ RMA 14 the key arm stands in normal position at right angles to the mounting plate, while the key arm in RMA 15 is at an angle both in normal and operating positions.

The contact combinations of a spring set are indicated by letters above the designation, c. g., $\frac{\mathrm{V}}{\mathrm{RBM} 1005}$, which indicates that the spring set RBM 1005 has a make-and-break contact. Below will be found some examples of the meanings of these letter designations.
$\mathrm{V} \quad=$ make-and-break:
VS $=$ make-and-break + make;
V $2 \mathrm{~S}=$ make-and-break + two makes;
Vfs = make-and-break betore make;
$\mathrm{BV}=$ break + make-and-break, and so on.


For mounting, switch shelves 213215/2 are usually used; see also under switch shelves, page 201 . The switch shelves are to be ordered separately.

Two fixing screws G6 G5 M21 are supplied with each switch.

## Dimensions:

see dimension sketch; weight with four spring set of three springs each 0.1 kg .


RMA 1001—RMA 1053 Lever keys
These keys have three positions: locking - normal

- non locking.


| RMA 1017 | spring sets |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | locking |  | non locking |  |
|  | A | B | C | D |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { VS } \\ \text { RBM } 1101 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} V \\ \text { RBM } 1005 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} V \\ \text { RBM } 1005 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} V \\ \text { RBM } 1005 \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $\checkmark 2 \mathrm{~S}$ | $\vee 2 \mathrm{~S}$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| RMA 1018 | RBM 1301 | RBM 1301 | RBM 1005 | RBM 1005 |
|  | 2 V | 2 V | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| RMA 1019 | RBM 1201 | RBM 1201 | RBM 1005 | RBM 1005 |
|  | $\checkmark 2 \mathrm{~S}$ | $\checkmark 2 \mathrm{~S}$ | VS | $\checkmark$ |
| RMA 1020 | RBM 1301 | RBM 1301 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1005 |
|  | BV | BV | Vs | V |
| RMA 1021 | RBM 1102 | RBM 1102 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1005 |
|  | 2 V | 2 V | vs | $\checkmark$ |
| RMA 1022 | RBM 1201 | RBM 1201 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1005 |
|  | Vs | Vs | VS | vs |
| RMA 1023 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1101 |
|  | 2 V | $\vee 2 \mathrm{~S}$ | VS | $\checkmark$ |
| RMA 1024 | RBM 1201 | RBM 1301 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1005 |
|  | 2 VS | 2 Vs | VS | $\checkmark$ |
| RMA 1025 | RBM 1405 | RBM 1405 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1005 |
|  | V 25 | VS | V 25 | VS |
| RMA 1026 | RBM 1301 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1301 | RBM 1101 |
|  | $\vee 2 \mathrm{~S}$ | $\vee 2 \mathrm{~S}$ | $\vee 25$ | $\vee 25$ |
| RMA 1027 | RBM 1301 | RBM 1301 | RBM 1301 | RBM 1301 |
|  | LS | LS | V RBM 1005 | V RBM 1005 |
| RMA 1028 | RBM 1203 | RBM 1203 | RBM 1005 | RBM 1005 |
|  | 2 VS | 2 VS | Vs | Vs |
| RMA 1029 | RBM 1405 | RBM 1405 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1101 |
|  |  | V RBM 1005 | 2V RBM $_{1201}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 V \\ \text { RBM } 1201 \end{gathered}$ |
| RMA 1030 | RBM 1005 | RBM 1005 | RBM 1201 | RBM 1201 |
|  | VSK | VSK | 2 V | 2 V |
| RMA 1031 | RBM 1409 | RBM 1409 | RBM 1201 | RBM 1201 |
|  | L | LS | $\checkmark$ | Vs |
| RMA 1032 | RBM 1015 | RBM 1203 | RBM 1005 | RBM 1101 |
|  | BSfV | BSiV | VfV | VfV |
| RMA 1033 | RBM 1305 | RBM 1305 | RBM 1205 | RBM 1205 |


| RMA 1034 | spring sets |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | locking |  | non locking |  |
|  | A | B | C | D |
|  | VBM 1005 | $\stackrel{V}{\text { RBM } 1005}$ | VS <br> RBM 1101 | $\begin{gathered} \text { V } \\ \text { RBM } 1005 \end{gathered}$ |
|  | VD | VD | $\checkmark 25$ | VS |
| RMA 1035 | RBM 1303 | RBM 1303 | RBM 1301 | RBM 1101 |
|  | 2 VS | 2 VS | 2 V | 2 V |
| RMA 1036 | RBM 1405 | RBM 1405 | RBM 1201 | RBM 1201 |
|  | 2 VS | B 35 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| RMA 1037 | RBM 1405 | RBM 1401 | RBM 1005 | RBM 1005 |
|  | B 2 V | 2 Vs | 2 V | 2 V |
| RMA 1038 | RBM 1406 | RBM 1405 | RBM 1201 | RBM 1201 |
|  | L | L | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| RMA 1039 | RBM 1015 | RBM 1015 | RBM 1005 | RBM 1005 |
|  | 2 V | 2 V | B 2 V | $2 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{~S}$ |
| RMA 1040 | RBM 1201 | RBM 1201 | RBM 1406 | RBM 1405 |
|  | VSX | VSX | $v s x$ | vsX |
| RMA 1041 | RBM 1413 | RBM 1413 | RBM 1413 | RBM 1413 |
|  | VK | VK | VS | $\checkmark$ |
| RMA 1042 | RBM 1202 | RBM 1202 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1005 |
|  | V RBM | V | VK | Vis REM 1104 |
| RMA 1043 | RBM 1005 | RBM 1005 | RBM 1202 | RBM 1104 |
|  | VS | VS | VK RBM 1202 | V $2 S$ RBM 1301 |
| RMA 1044 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1202 | RBM 1301 |
|  | BVS | $\vee 25$ | Vs | $\checkmark$ |
| RMA 1045 | RBM 1306 | RBM 1301 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1005 |
|  | BVS | $\checkmark 25$ | Vs | Vs |
| RMA 1046 | RBM 1306 | RBM 1301 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1101 |
|  | VD | B 2 V | $\checkmark 25$ | Vs |
| RMA 1047 | RBM 1303 | SBM 1406 | RBM 1301 | RBM 1101 |
|  | 2 V | B 2 V | VS | V |
| RMA 1048 | RBM 1201 | RBM 1406 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1005 |
|  | VSK | VSK | Vs | Vs |
| RMA 1049 | RBM 1409 | RBM 1409 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1101 |
|  | BVK | 2 VS | Vs | $\checkmark$ |
| RMA 1050 | RBM 1410 | RBM 1405 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1005 |




RMA 1101-RMA 1155 Lever keys
These keys have three positions: locking - normal - locking.

RMA 1101

RMA 1102

RMA 1103

RMA 1104

RMA 1105

RMA 1106

RMA 1107

RMA 1108

RMA 1109

RMA 1110

RMA 1111

RMA 1112

RMA 1113

RMA 1114

RMA 1115

RMA 1116

| locking |  | locking |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | B | c | D |
| $\begin{gathered} V \\ \text { RBM } 1005 \end{gathered}$ | V RBM 1005 | $V$ RBM 1005 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{V} \\ \text { RBM } 1005 \end{gathered}$ |
| Vs | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| RBM 1101 | RBM 1005 | RBM 1005 | RBM 1005 |
| Vs | $\checkmark$ | Vs | $\checkmark$ |
| RBM 1101 | RBM 1005 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1005 |
| Vs | VS | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| RBM 1101 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1005 | RBM 1005 |
| Vs | vs | Vs | $\checkmark$ |
| RBM 1101 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1005 |
| Vs | Vs | Vs | vs |
| RBM 1101 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1101 |
| $\checkmark 2 \mathrm{~S}$ | Vs | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| RBM 1301 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1005 | RBM 1005 |
| $\vee 25$ | Vs | $\checkmark 25$ | Vs |
| RBM 1301 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1301 | RBM 1101 |
| $\checkmark 25$ | $\vee 2 \mathrm{~S}$ | Vs | $\checkmark$ |
| RBM 1301 | RBM 1301 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1005 |
| $\checkmark 2 \mathrm{~S}$ | $\checkmark 2 \mathrm{~S}$ | $\checkmark 25$ | $\checkmark 2 \mathrm{~S}$ |
| RBM 1301 | RBM 1301 | RBM 1301 | RBM 1301 |
| BV | BV | VS | $\checkmark$ |
| RBM 1102 | RBM 1102 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1005 |
| BV | BV | BV | BV |
| RBM 1102 | RBM 1102 | RBM 1102 | RBM 1102 |
| 2 V | 2BV | $\checkmark$ | $V$ |
| RBM 1201 | RBM 1302 | RBM 1005 | RBM 1005 |
| 2 V | 2 V | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| RBM 1201 | RBM 1201 | RBM 1005 | RBM 1005 |
| 2 V | 2 V | 2 V | 2 V |
| RBM 1201 | RBM 1201 | RBM 1201 | RBM 1201 |
| LS | 2 V | Vs | vs |
| RBM 1203 | RBM 1201 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1101 |


| RMA 1117 | springsets |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | locking |  | locking |  |
|  | A | B | C | D |
|  | LS ${ }_{\text {RBM }} 1203$ | LS RBM 1203 | $V$ RBM 1005 | $V$ RBM 1005 |
|  | VK | VK | VK | VK |
| RMA 1118 | RBM 1202 | RBM 1202 | RBM 1202 | RBM 1202 |
|  | L | $\checkmark$ | L | $\checkmark$ |
| RMA 1119 | RBM 1015 | RBM 1005 | RBM 1015 | RBM 1005 |
|  | $\checkmark 2 \mathrm{~S}$ | $\checkmark 2 \mathrm{~S}$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| RMA 1120 | RBM 1301 | RBM 1301 | RBM 1005 | RBM 1005 |
|  | BV | BV | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| RMA 1121 | RBM 1102 | RBM 1102 | RBM 1005 | RBM 1005 |
|  | 2 V | 2 VS | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| RMA 1122 | RBM 1405 | RBM 1405 | RBM 1005 | RBM 1005 |
|  | $\vee 25$ | Vs | vs | $\checkmark$ |
| RMA 1123 | RBM 1301 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1005 |
|  | 2 V | 2 V | vs | $\checkmark$ |
| RMA 1124 | RBM 1201 | RBM 1201 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1005 |
|  | 2 V | $\checkmark 2 \mathrm{~S}$ | Vs | $\checkmark$ |
| RMA 1125 | RBM 1201 | RBM 1301 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1005 |
|  | - 2 VS | 2 V | VS | V |
| RMA 1126 | RBM 1405 | RBM 1405 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1005 |
|  | B 2 V | 2 VS | Vs | $\checkmark$ |
| RMA 1127 | RBM 1406 | RBM 1405 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1005 |
|  | VSK | VSK | VSK | VSK |
| RMA 1128 | RBM 1409 | RBM 1409 | RBM 1409 | RBM 1409 |
|  | 2 V | 2B V | BV | BV |
| RMA 1129 | RBM 1201 | RBM 1302 | RBM 1102 | RBM 1102 |
|  | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | L | L |
| RMA 1130 | RBM 1005 | RBM 1005 | RBM 1015 | RBM 1015 |
|  | L | L | LS | L |
| RMA 1131 | RBM 1015 | RBM 1015 | RBM 1203 | RBM 1015 |
|  | L | L | L | L |
| RMA 1132 | RBM 1015 | RBM 1015 | RBM 1015 | RBM 1015 |
|  | V2S | VS | BV | BV |
| RMA 1133 | RBM 1301 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1102 | RBM 1102 |


|  | springsets |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | locking |  | locking |  |
|  | A | B | c | D |
| RMA 1134 | 2 VS | 2 V S | 2 VS | 2 V |
|  | RBM 1405 | RBM 1405 | RBM 1405 | RBM 1405 |
| RMA 1135 | CD | CD | CD | CD |
|  | RBM 1415 | RBM 1415 | RBM 1415 | RBM 1415 |
| RMA 1136 | 2 V | 2 V | L | L |
|  | RBM 1201 | RBM 1201 | RBM 1015 | RBM 1015 |
| RMA 1137 | B 2 V | $2 \vee S$ | 2 V | 2 V |
|  | RBM 1406 | RBM 1405 | RBM 1201 | RBM 1201 |
| RMA 1138 | B 2 V | 4B | B 2 V | 2 VS |
|  | RBM 1406 | RBM 1404 | RBM 1406 | RBM 1405 |
| RMA 1139 | B 2 V | 2 VS | 2 VS | 2 Vs |
|  | RBM 1406 | RBM 1405 | RBM 1405 | RBM 1405 |
| RMA 1140 | VsX | $\vee 25$ | 2 V | 2 V |
|  | RBM 1413 | RBM 1301 | RBM 1201 | RBM 1201 |
| RMA 1141 | 2 V | $\vee 25$ | 2 V | V2 S |
|  | RBM 1201 | RBM 1301 | RBM 1201 | RBM 1301 |
| RMA 1142 | B 35 | B 35 | B 35 | VSX |
|  | RBM 1401 | RBM 1401 | RBM 1401 | RBM 1413 |
| RMA 1143 | VSK | VSK | BV | BV |
|  | RBM 1409 | RBM 1409 | RBM 1102 | RBM 1102 |
| RMA 1144 | 2 V | 2 V | LS | LS |
|  | RBM 1201 | RBM 1201 | RBM 1203 | RBM 1203 |
| RMA 1145 | 2 V | 2B V | $\vee 2 \mathrm{~S}$ | $\vee 2 \mathrm{~S}$ |
|  | RBM 1201 | RBM 1302 | RBM 1301 | RBM 1301 |
| RMA 1146 | 2BV | 2B V | $\checkmark 2 \mathrm{~S}$ | $\vee 2 S$ |
|  | RBM 1302 | RBM 1302 | RBM 1301 | RBM 1301 |
| RMA 1147 | 2 B 2 S | B 35 | 2 B 2 S | B 35 |
|  | RBM 1402 | RBM 1401 | RBM 1402 | RBM 1401 |
| RMA 1148 | 2 V | B 2 V | BV | BV |
|  | RBM 1405 | RBM 1406 | RBM 1102 | RBM 1102 |
| RMA 1149 | BVK | VK | $\vee 25$ | Vs |
|  | RBM 1410 | RBM 1202 | RBM 1301 | RBM 1101 |
|  | 2 VS | 2 VS | Vs | Vs |
| RMA 1150 | RBM 1405 | RBM 1405 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1101 |

182



RMA 1201—RMA 1225 Lever keys
These keys have three positions: non locking normal - non locking.

| RMA 1201 | RBM 1005 | RBM 1005 | RBM 1005 | RBM 1005 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | VS | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | V |
| RMA 1202 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1005 | RBM 1005 | RBM 1005 |
|  | Vs | $\checkmark$ | VS | V |
| RMA 1203 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1005 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1005 |
|  | 2 V | 2 V | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| RMA 1204 | RBM 1201 | RBM 1201 | RBM 1005 | RBM 1005 |
|  | 2 V | 2 V | 2 V | 2 V |
| RMA 1205 | RBM 1201 | RBM 1201 | RBM 1201 | RBM 1201 |
|  | BK | BK | BV | BV |
| RMA 1206 | RBM 1103 | RBM 1103 | RBM 1102 | RBM 1102 |
|  | VX | VS | VS | V |
| RMA 1207 | RBM 1204 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1005 |
|  | VfS | VK | L | Vs |
| RMA 1208 | RBM 1104 | RBM 1202 | RBM 1015 | RBM 1101 |
|  | VS | Vs | $\checkmark$ | V |
| RMA 1209 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1005 | RBM 1005 |
|  | $\checkmark 2 \mathrm{~S}$ | Vs | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| RMA 1210 | RBM 1301 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1005 | RBM 1005 |
|  | $\vee 2 \mathrm{~S}$ | $\checkmark 2 \mathrm{~S}$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| RMA 1211 | RBM 1301 | RBM 1301 | RBM 1005 | RBM 1005 |
|  | BV | BV | $V$ | $\checkmark$ |
| RMA 1212 | RBM 1102 | RBM 1102 | RBM 1005 | RBM 1005 |
|  | 2 VS | 2 VS | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| RMA 1213 | RBM 1405 | RBM 1405 | RBM 1005 | RBM 1005 |
|  | Vs | Vs | Vs | $\checkmark$ |
| RMA 1214 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1005 |
|  | $\checkmark 2 \mathrm{~S}$ | Vs | Vs | $\checkmark$ |
| RMA 1215 | RBM 1301 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1005 |
|  | $\checkmark 2 \mathrm{~S}$ | $\checkmark 2 \mathrm{~S}$ | VS | $V$ |
| RMA 1216 | RBM 1301 | RBM 1301 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1005 |



RMA 1301-RMA 1316 Lever keys


RMA 1301-RMA 1316

A


RMA 13

These keys have two positions: normal - locking.

| RMA 1301 | spring sets |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A | B |
|  | $\stackrel{V}{\text { RBM } 1005}$ | V RBM 1005 |
| RMA 1302 | vs | VS |
|  | RBM 1101 | RBM 1101 |
|  | $\checkmark 2 \mathrm{~S}$ | $\checkmark 2 \mathrm{~S}$ |
| RMA 1303 | RBM 1301 | RBM 1301 |
|  | 2 V | 2 V |
| RMA 1304RMA 1305 | RBM 1201 | RBM 1201 |
|  | VSK | VSK |
| RMA 1305RMA 1306 | RBM 1409 | RBM 1409 |
|  | L | L |
| RMA 1306 | RBM 1015 | RBM 1015 |
|  | 2BV | 2 BV |
| RMA 1307 | RBM 1302 | RBM 1302 |
|  | Vs | $\checkmark$ |
| RMA 1308RMA 1309 | RBM 1101 | RBM 1005 |
|  | $\checkmark 2 \mathrm{~S}$ | VS |
| RMA 1309RMA 1310 | RBM 1301 | RBM 1101 |
|  | BV | BV |
|  | RBM 1102 | RBM 1102 |
| RMA 1310 | 2 VS | 2 VS |
| RMA 1311RMA 1312 | RBM 1405 | RBM 1405 |
|  | B 2 V | 2 VS |
| RMA 1312 | RBM 1406 | RBM 1405 |
|  | VK | VK |
| RMA 1313RMA 1314 | RBM 1202 | RBM 1202 |
|  |  | BK |
| RMA 1314 | RBM 1103 | RBM 1103 |
|  | 2 VS | B 35 |
| RMA 1315 | RBM 1405 | RBM 1401 |


| RMA 1316 | spring sets |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A | A |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { B } 2 V \\ \text { RBM } 1406 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { B2V } \\ \text { RBM } 1406 \end{gathered}$ |

RMA 1401—RMA 1410 Lever keys
These keys have two positions: normal - non locking.


RMA 14


## RMA 1501-RMA 1507 Lever keys

These keys have two positions and the key arm is at an angle: normal - locking.


## RT 16604 Lever key



RT 16604


RT 16604

This key is used in conjunction with telephone instrument DAL 1101.

The key is of white boiled brass with button of black insulating material. It has three positions: locking - normal - locking, with two make-and-break contacts in each operating position.
Mounting requires a front plate 0-1493 of nickelplated brass, engraved 1-2, and two screws G4 E5.5 M21 to fix the key to the plate. In addition there are required two screws G4 D4.5 M05 to fix the front plate to the telephone instrument.
Front plate and screws are to be ordered separately.

## Dimensions:

length 120 mm , width 25 mm , height exclusive of key arm 35 mm , weight 0.12 kg .


RT 16608

A


RT 16608

RT 16608 Lever key
This key is used in conjunction with telephone instrument DGS 1001.
The key is of white boiled brass with button of black insulating material. It has two positions: locking - locking, with one make-and-break contact in each operating position.
Mounting requires a front plate 0-6217 of chromeplated brass, engraved $A-B$, and two screws G4 G6 M21 to fix the key to the plate. In addition there are required four wood screws Trskr No. 3-3/8* FS
M21 to fix the front plate to the telephone instrument.
Front plate and screws are to be ordered separately.

## Dimensions:

length 120 mm , width 25 mm , height exclusive of key arm 25 mm , weight 0.1 kg .

## PRESS-BUTTON KEYS

## RMD 1001—RMD 1216 Press-button keys




These press-button keys are used as connecting devices in e.g., manual switchboards.

The fixing nuts of the keys are of nickel-plated brass. The button is normally supplied in black insulating material but on request may be had in red. If it is desired to have the button engraved, this must be stated with order. The keys are made either with straight or with oblique guide groove in the case. With oblique groove the button rotates $45^{\circ}$ when pressed in, which gives clear indication that it has been pressed, especially if it is engraved. The spring sets are independent units, fixed in place by means of traversing pin screw-bolts, see page 203, and nuts, enabling them to be rapidly exchanged without trouble.

There are the following two types:

RMD 10, with oblique guide groove, with locking; RMD 12, with straight guide groove, with non locking.

The combinations in a spring set are indicated by letters in the same way as for lever keys RMA $10-$ RMA 15.

The keys are mounted in a hole, allowing free insertion of the case, and are screwed tight by means of the fixing nut.

## Dimensions:

see dimension sketch; weight with three spring set of three springs each 0.077 kg .

RMD 1001 - RMD 1023
These keys have oblique guide groove: locking.

| RMD 1001 | springsets |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A | B |
|  | V RBM 2005 | $\begin{gathered} V \\ \text { RBM } \\ 2005 \end{gathered}$ |
|  | Vs | $\checkmark$ |
| RMD 1002 | RBM 2101 | RBM 2005 |
|  | $\vee 2 \mathrm{~S}$ | VS |
| RMD 1003 | RBM 2301 | RBM 2101 |
|  | BV | BV |
| RMD 1004 | RBM 2102 | RBM 2102 |
|  | 2 V | 2 V |
| RMD 1005 | RBM 2201 | RBM 2201 |
|  | B 2 V | 2 VS |
| RMD 1006 | RBM 2406 | RBM 2405 |
| RMD 1007 | VK RBM 2202 | VK <br> RBM 2202 |
|  | VSK | VSK |
| RMD 1008 | RBM 2409 | RBM 2409 |
|  | L | L |
| RMD 1009 | RBM 2015 | RBM 2015 |
|  | CL | LS |
| RMD 1010 | RBM 2412 | RBM 2203 |
|  | CY | 2 VS |
| RMD 1011 | RBM 2414 | RBM 2405 |
|  | VS | VS |
| RMD 1012 | RBM 2101 | RBM 2101 |
|  | V2S | V 25 |
| RMD 1013 | RBM 2301 | RBM 2301 |
|  | 2 BV | 2 BV |
| RMD 1014 | RBM 2302 | RBM 2302 |
|  | 2 VS | 2 VS |
| RMD 1015 | RBM 2405 | RBM 2405 |
|  | 2 V | $\vee 25$ |
| RMD 1016 | RBM 2201 | RBM 2301 |
|  | B 2 V | VSX |
| RMD 1017 | RBM 2406 | RBM 2413 |



## RMD 1201 - RMD 1216



A B
RMD 12

These keys have straight guide groove: non locking.


## RMD 1301—RMD 1304 Press-button keys

These keys are used as connecting devices in c.g., manual switchboards.

The keys have two steps and straight guide groove. When the button is pressed first one spring set is actuated and then on further pressure another set which is shorter. In the first position the keys have locking and in the second self restoring to first position. The
 short spring set is used specially in these keys which otherwise resemble the keys RMD $10-$ RMD 12.

## Dimensions:

see dimension sketch; weight with two spring sets of three springs each 0.077 kg .

These keys have two steps: locking - non locking.



## RMD 1501—RMD 1507 Press-button keys

These keys are used as connecting devices, c.g., in manual switchboards.

The upper part of the keys is nickel-plated. They are non locking and have buttons of black insulating material. If the button is required to be engraved this must be stated when ordering. The same spring sets as for RMD $10-$ RMD 12 are used. The keys have two fixing lugs with 3.5 mm holes.
Fixing requires two wood screws Trskr No $4-1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ KS M05, to be ordered separately.

## Dimensions:

see dimension sketch; distance between fixing holes 27 mm , weight with two spring sets of three springs each 0.072 kg .
These keys have one step: non locking.


## RMD 2001—RMD 2112 Press-button keys

These press-button keys are used as connecting devices, e.g., in manual switchboards.

The fixing nuts of the keys are of nickel-plated brass. The button is normally of black insulating material, but on request may be had in red. If the button is required engraved, this should be stated with order. The key has no guide groove in the case and is not made with rotatary button. The same spring sets as for RMD $10-$ RMD 12 are employed. For fixing these, screws with heads are used instead of pin screws. The screws are to be ordered separately, see screw table page 203.


RMD 2001-RMD 2112
RMD 20 is fitted with four spring sets with not more than eight springs in each.

RMD 21 has space for eight spring sets.
Dimensions: see dimension sketch; weight with eight spring sets of eight springs each 0.33 kg .

RMD 2001-RMD 2009
These keys have four spring sets: locking.

| RMD 2001 | spring sets |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A | B | C | D |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { VS } \\ \text { RBM } 2101 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { VS } \\ \text { RBM } 2101 \end{gathered}$ | VS <br> RBM 2101 | $\begin{gathered} \text { VS } \\ \text { RBM } 2101 \end{gathered}$ |
|  | VS | BV | VS | BV |
| RMD 2002 | RBM 2101 | RBM 2102 | RBM 2101 | RBM 2102 |
|  | 2 V | 2 V | 2 V | 2 V |
| RMD 2003 | RBM 2201 | RBM 2201 | RBM 2201 | RBM 2201 |
|  | $\checkmark 2 \mathrm{~S}$ | Vs | $\checkmark 2 \mathrm{~S}$ | Vs |
| RMD 2004 | RBM 2301 | RBM 2101 | RBM 2301 | RBM 2101 |



## RMD 2101-RMD 2112

These keys have eight spring sets, locking.

| RMD 2101 | A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2 V | 2 V | 2 V | 2 V | V | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
|  | RBM 2201 | RBM 2201 | RBM 2201 | RBM 2201 | RBM 2005 | RBM 2005 | RBM 2005 | RBM 2005 |
| RMD 2102 | $\vee 25$ | $\checkmark 2 \mathrm{~S}$ | $\checkmark 2 \mathrm{~S}$ | $\checkmark 2 \mathrm{~S}$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
|  | RBM 2301 | RBM 2301 | RBM 2301 | RBM 2301 | RBM 2005 | RBM 2005 | RBM 2005 | RBM 2005 |
| RMD 2103 | 4B | 4B | 4B | 4B | V | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | V |
|  | RBM 2404 | RBM 2404 | RBM 2404 | RBM 2404 | RBM 2005 | RBM 2005 | RBM 2005 | RBM 2005 |
| RMD 2104 | $\checkmark 2 \mathrm{~S}$ | $\vee 25$ | $\checkmark 2 \mathrm{~S}$ | V 25 | VS | VS | VS | VS |
|  | RBM 2301 | RBM 2301 | RBM 2301 | RBM 2301 | RBM 2101 | RBM 2101 | RBM 2101 | RBM 2101 |
| RMD 2105 | 2 V | 2 V | 2 V | 2 V | 2 V | 2 V | 2 V | 2 V |
|  | R.BM 2201 | RBM 2201 | RBM 2201 | RBM 2201 | RBM 2201 | RBM 2201 | RBM 2201 | RBM 2201 |
| RMD 2106 | 4B | 4B | 4B | 4B | 2 V | 2 V | 2 V | 2 V |
|  | RBM 2404 | RBM 2404 | RBM 2404 | RBM 2404 | RBM 2201 | RBM 2201 | RBM 2201 | RBM 2201 |
| RMD 2107 | $\vee 25$ | $\vee 2 \mathrm{~S}$ | $\vee 2 \mathrm{~S}$ | $\vee 25$ | $\vee 2 \mathrm{~S}$ | $\vee 25$ | $\vee 25$ | $\vee 2 \mathrm{~S}$ |
|  | RBM 2301 | RBM 2301 | RBM 2301 R | RBM 2301 | RBM 2301 | RBM 2301 | RBM 2301 | RBM 2301 |
| RMD 2108 | 2 V | B 2 V | 2 V | B 2 V | 2 Vs | B 2 V | 2 VS | B 2 V |
|  | RBM 2405 | RBM 2406 | RBM 2405 | RBM 2406 | RBM 2405 | RBM 2406 | RBM 2405 | RBM 2406 |
|  | 4B | 4B | 4B | 4B | 4B | 4B | 4B | 4B |

RMD 2109 RBM 2404 RBM 2404 RBM 2404 RBM 2404 RBM 2404 RBM 2404 RBM 2404 RBM 2404

| $2 C$ | $2 C$ | $2 C$ | $2 C$ | $2 C$ | $2 C$ | $2 C$ | $2 C$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

RMD 2110 RBM 2416 RBM 2416 RBM 2416 RBM 2416 RBM 2416 RBM 2416 RBM 2416 RBM 2416
2C $2 B V \quad 2 \mathrm{C} \quad 2 \mathrm{BV} \quad 2 \mathrm{C} \quad 2 \mathrm{BV} \quad 2 \mathrm{C} \quad 2 \mathrm{BV}$ RMD 2111 RBM 2416 RBM 2302 RBM 2416 RBM 2302 RBM 2416 RBM 2302 RBM 2416 RBM 2302
VK LK VK LK VK LK VK LK RMD 2112 RBM 2202 RBM 2304 RBM 2202 RBM 2304 RBM 2202 RBM 2304 RBM 2202 RBM 2304

# BUTTONS, SHELVES, SCREWS ETC. FOR SWITCHES 

## BUTTONS ETC.

125452/1, 125452/2 Buttons for lever keys
These buttons are used in conjunction with lever keys RMA 10-RMA 15.

125452/1 is of black insulating material. $125452 / 2$ is of red insulating material.

If the buttons are required engraved, this must be stated with order.

For fixing there is a hole with screw thread G2.
Dimensions:
diameter 10 mm , length 21 mm , weight 0.002 kg .

## 128840/1, 128840/2 Buttons for press-button keys

These buttons are used in conjunction with pressbutton keys RMD $10-$ RMD 21.

128840/1 is of black insulating material.
$128840 / 2$ is of red insulating material.
If the buttons are required engraved, this must be stated with order.
Fixing requires a screw G8 G10 M21, to be ordered separately.

Dimensions:
diameter 16 mm , height 12 mm , fixing hole 4.6 mm , weight 0.002 kg .

## 206454 Centring piece

This centring piece is used in lever keys RMA to centre the key arm of the switch on return to normal position.

The centring piece, which has two fixing holes, is fixed by two screws on to the key.

## Dimensions:

length 19 mm , width 9.5 mm , weight per 100 : 0.5 kg .

## 206455 Roll

This roll is used in lever keys RMA.
The roll is of black insulating material.
The roll has a projection that fits into the groove in the key centring piece and a hole at the bottom for the roll-pin in the key arm.

## Dimensions:

diameter 10 mm , thickness 4 mm , weight per 100: 0.25 kg .

## SWITCH SHELVES

## 213214/1-213215/2 Switch shelves

213214/2

These switch shelves are used in manual switchboards for fitting lever keys RMA $10-$ RMA 15.
The switch shelves, of 2 mm sheet brass, are made with two kinds of surface finish matt nickel plating or matt black oxidizing, see table.
They have two countersunk 3.2 mm holes for fixing the key and two countersunk 3.6 mm holes for fixing in the switchboard.

213214 is designed for keys with not more than seven contact springs in the spring sets.
213215 is designed for keys with not more than eight contact springs in the spring sets.

Fixing of the key requires two screws, which are included with the key.

Fixing of the switch shelf requires two screws: for nickelplated shelf G5 G7 M21, and for oxidized shelf G5 G7 M07, which are to be ordered separately.

Dimensions: see table.

$\begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}\hline & \begin{array}{c}\text { surface } \\ \text { finish }\end{array} & \text { A } & \text { B } & \text { C } & \text { D } & \text { weight } \\$\cline { 2 - 7 } \& $\left.213214 / 1 & \mathrm{~mm} & \mathrm{~mm} & \mathrm{~mm} & \mathrm{~mm} & \mathrm{~kg} \\ 213214 / 2 & \begin{array}{l}\text { matt nickel } \\ \text { plating } \\ \text { matt black } \\ \text { oxidizing }\end{array} & 60 & 24.9 & 48 & 26 & 0.022 \\ 213215 / 1 & \begin{array}{l}\text { matt nickel } \\ \text { plating }\end{array} & 70 & 24.9 & 58 & 26 & 0.027 \\ \text { matt black }\end{array}\right)$

## 215434/1, 215434/2 Switch shelves

These switch shelves are used in manual switchboards for mounting two lever keys RMA $10-$ RMA 15 . The switch shelves are made of brass with two kinds of surface finish: matt nickel-plating or matt oxidizing, and they have four countersunk 3.2 mm holes for fixing the keys and two countersunk 3.6 mm holes for fixing in the switchboard.

215434/1 is matt nickel-plated.


215434/2
$215434 / 2$ is matt oxidized.

Fixing requires two screws: for nickel-plated shelves G5 G7 M21, and for oxidized shelves G5 G7 M07, to be ordered separately.

Dimensions:
length 120 mm , width 24.9 mm , thickness 3 mm , weight 0.07 kg , distance between fixing holes 108 mm .

## SCREWS FOR SWITCHES

190626/3-190626/8 Screws for press-button keys


190626

These screws are used for fixing spring sets on pressbutton keys RMD 20, RMD 21.

The screws are of surface finished manganese bronze in lengths to fit the different heights of spring sets. The screw has thread G6.
Dintensions: see table.

|  | for number <br> of springs | length <br> $\mathbf{L}$ | weight <br> per 100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | mm | kg |
| $190626 / 3$ | 3 | 12 | 0.104 |
| $190626 / 4$ | 4 | 14 | 0.112 |
| $190626 / 5$ | 5 | 16 | 0.120 |
| $190626 / 6$ | 6 | 18 | 0.128 |
| $190626 / 7$ | 7 | 20 | 0.136 |
| $190626 / 8$ | 8 | 22 | 0.144 |

209545/2-209545/16 Pin screw for lever keys and press-button keys


0
These screws are used for fixing spring sets on lever keys RMA $10-$ RMA 15 and press-button keys RMD 10-RMD 15.

The screws are of surface finished manganese bronze and have at each end a screw thread G6.
The pin screws are made in various lengths to fit the different spring sets, see table.
For RMA $10-$ RMA 12 and RMD $10-$ RMD 15 , which have spring sets on either side, a common pin screw is used. For these keys the length of the pin screw is determined by the total number of springs in the spring sets lying opposite each other.

Suitable nut is G6 S M05, to be ordered separately, Dimensions: see table.

|  | for number <br> of springs* | for number <br> of springs* | length <br> L | weight <br> per <br> 100 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $209545 / 2$ |  |  | mm | kg |
| $209545 / 3$ | 4 | - | 18 | 0.104 |
| $209545 / 4$ | 5 | - | 20 | 0.111 |
| $209545 / 5$ | 6 | - | 22 | 0.118 |
| $209545 / 6$ | 7 | - | 24 | 0.125 |
| $209545 / 7$ | 8 | 7 | 26 | 0.132 |
| $209545 / 8$ | - | 8 | 28 | 0.139 |
| $209545 / 9$ | - | 9 | 30 | 0.146 |
| $209545 / 10$ | - | 10 | 32 | 0.153 |
| $209545 / 11$ | - | 11 | 36 | 0.160 |
| $209545 / 12$ | - | 13 | 38 | 0.167 |
| $209545 / 13$ | - | 14 | 40 | 0.181 |
| $209545 / 14$ | - | 15 | 42 | 0.188 |
| $209545 / 15$ | - | 16 | 46 | 0.195 |
| $209545 / 16$ | - | - | 0.202 |  |

* Used for keys RMA 13 -RMA 15 which have spring sets on one side only
** Used for keys RMA 12 and RMD 10-RMD 15 which have spring sets on both sides


## PRESS-BUTTON STRIPS

The press-button strips are used as connecting devices, e.g., in manual switchboards.

The strips have the front piece and the buttons of black insulating material. The cases have an oblique groove, which causes the buttons to rotate $45^{\circ}$ when pressed in. This arrangement makes it easier to see if the buttons are pressed in or not.

The buttons on the press-button strip are usually engraved with vertical stroke filled up with white colour, but on request they may be engraved with figures.
The press-button strips are inserted in grooves in the frame of the switchboard and are held in place by the fixing plates.

## RMN 8021/8, RMN 8022/9 Press-button strips with ten press-buttons



RMN 8022/9 are specially designed for portable telephone switchboard ABH 5001.

## Dimensions:

length of front piece 281.5 mm , height 11.9 mm , depth 13.5 mm ; weight about 0.35 kg .


DROP INDICATORS, DRUM INDICATORS, STAR INDICATORS, COMBINED DROP INDICATORS AND JACKS ETC.

LAMPS, LAMP LENSES, LENS PROTECTORS LABEL STRIPS

JACKS, LAMP JACKS

|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| TEST JACK STRIPS ETC. |  |  |  |
| JACK STRIPS ETC | page 236 | $\mathbf{1 0}$ |  |
| ENGRAVING TABLES FOR JACK STRIPS | page 252 | $\mathbf{1 6}$ |  |
| LAMP STRIPS | page 256 |  |  |

INSTRUMENT JACKS ETC.

| SELECTORS |  | 20 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| CABLES <br> CORDS <br> CABLE LUGS ETC. FOR CONNECTING CORDS | page 283 <br> page 314 | 21 |

TESTING INSTRUMENTS
TOOLS
SCREWS, NUTS
TEST CORD WITH PLUGS
PLUGS
INSTRUMENT PLUGS
CUT OFF PLUGS

CUT OFF PLUGS

SUBSCRIBER'S METERS ETC.
CORD CLIP BLOCKS, CORD WEIGHTS, CORD PULLEYS page 273
page 262
page 267
page 270

SELECTORS

ERECTION PARTS FOR MANUAL SWITCHBOARDS

## DROP INDICATORS, DRUM INDICATORS, STAR INDICATORS, COMBINED DROP INDICATOR AND JACKS ETC.

## DROP INDICATORS

RNA 1101—RNA 1104 Drop indicators, without sheath
(replacing drop indicators with round coil RNA 10)
These drop indicators are used as signalling device in manual switchboards etc.

The indicators have oval, unsheathed coil. The front plate is of black lacquered brass with indicator shutter of nickel-plated brass.
They have an alarm contact which is made when the shutter falls and is broken when it is restored. There are four soldering tags for connection.
Each indicator requires a label plate $133514 / 3$, to be ordered separately with desired numbering.
The front plate has four countersunk 2.2 mm fixing holes unthreaded, for screws with thread G9. The distance between fixing holes is $27 \times 19.5 \mathrm{~mm}$.
Fitting strips, see page 315 .
Dimensions:
length 98 mm , height of front plate 32 mm , width 24 mm ; weight 0.1 kg .

|  | replacing | coil |  | operating with |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | designation | resistance |  |
|  |  |  | ohm | mA |
| RNA 1101 | RNA 1001 (RO 50/150) | RCE 28101 | 150 | 15 |
| RNA 1102 | RNA 1002 (RO 50/2000) | RCE 28102 | 2000 | 5.1 |
| RNA 1103 | - | RCE 28103 | 500 | 9.3 |
| RNA 1104 | - | RCE 28104 | 1000 | 6.6 |



RNA 1202-RNA 1205


RNA 1251, RNA 1252

RNA 1202—RNA 1252 Drop indicators, with sheathed, oval coil

These drop indicators are used as signalling device in manual switchboards etc.

The indicators have oval, sheathed coil. The front plate is of black lacquered brass with indicator shutter of nickel-plated brass.

Some of the indicators have an alarm contact which is made when the shutter falls and is broken when it is restored. For connecting there are two or four soldering tags.

RNA $1202-$ RNA 1205 have alarm contact.
RNA 1251, RNA 1252 are without alarm contact.

For each indicator a label plate is required, 133514/3, to be ordered separately, stating numbering desired. The front plate has four countersunk 2.2 mm fixing holes, unthreaded for screw with thread G9. The distances between the fixing holes are $27 \times 19.5 \mathrm{~mm}$. Fitting strips, see page 315.

## Dimensions:

length 98 mm , height of front plate 32 mm , width 24 mm ; weight about 0.11 kg .

|  | co i |  | operating <br> with |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | designation | resistance | mA |
|  |  | ohm | m |
| RNA 1202 | RCE 58101 | 150 | 15 |
| RNA 1203 | RCE 58102 | 2000 | 5.1 |
| RNA 1204 | RCE 58103 | 500 | 9.3 |
| RNA 1205 | RCE 58104 | 1000 | 6.6 |
|  |  |  |  |
| RNA 1251 | RCE 58104 | 1000 | 6.6 |
| RNA 1252 | RCE 58103 | 500 | 9.3 |

## RNA 1301 -RNA 1352 Drop indicators without sheath

(RNA 1351 replaces RNA 1201)


RNA 1301, RNA 1302

These drop indicators are used as signal devices in manual switchboards etc.

They have oval unsheated coil and are without front plate with shutter, so that they can only be used in line units or special indicator strips with shutters.

The drop indicators are provided with an alarm contact which is made when the indicator shutter drops and is broken when the shutter is restored.

RNA 1301, RNA 1302, which have two soldering tags for connection of the coil, are used in line units for exchange line accessories, type $A B G 19$, and in indicator strips type RNA 50 for manual switchboards types $A B H$ and $A B K$.

RNA 1351, RNA 1352 are without soldering tags and the coil is connected direct by means of its fixed ends. These drop indicators are used in line units for plug switchboards type $A B G 13$ and $A B G 14$.

Drop indicator strips for RNA 1301, RNA 1302, see page 213.

## Dimensions:

length 98 mm , width 20 mm , height 28 mm , weight 0.084 kg .

|  |  | 1 | operating with |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | designation | resistance |  |
|  |  | ohm | mA |
| RNA 1301 | RCE 58105 | 600 | 9 |
| RNA 1302 | RCE 58102 | 2000 | 5.1 |
| RNA 1351 | RCE 58105 | 600 | 9 |
| RNA 1352 | RCE 58102 | 2000 | 5.1 |

RNA 2001—RNA 2003 Drop indicators, with sheathed, round coil


RNA 2001-RNA 2003

These drop indicators are used as signalling device in manual switchboards etc.

The indicators have round, sheathed coil. The front plate is of black lacquered brass with indicator shutter of nickel-plated brass.

They have an alarm contact that is made when the shutter falls and is broken when it is restored. For connecting there are four soldering tags.

Each indicator requires a label plate 133514/2 or 133514/3, to be ordered separately, stating the numbering desired in the case of 133514/3.

The front plate has four countersunk 2.2 mm fixing holes not threaded, for screws with thread G9. The distances between the fixing holes are $27 \times 19.5 \mathrm{~mm}$.

Fixing strips, see page 315.

## Dimensions:

length 102 mm , height of front plate 32 mm , width 24 mm ; weight about 0.17 kg .

|  | replacing | coil |  | operat- <br> ing <br> with |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | designation | resist- <br> ance | ohm |
| RNA 2001 | RO 210/1000 | RA |  |  |
| RNA 2002 | RO 23101 | 1000 | 5.1 |  |
| RNA 2003 | RO 210/100 | RCE 23102 | 2000 | 3.9 |

RNA 5001, RNA 5002 Drop indicator strips


These drop indicator strips are used in manual PBX and switchboards that have panel width of 282 mm .

The drop indicator strips have frame (filling) in dull black enamelled sheet brass, which can be fitted with not more than 10 drop indicators type RNA 1301 or RNA 1302, together with 10 loose shutters 235170.

On the front of the frame there is a holder track for label strip with label protector.

When a drop indicator strip is not fully fitted with drop indicators, filling plates instead of shutters are put in the empty spaces. The drop indicator strip has a height of 35.9 mm , equivalent to the height for three jack strips.

The drop indicator strips are inserted in grooves in the switchboard frame and are held in place by the fixing plates.

When ordering drop indicator strip the required number of indicators and the placing should be given together with the labelling desired, e.g., drop indicator

Shutter 235170
strip RNA 5001 with 10 drop indicators in places 110 labelled 91 - 100 would be ordered as: drop_indicator strip RNA 5001/1-10, labelled 91-100.


Dimensions:
length 281.5 mm , height 35.9 mm , weight with 10 drop indicators 1.170 kg .

|  | coil |  | operating <br> with |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | designation | resistance | mA |
|  |  | ohm | mA $5001-$ |
| RNA 5002 - | RNA 1301 | RNA 1302 | 600 |
| 9 |  |  |  |

## DRUM INDICATORS

RNC 1401—RNC 1415 Drum-wheel visual indicators


RNC 1401-RNC 1415

These drum-wheel visual indicators are used as signal devices in manual switchboards etc.
The indicators have round, unsheathed coil. The front plate, which is of black lacquered brass has a window for the revolving drum flasher.
They have an alarm contact which is made when the armature is actuated. For connecting there are soldering tags, see table.

RNC 1401-RNC 1405 have an operating winding and a holding winding.

RNC $1411-$ RNC 1415 have an operating winding.
A suitable label plate is 80144 , to be ordered separately, stating the desired numbering.

The front plate has four countersunk 2.2 mm fixing holes without thread for screws with thread G9. The distances between fixing holes are $20 \times 18 \mathrm{~mm}$.

Fixing strips, see page 315.
Dimensions:
length 97 mm , height of front plate 25 mm , width 22.8 mm ; weight about 0.08 kg .



## RNC 1501, RNC 1511 Drum-wheel visual indicators

These drum-wheel visual indicators are used as signal devices in manual switchboards etc.

The indicators have round, unsheathed coil. The front plate, which is of black lacquered brass, has a window for the revolving drum flasher.

The indicator has an alarm contact which is made when the armature is actuated. For connecting there are soldering tags, see table.

RNC 1501 has an operating winding and a bifilar resistance winding.

RNC 1511 has an operating winding and a holding winding.

A suitable label plate is 80871 , to be ordered separately, stating the desired numbering.

The front plate has four countersunk 2.2 mm fixing holes without thread, for screws with thread G9. The distances between the fixing holes are $19 \times 20.5 \mathrm{~mm}$.

Fitting strips, see page 315.

## Dimensions:

length 96 mm , height of front plate 23 mm , width 24.5 mm ; weight about 0.08 kg .




RND 1101, RND 1102


RND 1101, RND 1102


RND 1101, RND 1102

## STAR INDICATORS

RND 1101, RND 1102 Star visual indicators
These star visual indicators are used as signal devices in telephone instruments and manual switchboards etc. They are enclosed in a case of nickel-plated brass fitted with window. They have a fixing lug with 2.8 mm hole and soldering tags for connecting.

RND 1101 has a resistance of $120(2 \times 60)$ ohm. RND 1102 has a resistance of $500(2 \times 250)$ ohm.

Fixing requires a screw, to be ordered separately.

Dimensions:
see dimension sketch; weight 0.024 kg .

## COMBINED DROP INDICATORS AND JACKS



RNE 1101-RNE 1103


|  | replacing | coil |  | operat- <br> ing <br> with | dia- <br> gram |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | designation | resist- <br> ance |  |
| RNE 1101 | RNE 1001 | RCE 29101 | 150 | 15 | 1 |
| RNE 1102 | RNE 1002 | RCE 29101 | 150 | 15 | 2 |
| RNE 1103 | - | RCE 29101 | 150 | 15 | 3 |

## LABEL PLATES FOR DRUM INDICATORS ETC.



80144, 80871

These label plates are used in conjunction with drum wheel visual indicators.

The plates are of black lacquered brass with raised nickelplated figures; numbering desired should be stated with order.
The label plates are fixed on the front plate of the indicator below the upper two fixing screws.
Dimensions: se table.

|  | for <br> indicator | A | B | C | height <br> of <br> figures | weight <br> per 100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | mm | mm | mm | mm | kg |
| 80144 | RNC 14 | 22.8 | 8.5 | 18 | 6 | 0.080 |
| 80871 | RNC 15 | 24.5 | 8 | 20.5 | 6 | 0.065 |

## 133514/1-133514/4 Label plates

These label plates are used in conjunction with drop indicators and with combined drop indicator and jacks.
The plates are made of red or white card and with or without numbering, see table; the numbering desired should be stated with order.

The label plates are fitted inside the indicator shutter and are fixed by a spring ring 125511 supplied with them.

## Dimensions:

diameter 20.5 mm , height of figures 12.5 mm , weight per 100: 0.015 kg .

|  | card | figures |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 133514/1 | white | - |
| 133514/2 | red | - |
| 133514/3 | white | black |
| 133514/4 | red | black |

## 133515/2 Label plate

This label plate is used in conjunction with combined drop indicator and jacks.
The plate is of black lacquered brass with raised nickel-plated figures; the numbering desired should be stated with order.

The label plate is fixed to the outside of the indicator shutter by a screw G9 C2.5 M07, supplied with the indicator.

## Dimensions:

diameter 15 mm , height of figures 6.5 mm , weight per 100: 0.06 kg .

# LAMPS, LAMP LENSES, NUMBER LENSES, LENS PROTECTORS 

## LAMPS

## RNG 1001—RNG 1104 Lamps

These lamps are chiefly intended for manual switchboards, but they may be used for other parts where a visual signal is required.
The lamps fit lamp jack RNP 8001 and lamp strips RNS $1701-$ RNS 1704 etc.

The figures for current consumption given in the table apply for indicated voltage and with a tolerance of $\pm 10 \%$ for RNG $1001-$ RNG 1007 and ${ }_{-10}^{+15} \%$ for RNG 1101-RNG 1104.


## Dimensions:

length 44 mm , diameter 6 mm , weight per 100: 0.15 kg .

|  | replacing | rated voltage | current con-sumption | filament | operating voltage | used for |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\checkmark$ | mA | carbon | V |  |
| RNG 1001 | - | 12 | 75 | A | - | switchboard ADK <br> 50 ; in series with 200 ohm resistance |
| RNG 1002 | RO 100000/12 | 12 | 240 | A |  | - |
| RNG 1003 | RO 100000/24 | 24 | 130 | B | 20 | 20 V systems |
| RNG 1004 | RO 100000/30 | 30 | 130 | B | 24 | 24 V systems |
| RNG 1005 | - | 45 | 110 | B | 36 | 36 V systems |
| RNG 1006 | RO 100000/60 | 60 | 70 | B | 48 | 48 V systems |
| RNG 1007 | - | 24 | 55 | B | - | - |


|  | replacing | rated <br> voltage | current <br> con- <br> sump- <br> tion | filament | operat- <br> ing <br> voltage | used for |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | RNG 1101 | RO 100500/12 | 12 | 50 | C | - |
| RNG 1102 | RO 100500/24 | 24 | 35 | D | - | switchboards ADD <br> RO, ADE 11 and |
| RNG 1103 | RO 100500/30 | 30 | 40 | D | - | ADF 13 |

RNG 2010—RNG 2012, RNG 2110—RNG 2114 Panel and row lamps


RNG 2012

These lamps are used as observation signals on alarm at telephone exchanges.

The lamps are made with tube-shaped dull glass body in various colours, see table, and with cap for bayonct socket B 15 .

RNG 2010-RNG 2012 have built-in shunt, ensuring that the alarm circuit functions even if the lamp filament is broken. They are used as panel lamps but may also be used as row lamps.

The indicated voltage is $24-28 \mathrm{~V}$ and the operating voltage 24 V . The current consumption at 24 V is about 120 mA , of which 80 mA by the shunt.

## Dimensions:

length 60 mm , diameter of cap 15 mm , of glass body 19 mm ; weight 0.009 kg .


RNG 2112

RNG $2110-$ RNG 2114 are without shunt. They are used as row lamps.

The indicated voltage is 30 V and the operating voltage 24 V . The power consumption is 10 W , with a tolerance of $\pm 10 \%$.

## Dimensions:

length 80 mm , diameter of cap 15 mm , diameter of glass body 25 mm ; weight 0.013 kg .

| with shunt | without shunt | colour |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| RNG 2010 | RNG 2110 | all white |
| RNG 2011 | RNG 2111 | all red |
| RNG 2012 | RNG 2112 | half red |
|  | RNG 2113 | half blue |
|  | RNG 2114 | all blue |

The lamps can be supplied on request for 12,36 or 48 V operating voltage

## LAMP LENSES

## RNH 1001-RNH 1206 Lamp lenses

These lamp lenses are used in conjunction with lamp strips and lamp jacks. The lenses are of glass in various colours and some are designated, see table. The cap is slit, its springiness holding it firm in the jack.

RNH 1001 - RNH 1004 have cap of bright brass.
RNH 1101-RNH 1206 have cap of nickel-plated brass.

## Dimensions:

diameter of cap 8 mm , greatest diameter see table.


|  | replacing | Iens |  | diameter | weightper 100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | co- | figure |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | mm | kg |
| RNH 1001 | RO 101200 | opal | - |  |  |
| RNH 1002 | RO 101210 | red | - | 9 | 0.08 |
| RNH 1003 | RO 101220 | green | - |  |  |
| RNH 1004 | - | opal | + (black) |  |  |


|  | replacing | Iens |  | diameter | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { weight } \\ \text { per } 100 \end{array}\right\|$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | colour | figure |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | mm | kg |
| RNH 1101 | RO 101300 | opal | - |  |  |
| RNH 1102 | RO 101310 | red | - | 15 | 0.5 |
| RNH 1103 | RO 101320 | green | - |  |  |
| RNH 1201 | RO 101400 | opal | - |  |  |
| RNH 1202 | RO 101410 | red | - |  |  |
| RNH 1203 | RO 101420 | green | - |  |  |
| RNH 1204 | - | opal | + (black) | 20 | 1.4 |
| RNH 1205 | - | opal | S (green) |  |  |
| RNH 1206 | - | opal | M (black) |  |  |

## NUMBER LENSES

RNH 2001-RNH 2012 Number lenses
( RNH 2001 replaces RO 101500 )
These number lenses are used in conjunction with lamp strips and lamp jacks.

The cap is of white boiled brass. The number is printed on transparent paper. This paper is protected above by a clear glass lens and below by a mica disc. The label, the lens and the mica disc are held firm in the cap by a threaded ring. The numbering required should be stated with order.

If the label has only one figure, the height of the figures may be $2.5,3.5,4.5$ or 5.5 mm ; with two figures they may be $2.5,3.5$ or 4.5 mm high; with three figures 2.5 or 3.5 mm high.

Labelling comprising four or five figures is placed in two lines, when only figures 2.5 mm can be used.

The cap is slit and its springiness makes it sit firm in the jack.

## Dimensions:

length 12 mm , diameter 9.25 mm , diameter of cap 8 mm ; weight per $100: 0.13 \mathrm{~kg}$.


## LENS PROTECTORS

## RNH 3001 Lens protector (replaces RO 101600)

This lens protector is used in conjunction with lamp jack RNP 8001 as protection for lamp lenses RNH 1001-RNH 1003.

The lens protector is of nickel-plated brass.
When this lens protector is used the hole for the lamp jack case is drilled so large that the lens protector can freely enter the hole. The cap is slit and its springiness makes it sit firmly on the jack.

## Dimensions:

length 13 mm , diameter 11 mm , length of cap 8.75 mm and diameter 10 mm ; weight per $100: 0.2 \mathrm{~kg}$.

## LABEL STRIPS

RNM 5201—RNM 5701 Label strips


These label strips are used in manual P.B.X. and the like for the labelling adjoining connecting jacks etc. They have front piece of black insulating material. The label strips are inserted in grooves in the switchboard frame and are held firm by the fixing plates.
Label slips of paper and transparent protective slips must be ordered separately, see table.

Dimensions: see table.

|  | front piece |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | length | height | depth |  |  | label slip |
|  | label protector | weight |  |  |  |  |
|  | mm | mm | mm |  |  |  |
| RNM 5201 | $207.5^{*}$ | 9.5 | 10 | $233712 / 12$ | $233711 / 15$ | 0.10 |
| RNM 5311 | $244.5^{* *}$ | 11 | 10 | $233712 / 13$ | $233711 / 16$ | 0.13 |
| RNM 5701 | $281.5^{* * *}$ | 11.9 | 13.5 | $233712 / 14$ | $233711 / 14$ | 0.22 |

[^6]
## JACKS, LAMP-JACKS

## JACKS



RNP 1001-RNP 1011


RNP 1101-RNP 1105


RNP 1201—RNP 1204


RNP 1205-RNP 1207


RNP 1301

These jacks are used in manual switchboards etc.

The jacks are of white boiled brass and fit 11 or 13 mm thickness of panel. They are designed for soldering connection but in some cases they have screw connection for the line springs, see tables.

RNP 1001-RNP 1011 are designed for plugs RPR 25 and $R P R 35$.

RNP $1101-$ RNP 1105 are designed for plugs RPR 24 and $R P R 34$.

RNP $1201-$ RNP 1207 are designed for plugs RPR 27. RNP 1301 is designed for plug RPS 1201.

The jacks RNP 1001-RNP 1105 and RNP 1301 have only one fixing lug, but they sit firm all the same, provided the neck of the jack fits closely into the hole of the mounting panel.

The jacks RNP 1201 - RNP 1207 have two fixing lugs and there are two executions of the frame. RNP 1201 RNP 1204, which have only four contact springs, have the jack case on the same centre line as the fixing holes, while RNP 1205-RNP 1207, which have more than four contact springs, have the jack case deviating two mm from the centre line. The distance between fixing holes is 15.5 mm in both cases.

Fixing requires wood screws Trskr No. 4-3/8* KS M05, to be ordered separately.


RNP 1001-RNP 1011

## Dimensions:

see dimension sketches; diameter of fixing holes 3.4 mm .

RNP 1001 —RNP 1011 Jacks for 5.76 mm plugs

|  | execution of the jacks | diagram | weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RNP 1001 |  | - | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{kg} \\ 0.028 \end{gathered}$ |
| RNP 1002 | parallel | $\leadsto$ | 0.029 |
| RNP 1003 | series | ? | 0.031 |
| RNP 1004 | series | $\frac{8}{5}$ | 0.032 |
| RNP 1005 | parallel, with one make contact | \#- | 0.029 |
| RNP 1006 | parallel, with third conductor |  | 0.029 |
| RNP 1007 | parallel, with third conductor and one make contact | IE | 0.029 |
| RNP 1008 | series, with third conductor | $\pi_{n}^{n}$ | 0.031 |


|  | execution of the jacks | diagram | weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RNP 1009 | series, with third conductor and one make contact |  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{kg} \\ 0.039 \end{gathered}$ |
| RNP 1010 | parallel, with third conductor and one make and one break contact |  | 0.037 |
| RNP 1011 | series, with third conductor and one break contact |  | 120.037 |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |



RNP 1101~RNP 1105

RNP 1101—RNP 1105 Jacks for 5.49 mm plugs



RNP 1201-RNP 1207

RNP 1201—RNP 1207 Jacks for 6.42 mm plugs



RNP 1301 Jack for 4.5 mm plug RPS 1201

| execution <br> of the iacks | diagram | weight |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | parallel, with one <br> make contact |  | kg |
|  |  |  | 0.030 |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

## LAMP JACKS

RNP 8001 Lamp jack
(replacing RO 101100)
This lamp jack is used in manual switchboards etc.
The jack is of white boiled brass and has two contact springs with soldering tags and two fixing lugs. Suitable lamps are RNG $1001-R N G 1104$ and lamp lenses RNH $1001-$ RNH 2010 as also lens shield RNH 3001. Fixing requires two wood screws Trskr No. 3-1/2* KS M05, or possibly two metal threaded screws, to be


RNP 8001 ordered separately.

## Dimensions:

length 73 mm , distance between fixing lugs and front rim of jack case 21.7 mm , external diameter jack case 9.5 mm , diameter fixing holes 2.8 mm , weight 0.011 kg .

# TEST JACK STRIPS, LABEL FRAME FOR TEST JACK STRIPS 

## TEST JACK STRIPS

The test jack strips are used on the distribution frame in a telephone exchange to enable testing of the lines. A test instrument may be connected in by a test plug, so that the circuits may be tested individually both on the line side and on the exchange side.

RNR 1001, RNR 1002 Test jack strips


These strips, which are fitted with twenty twin jacks, have a front piece of black insulating material and


RNR 1001, RNR 1002 are furnished with twenty wire conductor holes.

RNR 1001 has screw terminal for the line side (L) and soldering tags on the exchange side (S).
RNR 1002 has soldering tags on both line and exchange sides.

A suitable test plug is $R P R$ 4201, suitable break plugs RPT 9901 - RPT 9906 and suitable label frame 211686, this last being placed below one of the fixing screws. Fixing requires four screws G5 E5.5 J36, to be ordered separately.

## Dimensions:

length 190 mm , width 90 mm , distance between fixing holes 180 mm , weight 0.55 kg .

## LABEL FRAME FOR TEST JACK STRIPS

## 211686 Label frame for test jack strips

211686

This label frame is used in conjunction with test jack strips RNR 1001, RNR 1002.

The frame is of nickel-plated brass and the label sheet is of white carton with black figures.
The numbering (labelling) should be stated with order.
The label frame is affixed below one of the front fixing screws of the test jack strip.

Dimensions:
length 17 mm , width 9.5 mm , height 23 mm , weight per 100: 0.25 kg .

## JACK STRIPS, NUMBER PEGS, ENGRAVING TABLES

## JACK STRIPS FOR 208 mm WIDTH OF PANEL

The jack strips are used in manual P. B. X. etc.
The strips have front of black insulating material for 10 or 20 jacks, see tables. The jack strips may be ordered with or without engraving on the front. When ordering jack strip without engraving the designation of the jack strip is given and the index letter O . When ordering engraved jack strip the designation of the jack strip is given together with an index figure, e.g. RNR 3021/2, i.e. jack strip RNR 3021, with engraving 2 , see engraving table.

Label strip RNM 5201 can be used in conjunction with unengraved jack strips.

The jack strips are inserted in grooves in the switchboard frame and are held in place by the fixing plates.

RNR 3021-RNR 3024 Jack strips for 5.76 mm plugs


These jack strips have ten jacks intended for plugs RPR 25 and RPR 35.

Engraving, see table page 252.

## Dimensions:

length of front 207.5 mm , height 9.5 mm , depth 10 mm , weight 0.25 kg approx.


RNR 3071, RNR 3072 Jack strips for 5.76 mm plugs


These jack strips have twenty jacks intended for plugs RPR 25 and RPR 35.

Engraving, see table page 254.
Dimensions:
length of front 207.5 mm , height 9.5 mm , depth 10 mm , weight 0.27 kg approx.

| RNR 3071/ | spring <br> set |  | spring <br> set |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |

## JACK STRIPS FOR 245 mm WIDTH OF PANEL

The jack strips are used in manual P.B.X. etc.
The strips have front in black insulating material for 10 or 20 jacks, see tables. The jack strips may be supplied with or without engraving on the front. When ordering jack strips without engraving the jack strip designation is stated together with the index letter O . When ordering engraved jack strips the jack strip designation is given together with an index figure, e.g. RNR 4021/2 i.e., jack strip RNR 4021 with engraving 2 , see engraving table.

Label strip RNM 5311 may be used with unengraved jack strips.

The jack strips are inserted in grooves in the switchboard frame and are held in place by the fixing plates.

RNR 4121 - RNR 4129 Jack strips for 5.76 mm plugs


These jack strips have ten jacks intended for plugs RPR 25 and RPR 35.

Engraving, see table page 252.

## Dimensions:

length of front 244.5 mm , height 11 mm , depth 11.7 mm , weight 0.37 kg approx.
RNR 4121/

RNR 4171 - RNR 4174 Jack strips for 5.76 mm plugs


These jack strips have twenty jacks intended for plugs RPR 25 and RPR 35.

Engraving, see table page 254.
Dimensions:
iength of front 244.5 mm , height 11 mm , depth 11.7 mm , weight 0.4 kg approx.


## JACK STRIPS FOR 282 mm WIDTH OF PANEL

The jack strips are used in manual P.B.X. etc.
The strips have front in black insulating material for 5,10 or 20 jacks, see tables. Jack strips with 5 or 10 jacks are made either with hole for number sleeve 134521 or with or without engraving direct on the strip front: jack strips with 20 jacks are made only with or without engraving.

When ordering jack strips without engraving there should be stated the jack strip designation together with index letter $\mathbf{O}$ or $\mathbf{H}$, index $\mathbf{O}$ without hole for number sleeve, index $\mathbf{H}$ with hole for number sleeve 134521. When ordering engraved jack strips the jack strip designation together with an engraving index figure as per engraving table e.g., RNR 8071/10, i.e., jack strip RNR 8071 with engraving execution 10.

Label strip RNM 5701 may be used with jack strip without engraving.

The jack strips are inserted in grooves in the switchboard frame and are held in place by the fixing plates.

RNR 8002, RNR 8003 Jack strips for 5.76 mm plugs


These jack strips have five jacks designed for plugs RPR 25 and RPR 35. Engraving, see table page 252.

## Dimensions:

length of front piece 281.5 mm , height 11.9 mm , depth 13.5 mm , weight 0.37 kg approx.

*RNR 8003/H replacing RO 84701

RNR 8021—RNR 8036 Jack strips for 5.76 mm plugs


These jack strips have ten jacks designed for plugs RPR 25 and RPR 35.

Engraving, see table page 252.
Dimensions:
length of front piece 281.5 mm , height 11.9 mm , depth 13.5 mm , weight 0.4 kg approx.
RNR 8021/


* With soldering tags in strip plate

RNR 8024/H replacing RO 84760
RNR 8025/H replacing RO 84756
RNR 8028/H replacing RO 84757
RNR 8029/H replacing RO 84758
RNR 8030/H replacing RO 84759

RNR 8071—RNR 8076 Jack strips for 5.76 mm plugs


These jack strips have twenty jacks to fit plugs $R P R 25$ and RPR 35.

These jack strips cannot be made with holes for number pegs.

Engraving, see table page 254.

## Dimensions:

length of front piece 281.5 mm , height 11.9 mm , depth 13.5 mm , weight about 0.4 kg approx.


[^7]| RNR 8075/ | spring set |  | spring set |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

* With extra soldering tag on each spring set

RNR 8073 replacing RO 84802

RNR 8121 - RNR 8130 Jack strips for 5.49 mm plugs


These jack strips have ten jacks to fit plugs RPR 24 and RPR 34.

Engraving, see table page 252.

## Dimensions:

length of front piece 281.5 mm , height 11.9 mm , depth 13.5 mm , weight 0.37 kg approx.
RNR 8125/

[^8]

RNR 8171—RNR 8179 Jack strips for 5.49 mm plugs


These jack strips have twenty jacks to fit plugs RPR 24 and RPR 34.

Engraving, see table page 254.
Dimensions:
length of front piece 281.5 mm , height 11.9 mm , depth 13.5 mm , weight 0.4 kg approx.
RNR 8173/*


RNR 8173 replacing RO 84803.

## NUMBER PEGS

## 134521 Number peg for Jack strips

This number peg is used for numbering jack strips, terminal strips etc., which have special holes for this purpose.
The peg, which is of oxidized brass, has label disc of black oxidized brass with raised nickel-plated figure. The numbering desired is to be stated with order.
The number peg is pressed into the hole in the strip and sits firm because of its spring.
Dimensions:
length 7.5 mm , diameter 8 mm , the case fits holes $5.5-5.8 \mathrm{~mm}$; weight per 100: 0.055 kg .

## ENGRAVING TABLES FOR JACK STRIPS

This engraving table is intended for jack strips with ten jacks:

RNR 3021-RNR 3024
RNR 4121-RNR 4129
RNR 8002-RNR 8003
RNR 8021-RNR 8036
RNR 8121—RNR 8130
The figures are engraved 4.5 mm high and filled in with white colour.


Exicssone


This engraving table is intended for jack strips with twenty jacks:

RNR 3071—RNR 3072
RNR 4171——RNR 4174
RNR 8071—RNR 8076
RNR 8171— RNR 8179
The figures are engraved :
3.5 mm high for RNR 30 ,
4.5 mm high for $R N R 41, R N R 80$ and $R N R 81$.

The figures are filled with white colour.



## LAMP STRIPS

The lamp strips are used in manual switchboards etc.

## RNS 1212—RNS 1713 Lamp strips



These lamp strips have front piece of black insulating material. Suitable lamps are RNG 1001-RNG 1104 and lenses RNH 1001-RNH 2010.

The strips are inserted in grooves in the switchboard frame and are held in place by the fixing plates.

Dimensions: see table.

|  | number <br> of jacks | front |  |  | length <br> weight <br> approx. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | height | depth | mm | mm |
|  |  | mm | kg |  |  |
| RNS 1212 | 10 | 207.5 | 9.5 | 10 | 0.20 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RNS 1311 | 5 | 244.5 | 11 | 11.7 |  |
| RNS 1312 | 10 | 244.5 | 11 | 11.7 |  |
| RNS 1313 | 20 | 244.5 | 11 | 11.7 | 0.25 |
| RNS 1322 | 10 | 244.5 | 11 | 11.7 |  |
| RNS 1323 | 20 | 244.5 | 11 | 11.7 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RNS 1701 | 5 | 281.5 | 11.9 | 13.5 |  |
| RNS 1702 | 10 | 281.5 | 11.9 | 13.5 |  |
| RNS 1704 | 20 | 281.5 | 11.9 | 13.5 | 0.30 |
| RNS 1712 | 10 | 281.5 | 11.9 | 13.5 |  |
| RNS 1713 | 20 | 281.5 | 11.9 | 13.5 |  |

The lamp strips RNS 1322, RNS 1323, RNS 1712 and RNS 1713 are specially intended for 2 label holders, label protectors and label slips. The label holders are provided with a tube at each end, fitting corresponding holes in the lamp strip.

RNS 1712 mounted with two label holders 236816, labels 233712/1 and label protectors 233711/1


236816

The label holders, label protectors and label strips are not included in the lamp strip designation and must be ordered separately as per table below, the required labelling to be stated.

| label holders |  |  | label protectors |  | labels |  | length | used for |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| number | designation |  | number | designation | number | designation |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | mm |  |
| 2 | 211249 | 5 | 2 | 233711/9 | 2 | 233712/6 | 117 | RNS 1322 |
| 2 | 302325 | 10 | 2 | 233711/31 | 2 | 233712/6 | 117 | RNS 1323 |
| 2 | 236816 | 5 | 2 | 233711/1 | 2 | 233712/1 | 125 | RNS 1712 |
| 2 | 233709 | 10 | 2 | 233711/2 | 2 | 233712/1 | 125 | RNS 1713 |

## INSTRUMENT JACKS, INSULATING PLATES FOR JACKS

## RNT 5021—RNT 5051 Jacks for handsets



RNT 5051


These jacks are used in conjunction with plugs RPT 5021 - RPT 5051, chiefly for connection of handsets in manual switchboards etc.

The jacks are of black insulating material with nickelplated contact springs and have screws for terminals.

Fixing requires four wood screws Trskr No, 5-1" FS M05, to be ordered separately.

## Dimensions:

length, see table, width 40 mm , thickness 17.5 mm , contact distance 11 mm , weight, see table.

|  | replacing | number <br> of poles | fits for <br> plug | length | weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | mm | kg |
| RNT 5021 | RF 8220 | 2 | RPT 5021 | 39 | 0.033 |
| RNT 5031 | RF 8300 | 3 | RPT 5031 | 47 | 0.044 |
| RNT 5041 | RF 8400 | 4 | RPT 5041 | 58 | 0.053 |
|  |  |  | RPT 5042 |  |  |
| RNT 5051 | RF 8508 | 5 | RPT 5043 |  |  |

RNT 5141 Jack, four-pole
(replacing 215459)
This jack is used in conjunction with plugs RPT 5141, RPT 5142.

The jack is of black insulating material with four
contact springs furnished with soldering holes for connecting. The jack is placed with the contact springs against the base. If the base is not insulated, then an insulating plate 215461 must be used. For fixing there are two countersunk holes 3.5 mm .

Fixing requires two screws, to be ordered separately.

## Dimensions:

length 50.5 mm , width 32 mm , thickness 11 mm , weight 0.022 kg .

RNT 5351, RNT 5352 Jacks, five-pole, for head sets
(replacing RF 8550, RF 8551)
These jacks are used in conjunction with plug RPS 2501 for connecting head sets RLF 20 in manuai switchboards etc.

The jacks are of black insulating material with nickelplated contact springs and have screws for terminals.

RNT 5351 has five contact springs.
RNT 5352 has five contact springs and an extra make contact.

Fixing requires four wood screws $\operatorname{Tr} s k r \mathrm{No} .4-1 \frac{1}{2}{ }^{\text {• }}$ FS M05, to be ordered separately.

## Dimensions:

length 52 mm , for $R N T 5351$, width 37 mm , height 30 mm , weight 0.065 kg ; for RNT 5352, width 41 mm , height 34 mm ; weight 0.07 kg .

## INSULATING PLATES FOR JACKS

## 215461 Insulating plate

This insulating plate is used in conjunction with jack RNT 5141.

The insulating plate is of black insulating material with two 3.5 mm holes corresponding to the fixing holes of the jack.
The plate is fixed by the fixing screws of the jack.
Dimensions:
length 50.5 mm , width 30 mm , thickness 1 mm , weight 0.002 kg .

## TEST CORDS WITH PLUGS



RPM 2401

RPM 2401-RPM 2407 Test cords with plugs
These test cords are intended for use in testing distribution frames.

RPM 2401 and RPM 2402 have at one end a test plug RPR 4201 fitting test jack strips RNR 1001 and RNR 1002. At the other end they have an instrument plug RPT 5044 fitting jack RNT 5041.


RPM 2401

RPM 2403



## PLUGS

## PLUGS FOR CONNECTING CORDS

RPR 2401—RPR 2705 Plugs, two conductor
These plugs are used in conjunction with connecting cords in manual switchboard.

Some of the plugs have a flexible steel spiral to prevent wear on the connecting cord, see table.

RPR 2401-RPR 2402, RPR 2701-RPR 2705 have a brass shaft covered with black insulating material. The shaft is firmly screwed on to the plug tip. The plugs are connected to the first conductor of the cord by a spring contact tip. The other conductor of the cord is firmly pressed against the inside wall of the plug shaft. Connecting cords TRM 1201, TRM 2201 etc. are used with these plugs.

RPR 2501—RPR 2502 have a shaft of black insulating material. On plug RPR 2501 the shaft is fixed by means of a lock ring; on plug RPR 2502 the shaft is fixed by a screw. They have screw terminal clamps for connection of the first condactor of the cord. The other conductor of the cord is screwed firmly into the plug shaft. Connecting cords TRM 1101, TRM 1171, TRM 2101 etc. are used with these plugs.

Dimensions: see table.


RPR 2705


1


2

|  | replacing | $\begin{gathered} \text { plug } \\ \text { tip } \end{gathered}$ |  | plug shaft |  | D | weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | A | B | C | exe-cution |  |  |
|  |  | mm | mm | mm |  | mm | kg |
| RPR 2401 | RO 42545 | 5.49 | 30 | 10.5 | 1 | 88.5 | 0.026 |
| RPR 2402 | RO 42566 | 5.49 | 30 | 10.5 | 2 | 143.5 | 0.035 |
| RPR 2501 | RO 42690 | 5.76 | 23.8 | 9.3 | 1 | 67 | 0.013 |
| RPR 2502 | - | 5.76 | 23.8 | 9.3 | 2 | 135 | 0.025 |
| RPR 2701 | RO 42808 | 6.42 | 29 | 12 | 1 | 75 | 0.024 |
| RPR 2705 | RO 42850 | 6.42 | 29 | 12 | 1 | 83.5 | 0.028 |

Parts:

|  | plug | plug <br> shaft | fixing <br> screw <br> for <br> shaft | lock <br> ring <br> for <br> shaft* | connec- <br> ting <br> screw |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RPR 2401 | 148415 | $148420 / 1$ | - | - | - |
| RPR 2402 | 148415 | $148421 / 1$ | - | - | - |
| RPR 2501 | 127942 | $247778 / 1$ | - | 247777 | 190805 |
| RPR 2502 | 133403 | $133405 / 1$ | 190705 | - | 190805 |
| RPR 2701 | 148417 | $148418 / 1$ | - | - | - |
| RPR 2705 | 148417 | $148419 / 1$ | - | - | - |

*Suitable tools for mounting and dismounting of the lock-ring, see page 332

RPR 3402—RPR 3510 Plugs, three conductor
These plugs are used in conjunction with connecting cords in manual switchboard.

Some of the plugs have a flexible steel spiral to prevent wear of the connecting cord, see table. The first and second conductors of the cord are connected to terminal screws. The third conductor of the cord is screwed firm into the plug shaft.


RPR 3402


RPR 3501

RPR 3402 and RPR 3404 have shaft of brass covered with insulating material in black or red, see table. The shaft is screwed firm to the plug tip.

RPR 3501-RPR 3510 have shaft of black or reddish brown insulating material, for colour see table. On plugs RPR 3501, RPR 3503, RPR 3507 and RPR 3509 the shaft is held firm by a lock-ring. On plugs $R P R$ 3502, RPR 3504, RPR 3508 and RPR 3510 the shaft is fixed by means of a screw.

Connecting cords TRM 1301, TRM 2301 etc. are used with these plugs.


Dimensions: see table.

|  | replacing | plug tip |  | plug shaft |  |  | D | weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | A | B | C | colour | execution |  |  |
|  |  | mm | mm | mm |  |  | mm | kg |
| RPR 3402 | RO 44207 | 5.49 | 28.7 | 10 | black | 2 | 135 | 0.031 |
| RPR 3404 | - | 5.49 | 28.7 | 10 | red | 2 | 135 | 0.031 |
| RPR 3501 | RO 44301 | 5.76 | 23.8 | 9.3 | black | 1 | 67 | 0.011 |
| RPR 3502 | - | 5.76 | 23.8 | 9.3 | black | 2 | 135 | 0.023 |
| RPR 3503 | RO 44300 | 5.76 | 23.8 | 9.3 | red-brown | 1 | 67 | 0.011 |
| RPR 3504 | RO 44305 | 5.76 | 23.8 | 9.3 | red-brown | 2 | 135 | 0.023 |
| RPR 3507 | - | 5.76 | 23.8 | 10.5 | black | 1 | 67 | 0.013 |
| RPR 3508 | - | 5.76 | 23.8 | 10.5 | black | 2 | 135 | 0.029 |
| RPR 3509 | RO 44350 | 5.76 | 23.8 | 10.5 | red-brown | 1 | 67 | 0.013 |
| RPR 3510 | RO 44355 | 5.76 | 23.8 | 10.5 | red-brown | 2 | 135 | 0.029 |

## Parts:

|  | plug <br> tip | plug <br> shaft | fixing <br> screw <br> for | lock <br> ring <br> for <br> shaft* | connec- <br> ting <br> screw |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RPR 3402 | 216173 | 216180 | - | - | 190805 |
| RPR 3404 | 216173 | $216180 / 1$ | - | - | 190805 |
| RPR 3501 | 127948 | $247778 / 1$ | - | 247777 | 190805 |
| RPR 3502 | 133412 | $133405 / 1$ | 190705 | - | 190805 |
| RPR 3503 | 127948 | $247778 / 2$ | - | 247777 | 190805 |
| RPR 3504 | 133412 | $133405 / 2$ | 190705 | - | 190805 |
| RPR 3507 | 239870 | $247798 / 1$ | - | 247777 | 190805 |
| RPR 3508 | 133412 | $133414 / 1$ | 190704 | - | 190805 |
| RPR 3509 | 239870 | $247798 / 2$ | - | 247777 | 190805 |
| RPR 3510 | 133412 | $133414 / 2$ | 190704 | - | 190805 |

* Suitable tools for mounting and dismounting of the lock-ring see page 332

RPR 4201 Test plugs, four conductor (replacing RF 4425)


RPR 4201

This plug, which has two tips, is used in conjunction with test jack strips RNR 1001 and RNR 1002.

The two plug tips have each two conductors, these being fitted in a shaft of black insulating material. Each plug tip has two terminal screws for connection of the cord.

Suitable connecting cords are TRM 2401-TRM 2407.

## Dimensions:

length 72 mm , width 25 mm , thickness 7.5 mm ; diameter of plug tips 4.9 mm and length 26.4 mm , distance between centres 8.5 mm ; weight 0.02 kg .

## RPR 6501 Plug, six conductor



RPR 6501

This plug, which has two tips, is used for the connecting cords for trunk position amplifiers.

The two plug tips have each three conductors and three terminal screws for connection of the cord. The plug shaft is of polished black insulating material with a cord grip of brass, one plug is movable in the shaft, in order that the plug may be used for twin jacks with division from 11.1 to 11.5 mm .

A suitable connecting cord with six conductors is TRM 3601 or TRM 3602.

## Dimensions:

length 85 mm , width 22.4 mm, thickness 10.5 mm ; diameter of plug tips 5.76 mm , length 23.8 mm ; weight 0.03 kg .

## PLUGS FOR CORDLESS SWITCHBOARDS

RPS 1201 Plug, two conductor
This plug is used as connecting plug for cordless switchboards ABG 12-ABG 14.

The plug shaft is of black insulating material and the plug itself of brass with steel tip.

Dimensions:
length 48 mm , diameter of shaft 10 mm ; length of plug tip 25 mm , diameter 4.5 mm ; weight 0.005 kg .

## INSTRUMENT PLUGS

## RPS 2501 Plug, five-pole (replacing RF 3551)

RPS 2501



This plug is used in conjunction with jacks RNT 5351 and RNT 5352 for connection of head set RLF 20 in manual switchboards.

The plug, which is concentric, has shaft of nickelplated brass. The plug tip has five sections insulated one from another, which correspond to the jack contact springs. It has screw terminals for connection of the cord.

## Dimensions:

length 75 mm , diameter 24 mm , weight 0.06 kg .

## RPT 1002, RPT 1301 Plugs for table telephone instruments

These plugs are used for connection of telephone instruments which have loose wall terminals.

The plugs are of black insulating material with contact tips of nickel-plated brass and they have screw terminals for connection of the cord.

RPT 1002 is three-pole.
A suitable wall terminal is NEG 1005, NEG 1007 or NEG 2003, NEG 2004.

Dimensions:
diameter 40 mm , length excluding plug tip 32 mm ; weight 0.04 kg .

RPT 1301 is six-pole and impossible of confusion.
Suitable wall terminal is NEG 1301.
Dimensions:
length 55 mm , width 50 mm , depth exclusive plug tips 19 mm , weight 0.08 kg .

## RPT 5021—RPT 5052 Plugs for handsets

These plugs are used in conjunction with jacks RNT $5021-$ RNT 5051, chiefly for connection of handsets in manual switchboards.

Plugs are of black insulating material and the contact tips of nickel-plated brass. They have screw terminals for connection of the cord.

On some of the plugs the screw terminals are designated in white, see table.

Dimensions: see table.
Diameter of contact tips 5.5 mm , length 20 mm , contact distance 11 mm .

|  | replacing | number of poles | designation | length | width | cable hole | weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | mm | mm | mm | kg |
| RPT 5021 | RF 3220 | 2 | - | 64 | 23 | 6.6 | 0.020 |
| RPT 5031 | RF 3300 | 3 | - | 61 | 37 | 7 | 0.038 |
| RPT 5041 | RF 3452 | 4 | 1.2.3.4 | 67 | 45 | 9 | 0.050 |
| RPT 5042 | RF 3451 | 4 | MRRM | 67 | 45 | 9 | 0.050 |
| RPT 5043 | RF 3450 | 4 | M T | 67 | 45 | 9 | 0.050 |
| RPT 5044 | - | 4 | - | 67 | 45 | 9 | 0.050 |
| RPT 5051 | RF 3508 | 5 | - | 67 | 57 | 9 | 0.058 |
| RPT 5052 | - | 5 | M T | 67 | 57 | 9 | 0.058 |

RPT 5141, RPT 5142 Plugs, four-pole (replacing 214093/1, 214093/3)

These plugs are used in conjunction with jack RNT 5141.

The plugs are of black insulating material with four contact tips of nickel-plated brass, which are placed unsymmetrically so that wrong insertion is not pos-
sible. They have screw terminals for the connection of the cord.

RPT 5141 has on the same side as the cable inlet two jacks which are connected to the two outer contact tips. These enable extra receiver RLD 3101 to be connected.
RPT 5142 is similar to RPT 5141 but is without the two jacks.

## Dimensions:

length 51 mm , width 40.5 mm , thickness 14 mm ; diameter of contact tips 3.9 mm , length 17 mm , contact distances $9.5+9.5+12 \mathrm{~mm}$; diameter cable inlet 7 mm ; weight 0.036 kg .

## CUT-OFF PLUGS

## RPT 9901—RPT 9906 Cut-off plugs

237232
These cut-off plugs are used in conjunction with test jack strip RNR 1001 and RNR 1002.

The plugs are of insulating material in various colours, see table.

## Dimensions:

length 43 mm , width 14 mm , thickness 3 mm , weight per 100: 0.18 kg .

|  | colour |
| :--- | :--- |
| 9901 | black |
| RPT 9902 | white |
| RPT 9903 | brown |
| RPT 9904 | red |
| RPT 9905 | yellow |
| RPT 9906 | green |

## 237232 Cut-off plug

This cut-off plug is used in conjunction with jack strips designed for 5.76 plugs.

The object of the cut-off' is to disconnect a subscriber's line in the switchboard jacks, at the same time serving as marker for the cut off line. It is of white insulating material.

## Dimensions:

length 33 mm , plug diameter 5.76 mm , weight per $100: 0.15 \mathrm{~kg}$.

## SUBSCRIBER'S METERS, KEY FOR SUBSCRIBER'S METERS

## SUBSCRIBER'S METERS

The subscriber's meters are used at telephone exchanges for counting or recording calls. They register up to 9999 calls.

RSA 1002—RSA 1302 Subscriber's meters


RSA 1002


RSA 1102

They are available in the following four types: RSA 10, with zero setting;
RSA 11, with eye for sealing;
RSA 12, with zero setting and one contact terminal; RSA 13 with eye for sealing and one contact terminal.

The meters RSA 10 and RSA 12 may be used without change in tropical climates; RSA 11 and RSA 13 can be supplied in tropical execution, in which case the letter $T$ is added to the designation, c.g., RSA $1102 T$.

## Dimensions:

length 110 mm , width 30 mm , height 32 mm , weight about 0.24 kg .



RSA 1002-RSA 1006 RSA 1101-RSA 1105


RSA 1201-RSA 1203
RSA 1301, RSA 1302

|  | coil to clutch magnet |  | operating with |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | designation | resistance |  |
|  |  | ohm | mA |
|  | with zero restoring |  |  |
| RSA 1002 | RCE 45104 | 100 | 74 |
| RSA 1003 | RCE 45106 | 500 | 25 |
| RSA 1004 | RCE 45107 | 1000 | 20 |
| RSA 1006 | RCE 45102 | 25 | 95 |
|  | with eyelet for sealing |  |  |
| RSA 1101 | RCE 45106 | 500 | 25 |
| RSA 1102 | RCE 45104 | 100 | 74 |
| RSA 1103 | RCE 45102 | 25 | 95 |
| RSA 1105 | RCE 45107 | 1000 | 20 |
|  | with zero restoring and with make contact |  |  |
| RSA 1201 | RCE 34103 | 500 | 25 |
| RSA 1202 | RCE 34104 | 1000 | 20 |
| RSA 1203 | RCE 34102 | 100 | 74 |
|  | with eyelet for sealing and with make contact |  |  |
| RSA 1301 | RCE 34103 | 500 | 25 |
| RSA 1302 | RCE 34104 | 1000 | 20 |

## KEY FOR SUBSCRIBER'S METERS

LSB 9001 Key for subscriber's meters (replacing 0-134)

This key is used in conjunction with subscriber's meters with zero setting.
The key is of steel and has an eye for hanging up. By inserting the tip of the key in the hole in the lever visible on the meter and pressing downwards all the counter wheels are restored to zero.

## Dimensions:

length 38 mm , diameter 5 mm , weight 0.005 kg .

## CORD CLIP BLOCKS, CORD WEIGHTS, CORD PULLEYS

## CORD CLIP BLOCKS



RTA 1002


RTA 1003

RTA 1001 Cord clip block
This cord clip block is used for connection of a twoconductor connecting cord in manual switchboards.

The block is of black insulating material.
Fixing requires two wood screws Trskr No. 4-5/8" KS M05, to be ordered separately.

## Dimensions:

length 54 mm , width 12.4 mm , distance between clips 26 mm , weight 0.01 kg .

## RTA 1002-RTA 1004 Cord clip blocks

These cord clip blocks are used for the connection of connecting cords in manual switchboards.
The blocks are of black insulating material.
RTA 1002 is designed for two two-conductor cords. RTA 1003 is designed for two three-conductor cords.
RTA 1004 resembles RTA 1003 but has an extra fixing hole between the first and second pairs of clips.

Fixing requires two wood screws Trskr No. 4-5/8" KS M05, to be ordered separately.

Dimensions:
length 80 mm , width 24.9 mm , distance between clips 26 mm , weight about 0.03 kg .

## CORD WEIGHTS



RTA 1203


RTA 1221

## RTA 1201 Cord weight

This cord weight is used in manual switchboards.
The weight is of black-enamelled cast-iron and the pulley of white boiled brass.

## Dimensions:

length 92 mm , width 55 mm , thickness 17.5 mm , weight 0.33 kg .

## RTA 1203 Cord weight

This cord weight is used in manual switchboards which have guide device for the weight.

The weight is of black-enamelled iron and the pulley of white boiled brass.

The cord weight runs on a steel wire that is attached between the plug panel and the underpart of the table.

## Dimensions:

length 107 mm , width 49 mm , thickness 13.5 mm , weight 0.28 kg .

## RTA 1221 Cord weight

This cord weight is used in conjunction with cord pulley RTA 1231 in manual switchboards where the multiple is so large that specially long connecting cords are required.
The weight is of black-enamelled cast-iron. The pulleys, of white boiled brass, are furnished with ball bearings.

## Dimensions:

length 108 mm , width 104 mm , thickness 18 mm , weight 0.66 kg .

## CORD PULLEYS

## RTA 1231 Cord pulley

This cord pulley is used in conjunction with cord weight RTA 1221 in manual switchboards.

The housing is of black-enamellad iron and the pulley itself of white boiled brass.

Fixing requires two wood screws Trskr No. 4-1/2" KS M05, to be ordered separately.

## Dimensions:

height 45 mm , width 41 mm , thickness 13.5 mm , weight 0.06 kg .

## SELECTORS

## 25-STEP SELECTORS RVE 10—RVE 39



Selector with rigid suspension, mounted on a bar

The 25 -step selector is a rotary, step-by-step driven selector, which chiefly finds employment in small automatic switchboards, such as OL 35 and OL 45, but which also has many other spheres of employment. It consists of a cylindrical drum, the contact bank, fitted with traversing contact rings, contact segments or contact bars, arranged in eight, ten or twelve parallel rings, and a mobile part, the rotor.

The rotor consists of a shaft fitted with four, five or six contact springs which are insulated from each other and from the shaft. Each of the springs rubs against two adjoining contact rows thus ensuring in their passage round the field the contact between the segments or bars in the two rows. The rotor shaft which is pivoted at both ends has at one end an escapement wheel with twenty-five teeth and is driven by a pawl.

This pawl in turn is fixed to the armature of an electromagnet which receives pulsating D.C. current. With each current impulse the armature is energised to actuate a spring which when the magnet is de-energised restores the armature to home position. During this movement the pawl moves the rotor one step to a fresh contact position.

The selectors are normally made for 24 V , but may be had on request for other voltages. The operating current is obtained from impulse machines or special operating relays. If only a few selectors are required it is recommended to furnish them with self-operating contacts, when no external operating device is necessary.

The 25 -step selector may be furnished with home position group of different designs, e.g., one break contact and one make contact, two break contacts etc. Through a cam on the shaft this group is actuated once or twice per revolution. Use of home position groups reduces the number of contact banks required, so that a less expensive selector may be used or the free contact banks may be utilised for other purposes. As an example of the operation of the home position group it may be stated that if, for instance, the operating current is passed through a break contact in the home position group, the selectors steps forward automatically until its home position is reached.

The 25 -step selectors are made for rigid or elastic suspension. Both types may be mounted individually on bars or several together in frames, see figures. Elastic hung selectors are used to advantage if the speech circuits are to pass through the selector contacts.

Selector with elastic suspension, mounted on a frame


Suitable types of 25 -step selectors can be offered for each individual case. By combination of different operating magnets, numbers of banks, construction of banks, self operating groups, home position groups

and methods of mounting a large number of different types may be obtained. It is therefore not possible to include any special types in this catalogue.

Enquiries should be accompanied by the following particulars:

1: operating voltage;
2: rigid or elastic suspension;
3: number of contact banks per selector and their construction according to following table;

4: self operating or operating relays;
5: whether the selector is to have home position group and if so state the home position group according to the second table and also whether the group is to be actuated once or twice per revolution;

6: the number of selectors per bar;
7: whether the bars are to be fitted with terminal blocks.



## 12-STEP SELECTORS RVG 10—RVG 11

The 12-step selector is a rotary, step-by-step driven selector, chiefly used in small automatic switchboards, e.g., OL 12 and OL 15, but which has also many other spheres of employment. It consists of a contact field, which comprises five banks each with a whole contact segment and twelve contact bars, together with a mobile part, the rotor. The rotor consists of a shaft fitted with five contact springs all insulated from each other and from the shaft. Each one of the springs rubs both against its own segment and against its own row of contacts thus ensuring during its movement round the field the contact between the segment and the contact bars. The construction of the contact field cannot be varied.

The rotor shaft, pivoted at both ends, has at one end an escapement wheel with thirty-six teeth and is moved forward by a pawl. The pawl in turn is fixed to the armature of an electromagnet which receives pulsating D.C. current. For each impulse the armature is energised and actuates a spring which, when the mag-
net is de-energised, restores the armature to home position. During the movement the pawl moves the rotor forward one step to a fresh contact position.

The contact field takes up one third of the revolution. As the rotor is normally fitted with three contact springs, placed at $120^{\circ}$ to each other, for each of the five contact banks, there is actually obtained a selector with twelve different positions. By means of a special rotor it is possible to use the selector as a 36 -step selector.

The selector is normally made for 24 V , but may be supplied for other voltages on request. The operating current is obtained from impulse machines or special operating relays. If only a few selectors are required it is recommended to provide these with self operating contacts, whereupon no external operating arrangement is necessary.

The 12 -step selector may be provided with home position group of various designs, e.g., one break contact and one make contact, two break contacts etc. This group is actuated three times per revolution by a cam fixed on the shaft or, if the selector is employed as a 36 -step selector, once per revolution. Home position groups are used, for example, if the selector is to step forward automatically to home position. The operating current must then go through a break contact in the home position group.

The selector is mounted on bars or the like, rigidly or elastically. It may, if desired, be furnished with a tight-fitting case of enamelled sheet-iron.

Suitable types of 12 -step selectors are quoted for each individual case. By the combination of different operating magnets, self operating groups, home position groups and method of fitting, a large number
of different types may be obtained. It is not possible therefore to include any special types in this catalogue.

Enquiries should be accompanied by the following particulars:

1: operating voltage;
2: elastic or non-elastic suspension;
3: self operation or operating relays;
4: whether the selector is to have home position group, in such case give the home position group as per table below and whether the group is to be actuated once or three times per revolution;

5: whether the selector is to be provided with case.


RVG 10-RVG 11

| home positon groups |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  <br> 5 |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  <br> 11 |  |  |

## CABLES

## CABLES FOR TELEPHONE INSTRUMENTS

## TRE 1201—TRE 1504 Cables



TRE 1201-TRE 1504

These cables are used as terminal block cord for telephone instruments with line selector and also for private branch exchanges.

They are made of the MACK cable type.
The individual conductors are insulated by two coverings silk and one covering cotton and well impregnated. The conductors are laid in pairs and cabled, then have a common cover of cotton yarn, with outside a braiding of coarse black artificial silk. The cables have at each end a 15 mm long binding of black cotton yarn.

Dimensions: see table.

|  | num- <br> ber of <br> con- <br> duc- <br> tors | L | A | B | D | used for | weight |
| :--- | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | mm | mm | mm | mm |  | k |
| TRE 1201 | 20 | 2000 | 200 | 300 | 7.2 | ADD 1001 | 0.15 |
| TRE 1301 | 30 | 2130 | 200 | 120 | 8.5 | DEH 1010 | 0.20 |
| TRE 1302 | 30 | 2000 | 200 | 500 | 8.5 | ADD 1003 | 0.21 |
| TRE 1501 | 50 | 2130 | 300 | 120 | 10.2 | DEH 1020 | 0.35 |
| TRE 1504 | 50 | 2000 | 350 | 800 | 10.2 | ABG 1402 | 0.43 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## CORDS

## CORDS FOR DIALS

## TRG 1301—TRG 1407 Cords

These cords are used in conjunction with dials RGA 1002, RGA 1003 etc.

They are made of No. 6740 type of cord.
The individual conductors are insulated by two covers silk, impregnated and then braided with silk. The


TRG 1301-TRG 1311


TRG 1401 -TRG $14 \mathrm{C7}$ conductors are cabled, and outside everything have a braiding of black mercerized cotton yarn. The wire ends for connection are tinned.

TRG 1301 - TRG 1311 have three conductors. The outside diameter is 2.6 mm .

TRG 1401 - TRG 1407 has four conductors. The outside diameter is 2.8 mm .

For other dimensions: see table.

| TRG 1301 | replacing | length $L$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { trim } \\ \mathrm{A} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { trim } \\ & \mathrm{B}^{*} \end{aligned}$ | identifying colour | weight per 100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | mm | mm | mm |  | kg |
|  |  |  | 50 | 22 | red |  |
|  | TRG 1303 | 280 | 50 | 22 | blue | 0.20 |
|  |  |  | 50 | 15 | white |  |
| TRG 1302 | TRG 1304 | 350 | 50 | 22 | red |  |
|  |  |  | 50 | 22 | blue | 0.25 |
|  |  |  | 50 | 15 | white |  |
| TRG 1305 | TRG 1312 | 150 | 50 | 22 | red |  |
|  |  |  | 50 | 22 | blue | 0.15 |
|  |  |  | 50 | 15 | white |  |
| TRG 1306 | - | 245 | 50 | 22 | red |  |
|  |  |  | 50 | 22 | blue | 0.18 |
|  |  |  | 50 | 15 | white |  |

* To be soldered to the dial


- To be soldered to the dial


## TRG 5301, TRG 5303 Cords



TRG 5301, TRG 5303

These cords are used in conjunction with watertight dials RGA 2002, RGA 2003.

They are made of No. 11262 type cord.
The individual conductors are insulated with one cover silk and one coating vulcanized rubber. The conductors are cabled and have an external braiding of black mercerized cotton yarn which is wax impregnated. The wire ends for connection are tinned.

TRG 5301, TRG 5303 have three conductors. The outside diameter is 4.2 mm .

For other dimensions: see table below.


* To be soldered to the dia!


## CONNECTING CORDS FOR HEAD SETS

## TRK 1201 Connecting cord



TRK 1201

This connecting cord is used in head sets RLF 2001RLF 2006 for connection of the transmitter inset to the receiver case.

It is made of No. 5748 type cord.
The individual conductors are insulated with two coverings silk and impregnated, with outside a braiding of blue silk. Two such conductors are twisted. The cord has at one end connecting eyes and at the other contact bushing 243162 designed for pressing firm on the contact points of the transmitter inset and are also fitted with drag eyes.

## Dimensions:

length L 61 mm , other measurements see sketch, weight 0.001 kg .

## CONNECTING CORDS FOR MANUAL SWITCHBOARDS

These cords are used in conjunction with plugs $R P R$ $2401-R P R 3510$ as connecting cords for manual switchboards.

They have two or three conductors and outside braiding of red or yellow colour. The outside diameter for the two-conductor cord is 5.6 mm and for the three-conductor cord 5.8 mm .

The execution is of two kinds: normal and tropical.


TRM 10, TRM 20

TRM 1001—TRM 1314 Cords, normal execution
They are made of No. 7726 type cord.
The individual conductor is insulated by two coverings silk, impregnated with black composition and then
braided with cotton yarn. The conductors are cabled with filling yarn and braided together with one layer cotton yarn and then an outer braiding of glazed yarn. Insulation resistance is not less than 100 megohm $/ \mathrm{m}$ after 24 hours in $80 \%$ relative humidity.

TRM 2001—TRM 2314 Cords, tropical execution

They are made of No. 7900 cord type.

The individual conductor is insulated by two layers guttapercha tape and one covering silk, after which it is braided with cotton yarn. The conductors are cabled with filling yarn and braided together with one layer cotton yarn and finally a braiding of glazed coloured yarn. The insulation resistance is not less than 100 megohm $/ \mathrm{m}$ after 24 hours in $75 \%$ relative humidity at a temperature of $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or 1000 megohm/m after one hour in water.

TRM 1001, TRM 1003, TRM 2001, TRM 2003, which have two conductors, are designed for plug $R P R 2501$.

At both ends of the first conductor there is a cable lug SNG 10601 fitting the plug's terminal screw. The second conductor has at each end a binding of tinned copper wire fitted for screwing into the plug shaft.

| normal | replacing | tropical | colour | length <br> L | weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | mm | kg |
| TRM 1001 | RS 62041 | TRM 2001 | red | 480 | 0.009 |
| TRM 1003 | RS 62061 | TRM 2003 | red | 580 | 0.012 |



TRM 11, TRM 21

TRM 1101-TRM 1118, TRM 2101-TRM 2118, which have two conductors, are designed for plug RPR 2501 or RPR 2502 and cord clip block RTA 1001 or RTA 1002.

At one end of the cord is a cable lug SNG 10601 for the first conductor and for the second conductor a binding of tinned copper wire fitted for screwing into the plug shaft. The other end of the cord has a contact 134307 of white boiled brass for the first conductor and for the second conductor a binding of tinned copper wire fitting the clips of the cord clip block.



TRM 1171, TRM 1172, which have two conductors, are intended for plug RPR 3501 along with terminal block type NEM 11.

They are particulary intended for hotel switchboards type $A D B$.

The cords are trimmed at the plug end for connection to the first and third conductors in plug $R P R$ 3501. For the first conductor the cord has a cable lug SNG 10601 and for the third conductor a winding of tinned copper wire fitting the screw thread of the plug shaft.

The other end of the cord is trimmed with contact eyes for connection to the terminal block.

| normal | replacing | colour | length <br> L. | weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TRM 1171 | - | red | mm | kg |
| TRM. 1172 | - | grey | 630 | 0.015 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |



TRM 12, TRM 22

TRM 1201-TRM 1208, TRM 2201-TRM 2208, which have two conductors, are designed for plug $R P R$ 2401, RPR 2402, RPR 2701 or RPR 2705 and cord clip block RTA 1001 or RTA 1002.

One end of the cord has a contact point 0-10277 for the first conductor, fitting the spring contact tip of the plug and for the second conductor a binding of tinned copper wire fitted for screwing or pressing into the plug shaft. The other end has a contact 134307 of white boiled brass for the first conductor and for the other conductor a binding of tinned copper wire, to fit the clips of the cord clip block.

| normal | replacing | tropical | colour | length | weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | mm | kg |
| TRM 1201 | RS 72601 | TRM 2201 | red | 1600 | 0.033 |
| TRM 1202 | RS 72602 | TRM 2202 | grey | 1600 | 0.033 |
| TRM 1203 | RS 72801 | TRM 2203 | red | 2800 | 0.057 |
| TRM 1204 | RS 72802 | TRM 2204 | grey | 2800 | 0.057 |
| TRM 1205 | RS 72701 | TRM 2205 | red | 1780 | 0.038 |
| TRM 1206 | RS 72702 | TRM 2206 | grey | 1780 | 0.038 |
| TRM 1207 | - | TRM 2207 | red | 1030 | 0.023 |
| TRM 1208 | - | TRM 2208 | grey | 1030 | 0.023 |



TRM 13, TRM 23

TRM 1301-TRM 1314, TRM 2301-TRM 2314, which have three conductors, are designed for plugs RPR 3402, RPR 3404, RPR 3501-RPR 3504, RPR 3507RPR 3510 and cord clip block RTA 1003 or RTA 1004.

One end of the cord has cable lug SNG 10601 for the first and second conductors and for the third conductor a binding of tinned copper wire fitted for screwing into the plug shaft. The other end of the cord has a contact 134307 of white boiled brass for the first conductor and for the second and third conductors a binding of tinned copper wire fitting the clips of the cord clip block.

| normal | replacing | tropical | colour | length <br> L | weight |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  | mm | kg |  |
| TRM 1301 | RS 63501 | TRM 2301 | red | 1030 | 0.030 |  |
| TRM 1302 | RS 63502 | TRM 2302 | grey | 1030 | 0.030 |  |
| TRM 1303 | RS 63601 | TRM 2303 | red | 1630 | 0.043 |  |
| TRM 1304 | RS 63602 | TRM 2304 | grey | 1630 | 0.043 |  |
| TRM 1305 | RS 63801 | TRM 2305 | red | 2830 | 0.070 |  |
| TRM 1306 | RS 63802 | TRM 2306 | grey | 2830 | 0.070 |  |
| TRM 1307 | RS 63701 | TRM 2307 | red | 1780 | 0.046 |  |
| TRM 1308 | RS 63702 | TRM 2308 | grey | 1780 | 0.046 |  |
| TRM 1309 | - | TRM 2309 | red | 390 | 0.016 |  |
| TRM 1310 | - | TRM 2310 | grey | 390 | 0.016 |  |
| TRM 1311 | - | TRM 2311 | red | 490 | 0.018 |  |
| TRM 1312 | - | TRM 2312 | grey | 490 | 0.018 |  |
| TRM 1313 | - | TRM 2313 | red | 630 | 0.021 |  |
| TRM 1314 | - | TRM 2314 | grey | 630 | 0.021 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## CORDS FOR TEST INSTRUMENTS

## TRM 2401, TRM 2407 Cords

These cords are used as test cords type RPM 24 with test instruments at telephone exchanges.

They are made of No. 7900 type cord.
The cords have four conductors and are braided outside with brown glazed yarn. They can also be used in tropical climates.


TRM 2401, TRM 2402


TRM 2403-TRM 2407

At one end the cords TRM 2401, TRM 2402 have the trim with eyelets arranged for test plug RPR 4201 and in the other end with eyelets for plug RPT 5044.

At each end the cords TRM 2403-TRM 2407 have the trim arranged for test plug RPR 4201.

Dimensions:
external diameter 5.9 mm ; other dimensions, see table.

|  | trim of the first end | length | trim of the second end | weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | mm | mm | mm | kg |
| TRM 2401 | 30 | 3000 | 13 and 21 | 0.075 |
| TRM 2402 | 30 | 2000 | 13 and 21 | 0.050 |
| TRM 2403 | 13 and 21 | 1000 | 13 and 21 | 0.025 |
| TRM 2404 | 13 and 21 | 2000 | 13 and 21 | 0.050 |
| TRM 2405 | 13 and 21 | 3000 | 13 and 21 | 0.075 |
| TRM 2406 | 13 and 21 | 4000 | 13 and 21 | 0.100 |
| TRM 2407 | 13 and 21 | 5000 | 13 and 21 | 0.125 |

## CORDS FOR AMPLIFIERS



TRM 3601, TRM 3602

TRM 3601, TRM 3602 Cords
These cords are used as connecting cords for amplifiers in trunk switchboards.

They are made of No. 8790 type cord.
The individual conductors are insulated with two covers silk, black composition impregnated and then covered with a layer of coloured silk. Six conductors are cabled with filling yarn and braided together with a layer of cotton yarn and then a further braiding of coloured mercerized cotton yarn. The insulation resistance is not less than $100 \mathrm{megohm} / \mathrm{m}$ after 24 hours in $80 \%$ relative humidity.

The cords are made at one end for connection to plug RPR 6501 and at the other end for cord clip block RTA 1003 or RTA 1004. The cords have six terminal tappings, so that all the terminals on the cord clip block are used for connection.

TRM 3601 is red.
TRM 3602 is green.

## Dimensions:

length L 2000 mm , A 50 mm , external diameter 6 mm , other dimensions as per sketch, weight 0.07 kg .

## CORDS FOR TELEPHONE INSTRUMENTS

These cords are used for telephone instruments connected to wall terminal as also for handsets, receivers etc.

The cords are normally made with connection eyes, but in certain cases they have cable lugs instead of eyes, see tables.

The dimensions for trim run from the centre of the projection cyes.

Some of the cords are protected against strain at the connection points by means of reinforcements, consisting of supporting eyes, knots, rubber stops or rubber case, see tables.

The execution is of two kinds: normal and tropical.

## TRS 1201—TRS 1901 Cords, normal execution

They are made of No. 7560 type cord.
The individual conductors are insulated by two covers silk with black composition impregnation between the covers and have externally a braiding of black mercerized cotton yarn. The requisite number of conductors is cabled and braided together with coarse black artificial silk.

The insulation resistance is not less than 100 megohm $/ \mathrm{m}$ after 24 hours in $80 \%$ relative humidity.

TRS 5201-TRS 5901 Cords, tropical execution
They are made of No. 3464 type cord.
The individual conductors are insulated with a yarn cover over which is vulcanized rubber and finally a braiding of black mercerized cotton yarn. The requisite number of conductors is cabled and braided together with coarse black artificial silk.

The insulation resistance is not less than 1000 megohm $/ \mathrm{m}$ after one hour in water.


TRS 12., TRS 52

TRS 1201-TRS 1208, TRS 5201-TRS 5208 have two conductors.

External diameter for TRS 1201 - TRS 1208 is 5.3 mm and for TRS 5201 -TRS 5208 it is 5.8 mm .

Other dimensions: see table.

| normal | replacing | tropical | colour | $\operatorname{trim} A$ |  | length L | $\operatorname{trim}$ B |  | weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | length | identifying colours |  | length | identifying colours |  |
| TRS 1201 | RS 4105/1 | TRS 5201 | black | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{mm} \\ 25 \\ 37 \end{gathered}$ | yellow black | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{mm} \\ 1250 \end{gathered}$ | mm <br> 40 <br> 33 <br> rubber case <br> cable lugs | yellow <br> black | $\begin{gathered} \text { kg } \\ 0.025 \end{gathered}$ |
| TRS 1202 | - | TRS 5202 | black | 25 37 | yellow <br> black | 1250 | $\begin{gathered} 20 \\ 20 \\ \text { retaining } \\ \text { eyelet } \end{gathered}$ | yellow <br> black | 0.025 |
| TRS 1206 | - | TRS 5206 | black | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & 37 \end{aligned}$ | yellow black | 1500 | $\left.\begin{gathered} 40 \\ 33 \\ \text { rubber case } \\ \text { cable lugs } \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | yellow <br> black | 0.025 |
| TRS 1208 | - | TRS 5208 | black | 15 30 | yellow <br> black | 420 | $\begin{gathered} 15 \\ 15 \\ \text { retaining } \\ \text { eyelet } \end{gathered}$ | yellow black | 0.010 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



TRS 13, TRS 53

TRS 1301-TRS 1303, TRS 5301 - TRS 5303 have three conductors.

External diameter for TRS 1301 -TRS 1303 is 6 mm and for TRS 5301 -TRS 5303 it is 6.7 mm .

Other dimensions: see table.

| normal | replacing | tropical | colour | trim A |  | $\underset{L}{\text { length }}$ | trim B |  | weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | length | identifying colours |  | length |  |  |
| TRS 1301 | RS 5220 | TRS 5301 | black | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{mm} \\ 25 \\ 37 \\ 49 \end{gathered}$ | yellow <br> black <br> red | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{mm} \\ 1250 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{mm} \\ 25 \\ 25 \\ 25 \\ \text { seizing } \end{gathered}$ | yellow black red | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{kg} \\ 0.035 \end{gathered}$ |
| TRS 1302 | RS 5080 | TRS 5302 | black | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & 37 \\ & 49 \end{aligned}$ | yellow <br> black <br> red | 1250 | $\begin{gathered} 20 \\ 20 \\ 20 \\ \text { retaining } \\ \text { eyelet } \end{gathered}$ | yellow <br> black <br> red | 0.035 |
| TRS 1303 | - | TRS 5303 | white | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & 37 \\ & 49 \end{aligned}$ | yellow black red | 1250 | $\begin{gathered} 20 \\ 20 \\ 20 \\ \text { retaining } \\ \text { eyelet } \end{gathered}$ | yellow <br> black <br> red | 0.035 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



TRS 14, TRS 54

TRS 1401-TRS 1409, TRS 5401 - TRS 5409 have four conductors.

External diameter for TRS 1401 -TRS 1409 is 6.7 mm , and for TRS 5401 -TRS 5409 it is 7.3 mm .

Other dimensions: see table.

| normal | replacing | tropical | colour | $\operatorname{trim} \mathrm{A}$ |  | length$\mathrm{L}$ | trim B |  | weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | length | identifying colours |  | length | identifying colours |  |
| TRS 1401 | RS 6162 | TRS 5401 | black | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{mm} \\ 25 \\ 37 \\ 49 \\ 61 \end{gathered}$ | yellow <br> black <br> red <br> white | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{mm} \\ & 1250 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { mm } \\ & 20 \\ & 20 \\ & 20 \\ & 20 \\ & \text { retaining } \\ & \text { eyelet } \end{aligned}$ | yellow <br> black <br> red <br> white | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{kg} \\ 0.040 \end{gathered}$ |
| TRS 1402 | RS 6164 | TRS 5402 | black | $\begin{aligned} & 30 \\ & 30 \\ & 30 \\ & 30 \end{aligned}$ | yellow <br> black <br> red <br> white | 1250 | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & 20 \\ & 20 \\ & 20 \\ & \text { retaining } \\ & \text { eyeInt } \end{aligned}$ | yellow <br> black <br> red <br> white | 0.040 |
| TRS 1403 | - | TRS 5403 | black | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & 37 \\ & 49 \\ & 61 \end{aligned}$ | yellow <br> black <br> red <br> white | 1250 | $\begin{aligned} & 125 \\ & 125 \\ & 125 \\ & 125 \\ & \text { retaining } \\ & \text { eyelet } \end{aligned}$ | yellow <br> black <br> red <br> white | 0.040 |
| TRS 1404 | RS 6160 | TRS 5404 | black | $\begin{aligned} & 17 \\ & 17 \\ & 17 \\ & 17 \end{aligned}$ | yellow <br> black <br> red <br> white | 1250 | $\begin{gathered} 20 \\ 20 \\ 20 \\ 20 \\ \text { retaining } \\ \text { eyelet } \end{gathered}$ | yellow <br> black <br> red <br> white | 0.040 |
| TRS 1409 | - | TRS 5409 | white | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & 37 \\ & 49 \\ & 61 \end{aligned}$ | yellow <br> black <br> red <br> white | 1250 | 20 20 20 20 retaining eyelet | yellow <br> black <br> red <br> white | 0.040 |



TRS 15, TRS 55

TRS 1501-TRS 1503, TRS 5501-TRS 5503 have five conductors.

External diameter for TRS 1501 - TRS 1503 is 7.1 mm and for TRS 5501 -TRS 5503 it is 7.9 mm .

Other dimensions: see table.



TRS 16, TRS 56

TRS 1601, TRS 5601 have six conductors.
External diameter for TRS 1601 is 7.9 mm and for TRS 5601 it is 8.7 mm .

Other dimensions: see table.



TRS 1701-TRS 1702, TRS 5701-TRS 5702 have seven conductors.

External diameter for TRS 1701 -TRS 1702 is 8.1 mm for TRS 5701 - TRS 5702 it is 9.1 mm .

Other dimensions: sec table.



TRS 18, TRS 58

TRS 1801 - TRS 1802, TRS 5801 - TRS 5802 have eight conductors.

External diameter for TRS 1801 - TRS 1802 is 8.8 mm and for TRS 5801 -TRS 5802 it is 9.7 mm .
Other dimensions: see table.



TRS 1901, TRS 5901 have nine conductors.
External diameter for TRS 1901 is 9.6 mm and for TRS 5901 it is 10.5 mm .

Other dimensions: see table.

| normal | replacing | tropical | colour | trim A |  | $\underset{L}{\text { length }}$ | trim B |  | weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | length | identi- <br> fying <br> colours |  | length | identifying colours |  |
| TRS 1901 | RS 9951 | TRS 5901 | black | mm |  | 1250 | mm |  | kg |
|  |  |  |  | 25 | yellow |  | 125 | yellow |  |
|  |  |  |  | 37 | black |  | 125 | black |  |
|  |  |  |  | 49 | red |  | 125 | red |  |
|  |  |  |  | 61 | yellowwhite |  | 125 | yellowwhite |  |
|  |  |  |  | 73 | blackwhite |  | 125 | biack- <br> white |  |
|  |  |  |  | 85 | redwhite |  | 125 | redwhite |  |
|  |  |  |  | 90 | brown |  | 125 | brown |  |
|  |  |  |  | 78 | blue |  | 125 | blue |  |
|  |  |  |  | 66 | brown- |  | 125 | brown- |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | retaining eyelet |  |  |

## RUBBER HOSE CORDS, THICK-WALLED

TRS 2201—TRS 2405 Rubber hose cords
These cords are used for portable telephone instruments, ship's telephones, mine telephones etc.

They are made of No. 7684 type cord.
Each individual conductor is insulated by a yarn covering, on top of which is vulcanized rubber. The requisite number of conductors is cabled and together pressed into a rubber hose which entirely fills up the spaces between the conductors. The insulation resistance is not less than 1000 megohm $/ \mathrm{m}$ after one hour in water.


TRS 2201-TRS 2204

TRS 2201-TRS 2204 have two conductors. External diameter is 7 mm .

Other dimensions: see table.



TRS 2301-TRS 2304

TRS 2301-TRS 2304 have three conductors. External diameter is 7 mm .

Other dimensions: see table.

| TRS 2301 | replacing | colours | trim A |  | $\underset{L}{\text { length }}$ | trim B |  | weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | length | identi- <br> fying <br> colours |  | length | ident:fying colours |  |
|  | RS 5120 | black | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{mm} \\ 25 \\ 37 \\ 49 \end{gathered}$ | yellow <br> black <br> red | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{mm} \\ & 1500 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \mathrm{mm} \\ 20 \\ 20 \\ 20 \\ \text { rubber case } \end{array}$ | yellow <br> black <br> red | kg <br> 0.095 |
| TRS 2302 | - | white | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & 37 \\ & 49 \end{aligned}$ | yellow <br> black <br> red | 1250 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} 20 \\ 20 \\ 20 \\ \text { rubber case } \end{gathered}\right.$ | yellow <br> black <br> red | 0.080 |
| TRS 2303 | - | black | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & 37 \\ & 49 \end{aligned}$ | yellow <br> black <br> red | 450 | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} 20 \\ 20 \\ 20 \\ \text { rubber case } \end{array}$ | yellow <br> black <br> red | 0.030 |
| TRS 2304 | RS 5121 | black | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & 37 \\ & 49 \end{aligned}$ | yellow <br> black <br> red | 1500 | $\begin{gathered} 50 \\ 50+80 \\ 60 \end{gathered}$ | yellow <br> black <br> red | 0.093 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



IRS 2401-TRS 2405

TRS 2401-TRS 2405 have four conductors. External diameter is 7 mm .

Other dimensions: see table.


# RUBBER HOSE CORDS, THIN-WALLED 



TRS 3202


TRS 3203, TRS 3219


TRS 3210


TRS 3212

TRS 3201-TRS 3402 Rubber hose cords
These cords are used in conjunction with handsets, laryngophones receivers etc.

Because of the weaker rubber insulation they are more pliable than rubber cords TRS 2201 ctc.

The cords TRS 3206, TRS 3207 are specially designed for series connection of two receivers in head-gear receivers. Some of the cords have round or flat plug which is cast in along with the cord.

They are made of No. 8920 type cord.

The individual conductors are insulated by a yarn covering, on top of which is vulcanized rubber. The requisite number of conductors is pressed in together with a vulcanized rubber hose, black or grey in colour, which entirely fills up the spaces between the conductors. The insulation resistance is not less than 1000 $\mathrm{megohm} / \mathrm{m}$ after one hour in water.

TRS 3201 -TRS 3223 have two conductors. External diameter is 5.2 mm .

Other dimensions: see table.

|  | replacing | colour | Ieng f |  | weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | A | L |  |
|  |  |  | mm | mm | kg |
| TRS 3201 | - | black |  | 400 | 0.015 |
| TRS 3202 | RS 4850 | black |  | 2500 | 0.100 |
| TRS 3203 | - | black |  | 560 | 0.020 |
| TRS 3205 | - | black |  | 900 | 0.045 |



TRS 3215


TRS 3222, TRS 3223


TRS 3302


TRS 3303

|  | replacing | colour |  | g h | weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | replacing | colour | A | L | weigh |
|  |  |  | mm | mm | kg |
| TRS 3206 | RS 4831 | grey |  | 1340 | 0.095 |
| TRS 3207 | RS 4812 | grey |  | 1350 | 0.090 |
| TRS 3210 | - | black |  | 430 | 0.015 |
| TRS 3211 | - | black |  | 1025 | 0.035 |
| TRS 3212 | - | black |  | 1530 | 0.070 |
| TRS 3215 | - | black |  | 1250 | 0.040 |
| TRS 3218 | - | black |  | 1530 | 0.050 |
| TRS 3219 | - | black |  | 800 | 0.040 |
| TRS 3222 | - | black | 20 | 1350 | 0.070 |
| TRS 3223 | - | black | 60 | 1350 | 0.070 |

TRS 3301-TRS 3303 have three conductors. They are black.

External diameter is 5.7 mm .

Other dimensions: see table.

| TRS 3301 | length $L$ | trim A | trim B | identifying colours | weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{mm} \\ 1025 \end{gathered}$ | mm | mm | yellow <br> black <br> red | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{kg} \\ 0.040 \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  | 30 | 22 |  |  |
|  |  | 30 | 22 |  |  |
|  |  | 30 | 22 |  |  |
|  |  |  | rubber case |  |  |
| TRS 3302 | 310 | 30 | 65 | red | 0.015 |
|  |  | 30 | 65 | blue |  |
|  |  | 30 | 65 | white |  |
|  |  |  | rubber case |  |  |
| TRS 3303 | 1250 | 25 | 50 | yellow |  |
|  |  | 37 | $50+80$ | black | 0.050 |
|  |  | 49 | 60 | red |  |

TRS 3401-TRS 3402 have four conductors. They are black.

External diameter is 6.2 mm .
Other dimensions: see table.


| TRS 3401 | length $L$ | $\operatorname{trim} A$ | trim B | identi- <br> fying colours | weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | mm | mm | mm |  | kg |
|  |  | 20 | 22 | yellow |  |
|  | 1025 | 20 | 22 | black | . 040 |
|  | 1025 | 20 | 22 | red | . 040 |
|  |  | 20 | 22 | white |  |
|  |  | retaining eyelet | rubber case |  |  |
| TRS 3402 | 1025 | 30 | 22 | yellow | 0.045 |
|  |  | 30 | 22 | black |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 30 \\ & 30 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 22 \\ & 22 \end{aligned}$ | red <br> white |  |
|  |  |  | rubber case |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

## CORDS FOR DOMESTIC TELEPHONES

## TRS 4201-TRS 4501 Cords

These cords are used for domestic telephones etc.
They are made of No. 8940 type cord.
The individual conductors are insulated by a covering of silk and a braiding of black mercerized cotton yarn. The requisite number of conductors is cabled and then braided in common with coarse black artificial silk.

The insulation resistance is not less than 100 megohm $/ \mathrm{m}$ after 24 hours in $60 \%$ relative humidity.


TRS 4201—TRS 4203

TRS 4201-TRS 4203 have two conductors. External diameter is 4.9 mm .

Other dimensions: see table.

| TRS 4201 | replacing | colours | $\operatorname{trim} \mathrm{A}$ |  | length L | trim B |  | weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | length | identifying colours |  | length | identifying colours |  |
|  | RS 4253 | black | mm <br> 60 <br> 60 <br> rubber <br> case | yellow <br> black | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{mm} \\ 1000 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{mm} \\ 20 \\ 20 \\ \text { retaining } \\ \text { eyelet } \end{gathered}$ | yellow <br> black | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{kg} \\ 0.017 \end{gathered}$ |
| TRS 4202 | - | black | 60 <br> 60 rubber case | yellow <br> black | 1250 | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & 20 \\ & \text { retaining } \\ & \text { eyelet } \end{aligned}$ | yellow <br> black | 0.021 |
| TRS 4203 | - | black | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & 37 \end{aligned}$ | yellow <br> black | 1250 | $\begin{gathered} 20 \\ 20 \\ \text { retaining } \\ \text { eyelet } \end{gathered}$ | yellow <br> black | 0.021 |



TRS 4301

TRS 4301 has three conductors. External diameter is 5.8 mm .

Other dimensions: see table.

| TRS 4301 | replacing | colours | trim A |  | length L. | trim B |  | weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | length | identi- <br> fying colours |  | length | identifying colours |  |
|  | RS 5083 | black | mm | yellow <br> black <br> red | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{mm} \\ 1000 \end{gathered}$ | mm |  | kg |
|  |  |  | 60 |  |  | 20 | yellow |  |
|  |  |  | 60 |  |  | 20 | black | 0.023 |
|  |  |  | 60 |  |  | 20 | red |  |
|  |  |  | rubber |  |  | retaining |  |  |
|  |  |  | case |  |  | eyelet |  |  |



TRS 4401

TRS 4401 has four conductors. External diameter is 6.2 mm .

Other dimensions: see table.

| TRS 4401 | replacing | colour | trim A |  | length L | trim B |  | weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | length | identifying colours |  | length | identi- <br> fying colours |  |
|  | RS 6165 | black | mm | yellow <br> black <br> red <br> white | mm | mm | yellow <br> black <br> red <br> white | kg |
|  |  |  | 60 |  |  | 20 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 60 |  | 1250 | 20 |  | 0.035 |
|  |  |  | 60 |  |  | 20 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 60 |  |  | 20 |  |  |
|  |  |  | rubber |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | case |  |  |  |  |  |



TRS 4501 has five conductors. External diameter is 6.6 mm .

Other dimensions: see table.


## CORDS FOR RECEIVERS ETC.



## TRS 6201 Cord for receivers, twisted

This cord is used in conjunction with receivers $R L D$ 3402 and RLD 3404.

It is made of No. 5991 type cord.
The individual conductors are insulated by two coverings of silk with black composition impregnation between the coverings and an outside braiding of black mercerized cotton yarn. Two such conductors are twisted together. The insulation resistance is not less than $100 \mathrm{megohm} / \mathrm{m}$ after 24 hours in $80 \%$ relative humidity. The cord has eyes at one end for connection to the receiver case and in the other end a terminal point of white boiled brass.

Dimensions: distance L between trims 1350 mm , external diameter 4.2 mm , other dimensions see sketch, weight 0.025 kg .

TRS 7401—TRS 7503 Cords for head sets

These cords are used for head sets RLF 2001 etc.
They may be used in tropical climates.
They are made of No. 11540 type cord.
The individual conductors are insulated by two layers of guttapercha tape, one covering artificial silk and an outside braiding of artificial silk. The conductors are cabled and braided together with artificial silk.

The insulation resistance is not less than 100 megohm $/ \mathrm{m}$ after 24 hours in $75 \%$ relative humidity at a temperature of $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or 1000 megohm $/ \mathrm{m}$ after 1 hour in water.

The cords have a rubber cap as protection against strain of screwing in.


TRS 7401-TRS 7403

TRS 7401—TRS 7403 has four conductors. External diameter is 5.5 mm .

Other dimensions: see table.

| TRS 7401 | trim A |  |  | length L | trim B |  | weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | colour | length | identifying colours |  | length | identifying colours |  |
|  | black | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{mm} \\ 14 \\ 23 \\ 28 \\ 40 \\ \text { rubber } \\ \text { case } \end{gathered}$ | yellow <br> black <br> red <br> white | mm $1600$ | mm 22 22 22 22 retaining eyelet | yellow <br> black <br> red <br> white | kg $0.038$ |
| TRS 7402 | black |  | yellow <br> black <br> red <br> white | 1600 | $\begin{aligned} & 30 \\ & 30 \\ & 30 \\ & 30 \end{aligned}$ | yellow <br> black <br> red <br> white | 0.038 |
| TRS 7403 | black |  | yellow <br> black <br> red <br> white | 1600 | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & 20 \\ & 20 \\ & 20 \\ & \text { retaining } \\ & \text { eyelet } \end{aligned}$ | yellow <br> black <br> red <br> white | 0,038 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

* Special retaining eyelet for plug RF 3551


TRS 7501-TRS 7503

TRS 7501-TRS 7503 has five conductors. External diameter is 5.9 mm .

Other dimensions: see table.

| TRS 7501 | trim A |  |  | length L | trim B |  | weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | colour | length | identifying colours |  | length | identifying colours |  |
|  | black | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{mm} \\ 14 \\ 23 \\ 28 \\ 40 \\ 55 \\ \text { rubber } \\ \text { case } \end{gathered}$ | yellow <br> black <br> red <br> brown <br> white | mm $1600$ | mm 22 22 22 22 22 retaining eyelet | yellow <br> black <br> red <br> brown <br> white | kg $0.045$ |
| TRS 7502 | black | $\begin{aligned} & 14 \\ & 23 \\ & 28 \\ & 40 \\ & 55 \\ & \text { rubber } \\ & \text { case } \end{aligned}$ | yellow <br> black <br> red <br> brown <br> white | 1600 | $\begin{aligned} & 30 \\ & 30 \\ & 30 \\ & 30 \\ & 30 \end{aligned}$ | yellow <br> black <br> red <br> brown <br> white | 0.0 .5 |
| TRS 7503 | black | $\begin{aligned} & 14 \\ & 23 \\ & 28 \\ & 40 \\ & 55 \\ & \text { rubber } \\ & \text { case } \end{aligned}$ | yellow <br> black <br> red <br> brown <br> white | 1600 | 20 20 20 20 20 retaining eyelet | yellow <br> black <br> red <br> brown <br> white | 0.045 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | , |  |  |

* Special retaining eyelet for plug RF 3551


## CABLE LUGS ETC. FOR CONNECTING CORDS

## SNG 10601 Cable lug

This cable lug is used in conjunction with connecting cords TRM 10, TRM 11 etc.

The cable lug, which is of white boiled brass, has a 2.4 mm hole fitting the terminal screw in plugs RPR 25, RPR 34 and RPR 35.

## Dimensions:

length 8 mm , width 4 mm , weight per 100: 0.015 kg .

## O-10277 Contact tip

This contact tip is used in conjunction with connecting cords TRM 12 and TRM 22 and fits the spring contact point in plugs $R P R 24$ and $R P R 27$.

The contact tip, which is of brass, has a screw thread for fixing in the cord end.

## Dimensions:

length 13 mm , diameter 3.2 mm , weight per 100: 0.035 kg .

## 134307 Cord fixed contact

This cord fixed contact is used in conjunction with connecting cords TRM 11, TRM 12 etc. and fits the spring clip in cord clip terminals RTA 1001-RTA 1004.

The cord fixed contact, which is of white boiled brass, has a screw thread for fixing in the cord end.

## ' Dimensions:

length 15 mm , diameter 5.5 mm , weight per 100: 0.150 kg .

## ERECTION PARTS FOR MANUAL SWITCHBOARDS

## FITTING STRIPS

## 1-713-213805 Fitting strips

The fitting strips are used in manual switchboards which have 282 mm panel width.

The strips are of black dull lacquered brass sheet and are made as fillings with the front all in one piece or with fitting holes for drop indicators, combined drop indicators and jacks, visual indicators, press-button keys and lever keys. The height is equivalent to the height of $1,2,3,4$ or 5 jack strips. The fitting accessories are to be ordered separately. For capping plates, capping plugs see page 318 .

The fitting strips are inserted in grooves in the switchboard frame and are held in place by the fixing plates.

## Dimensions:

length 281.5 mm , height and width see table.


81311


137021


133511


[^9]
## DROP INDICATOR SHIELD

## 80187 Drop indicator shield



This drop indicator shield is used in manual switchboards with 282 mm panel width. Its object is to protect the clearing signal indicators when the cords are disconnected.

The shield consists of black lacquered sheet brass fitted with a fibre coated wooden strip.

The indicator shield is inserted in a groove in the switchboard frame and held in place by the fixing plates.

## Dimensions:

length 281.5 mm , height 23.9 mm , weight 0.23 kg .

## FIXING PLATES

## 135403-135403/19 Fixing plates

These fixing plates are used in manual switchboards $A B H, A B K, A D K$ etc. to hold firm jack strips, lamp strips, visual indicator strips etc.

The plates are of dull black oxidized brass and the length is equivalent to the height of five jack strips.

The fixing plates may be had in two executions, engraved or not engraved as per table below. The engraved plates, which have white figures, are intended for twenty-number jack strips that are engraved $0-9,0-9$. The engraved plates are labelled $0,2,4,6,8$; one figure for each 20 jacks, and are also made with pilot figures for 100 s and 1000 s, as per table.

Fixing requires two screws G5 G21.5 M07.

$135403 / 2$


135403/12

## Dimensions:

length 59.9 mm , width $20^{-} \mathrm{mm}$, thickness 3 mm , weight 0.03 kg , distance between fixing holes 48 mm .

|  | engraving |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| 135403 |  |
| $135403 / 0$ | 0 |
| $135403 / 1$ | 1 |
| $135403 / 2$ | 2 |
| $135403 / 3$ | 3 |
| $135403 / 4$ | 4 |
| $135403 / 5$ | 5 |
| $135403 / 6$ | 6 |
| $135403 / 7$ | 7 |
| $135403 / 8$ | 8 |
| $135403 / 9$ | 9 |
| $135403 / 10$ | 10 |
| $135403 / 11$ | 11 |
| $135403 / 12$ | 12 |
| $135403 / 13$ | 13 |
| $135403 / 14$ | 14 |
| $135403 / 15$ | 15 |
| $135403 / 16$ | 16 |
| $135403 / 17$ | 17 |
| $135403 / 18$ | 18 |
| $135403 / 19$ | 19 |

## CAPPING PLATES, CAPPING PLUGS



133513


213412

## 133513-218412 Capping plates

These capping plates are used to cap unfitted holes for drop indicators, combined drop indicators and jacks, visual indicators and lever keys in fitting strips.

The capping plates are of 1 mm black lacquered brass sheet and have holes for fixing corresponding to the holes in the strips. 133513-139552 have four holes without thread and are fixed to the front of the strips.


218412 has two threaded holes and is fixed to the rear of the strip.

Fixing screws, see table, to be ordered separately.
Dimensions: see table.

|  | for strip | instead of | fixing screws |  | A | B | C | D | weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | number of | designation |  |  |  |  |  |
| 133513 |  |  |  |  | mm | mm | mm | mm | kg |
|  | 133511 | conbined indicator |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | and jack RNE | 4 | G9 G5.5 M07 | 24.9 | 46 | 20.4 | 41.5 | 0.010 |
| 133526 | 1-713 | visual indicator |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 131378 | RNC 15 | 4 | G9 C5 M07 | 24.5 | 23 | 20.5 | 19 | 0.005 |
| 137023 | 137021 | indicator RNA | 4 | G9 G5.5 M07 | 24 | 32 | 19.5 | 27 | 0.006 |
| 139552 | 137326 | visual indicator |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | RNC 14 | 4 | G9 C5 M07 | 22.8 | 25 | 18 | 20 | 0.005 |
| 218412 | 213805 | lever key RMA | 2 | G6 G5 M21 | 6 | 32 | - | 26 | 0.002 |

## 225922/1, 225922/2 Capping plates

These capping plates are used in manual switchboards instead of switch plates $215434 / 1-215434 / 2$, in cases where the full number of switches is not used.

The capping plates are made of brass with two kinds of surface finish: dull nickel-plating and dull black oxidizing, and they have two countersunk 3.6 mm holes for fixing.

225922/1 is dull nickel-plated.
$225922 / 2$ is dull oxidized.
Fixing requires two screws: for nickel-plated plates G5 G7 M21 and for oxidized plates G5 G7 M07, to be ordered separately.

## Dimensions:

length 120 mm , width 24.9 mm , thickness 3 mm , weight 0.08 kg , distance between fixing holes 108 mm .

## 144345/1-2, 300593/1-2 Capping plates



300593/1

These capping plates are used in manual switchboards instead of switch plates $213214 / 1-213215 / 2$ in cases where the full number of switches is not fitted.

The capping plates, which are of 2 mm sheet brass, are made with two kinds of surface finish: dull nickel-plating and dull black oxidizing, and have two countersunk 3.6 mm holes for fixing.

Fixing requires two screws: for nickel-plated plates G5 G7 M21 and for oxidized plates G5 G7 M07, to be ordered separately.

Dimensions: see table.


144345/1-300593/2


302420/1

|  | surface- <br> finish | A | B | C | weight |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $300593 / 1$ | matt oxidized | 60 | 24.9 | 48 | 0.025 |
| $300593 / 2$ | matt nickel- <br> plated | 60 | 24.9 | 48 | 0.025 |
| $144345 / 1$ | matt oxidized <br> matt nickel- <br> plated | 70 | 24.9 | 58 | 0.027 |
| $144345 / 2$ | 70 | 24.9 | 58 | 0.027 |  |

## 302420/1 Capping plug

This capping plug is used in conjunction with plug plate 130669 to cap the empty holes in the plug plate when the switchboard is not equipped with the full number of cord pairs.

The plug is of dark brown insulating material.
The capping plug, which is slit, sits firm in the cord hole because of its spring.

Dimensions:
length 18 mm , diameter 15 mm , weight 0.002 kg .

## O-4531 Capping plug

0-4531
This capping plug is used to cap unfitted holes for press-button keys $R M D$ in fitting strips.

The plug is of black material.
The capping plug is held firm by a spring ring O-4532, to be ordered separately.

Dimensions:
diameter 12 mm , thickness 7 mm , diameter of tap 10.55 mm , weight 0.001 kg .

## PLUG PLATES, PLUG SUPPORTS

## 130669, 247243 Plug plates



130669, 247243

These plug plates are used in manual switchboards to protect the switchboard so that it is not injured by the connecting plugs.

The plug plate 130669 is of dark-brown insulating material and 247243 is of red fibre.

They have holes for ten cord pairs.
A suitable capping plug is $302420 / 1$.
Fixing requires twelve wood screws Trskr No. 4-1/2" FS M07, to be ordered separately.

Dimensions:
length 255 mm , width 55 mm , diameter of holes 9.75 mm .

130669: thickness 2 mm , weight 0.036 kg . 247243: thickness 5 mm , weight 0.09 kg .

## 136057 Plug support



136057

This plug support is fitted to the underside of the plug plate in manual switchboard when connecting plugs without spiral, c.g., RPR 2501, are to be used

The plug support is of white boiled brass and has two lugs for fixing.

Fixing requires two wood screws Trskr No. 4-1/2" KS M05, to be ordered separately.

## Dimensions:

diameter 10.75 mm , diameter of holes 7 mm , length 10 mm , weight 0.007 kg .

## 136056, 241421 Plug supports

These plug supports are fitted to the underside of the plug plate in manual switchboard in which connecting plugs with protective spiral are to be used.

The plug support is of white boiled brass and has plugs two lugs for fixing.

Fixing requires two wood screws Trskr No. 4-1/2 ${ }^{\text { }}$ KS M05, to be ordered separately.

Dimensions: see table.

|  | for plug |  | diameter | hole diameter | length | weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | designation | shaft diameter |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | mm | mm | mm | mm | kg |
| 136056 | RPR 2502 etc . | 9.3 | 10.75 | 9.75 | 69 | 0.013 |
| 241421 | RPR 2402 etc. | 10.5 | 12 | 11 | 74 | 0.016 |

## PROTECTING PLATES



236640


302089, 302089/1

302090


236640


## 236640-302090 Protecting plates

These protecting plates are used in manual switchboard to protect the wood frame from injury from the handset.

The plates are of moulded material resembling tortoise shell.

Protecting plate 236640 is intended for nailing. Fixing of 302089 - 302090 requires six wood screws Trskr No. $1-3 / \mathrm{s}^{\prime \prime}$ FS M07, to be ordered separately.

Dimensions: see table.

|  | A | B | C | D | E | weight |
| :--- | ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | kg |
| 236640 | 90 | 50 | 1 | - | - | 0.003 |
| 302089 | 130 | 50 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 7 | 0.013 |
| $302089 / 1$ | 120 | 50 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 7 | 0.012 |
| 302090 | 150 | 50 | 1.5 | 12 | - | 0.017 |



302089, 302089/1


302090

## TESTING INSTRUMENTS

## AEP 4001 Testing instrument



AEP 4001

This instrument is intended for use when ringing out and testing current circuits and line loops. It consists of a signal device, a voltmeter, switch and a dry battery all fitted into a case of polished wood, together with two connecting cords.

The switch is used to connect in either the signal dcvice or the voltmeter in series with the battery.

The pole screws are provided with jacks for insertion of banana contacts.

Dimensions see table:
Weight, with cord and dry cell, 0.9 kg .

|  | length | width | height |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | AEP 4001 | mm | mm |
| 180 | 110 | mm |  |

Parts:

|  | designation |
| :---: | :---: |
| dry cell | BKA 1101 |
| voltmeter, measuring range 3 V | VRB 1051 |
| switch | 204167/3 |
| pole screws (two) | 61-321/1 |
| cord, length 1500 mm , fitted with plug 244291/1 and banana contact 229532 | 244290/1 |
| cord, length 1300 mm with plug 244291/2 and banana contact 229532 | 244290/2 |
| crocodile clip | 232035 |

## AEP 4101 Testing instrument

This instrument consists of a signal device built into a green enamelled case of type similar to that used for electric flashlights.
The instrument has two cords, each with one end fixed inside the instrument. Both cords have banana contact in the free end. A tip and a crocodile clip fitting the cord banana contacts is supplied.

## Dimensions see table:

weight,
with cord, without battery, 0.145 kg .
with cord, with battery, 0.265 kg .

| height | width | depth |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AEP 4101 | 98 | mm | mm |

## Parts:

|  | desig- <br> nation |
| :--- | :---: |
| flashlight battery, 4.5 V <br> contact tip <br> crocodile clip <br> cord, length 1000 mm | - |

* The dry cell is not included hut should be ordered separately


## TOOLS

Below is given a selection of special tools, chiefly used for assembling and adjusting the parts included in this catalogue.

LDK 1001-LDK 1007 Insulation removers (photo 50223/171) (replacing NK 205/04-NK 205/1.0)


LDK 1001-LDK 1007

These insulation removers are used to remove the insulation from copper conductors.

The remover is of steel with teeth for different diameters of wire, see table.

Dimensions:
length 148 mm , weight 0.075 kg .

|  | old designation | diameter of the <br> conductor |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
| LDK 1001 | NK 205:04 | mm |
| LDK 1002 | NK 205/05 | 0.4 |
| LDK 1003 | NK 205 06 | 0.5 |
| LDK 1004 | NK 205/07 | 0.6 |
| LDK 1005 | NK 205/08 | 0.7 |
| LDK 1006 | NK 205/09 | 0.8 |
| LDK 1007 | NK 205/1.0 | 0.9 |

## Scraping knife

(photo 50223/166)
This scraping knife is used to scrape off the insulation from connecting wires.

## Dimensions:

length 175 mm , weight 0.028 kg .

## LMT 1001 -LMT 1003 Blade-form gauge sets



LMT 1001-LMT 1003

These gauge sets are used among other things for measuring the width of stroke on relays etc. and for determining contact distances, pole distances etc.

The gauge blades are fitted in a holder, into which they shut like a knife.

LMT 1001 has holder and gauge blades of steel.
LMT 1002 and LMT 1003 have holder and gauge blades of phosphor bronze.

On LMT 1001 and LMT 1002 the figures engraved give the thickness of blade in hundredths of millimetre.

On LMT 1003 the figures engraved give the thickness of blade in millimetres.

## Dimensions:

collapsible length 68 mm free length of blade 45 mm , width 11 mm , height LMT 1001 and LMT 10029.5 mm, LMT 100317.5 mm .

|  | old designation | measuring range | blade thickness with steps between blades |  | number blades | weight approx. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 0.05 mm | 0.1 mm |  |  |
|  | photo |  |  |  |  | kg |
| LMT 1001 | 50219/51 | 0.05-1 | 0.05-0.5 | 0.6-1 | 15 | 0.035 |
| LMT 1002 | - | 0.05-1 | 0.05-0.5 | 0.6-1 | 15 | 0.035 |
| LMT 1003 | - | $1.1-2$ | - | 1.1-2 | 10 | 0.065 |

## LMV 1101-LMV 1108 Spring balances

(photo 50223/184)


These spring balances are used for measuring the spring pressure of contact springs in relays, dials etc.

The mechanism is built into a case of nickel-plated brass, which has a glass face to protect the weight scale and the pointer.

## Dimensions:

diameter 50 mm , height 18.5 mm , weight about 0.11 kg .
The spring balances can be supplied in case on request and at an extra cost.

The spring balances are made as per following table.


LTV 1001

|  | scale <br> graduated <br> in grammes | readings <br> in | length of <br> scale arm |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LMV 1101 | $0-10$ | 0.5 | mm <br> LMV 1102 |
| $0-35$ <br> LM <br> LMV 1104 |  | 41 |  |
| LMV 1105 | $60-130$ <br> $120-180$ | 1 | 33 |
| LMV 1106 |  |  |  |
| LMV 1107 | $150-350$ |  |  |
| LMV 1108 | $300-550$ | 5 | 24 |

## LTV 1001 Case for spring balance

This case is designed for spring balances LMV 1101LMV 1108. It is made of wood, light polished.

## Dimensions:

length 105 mm , width 63 mm , height 28 mm , weight 0.1 kg .

## LSB 1005 Box spanner <br> (photo 50219/41, 50363/167) <br> (replacing 11/AV 1838)

This box spanner is used for fitting spring sets on switches RMA-RMD.

The box spanner is of steel with wooden shaft.

## Dimensions:

LSB 1005
length about 145 mm , gauge 6 mm , weight 0.038 kg .

LSB 1009 Box spanner
(photo 50219/37)
(replacing $14 / A V$ 1838)
This box spanner is used for fitting relays.

The box spanner is of steel with wooden shaft.

## Dimensions:

length about 170 mm , gauge 9 mm , weight 0.05 kg .
LSB 1009

## LSB 1012 Box spanner

This box spanner is used for fixing relay coils in relays type $R A B$ and $R A C$.

The box spanner is of steel with wooden handle.

## Dimensions:

length about 170 mm , for nuts with key gauge 12 mm , weight 0.07 kg .

## LSB 1013 Box spanner

(photo 50219/38, 50363/169)
(replacing 15/AV 1838)
This box spanner is used for fixing relay coils on relay angle-iron.

The box spanner is of steel with wooden shaft.
Dimensions:
length about 170 mm , gauge 14 mm , weight 0.083 kg .

## LSB 2204 Key for dials

(replacing 135093)
This key is used for dials $R G A 10-$ RGA 20.
The key, which is of steel, has at one end two points fitting two holes in the centre nut of the dial, enabling the nut to be easily screwed or unscrewed. The other end of the key, which has a groove, is used for adjustment of the dial spring.

Dimensions:
length 80 mm , diameter 11 mm , weight 0.024 kg .

## 16/AV 1836 Spanner <br> (photo 50219/46)

This spanner is used for adjustment of lifting dogs and spiral spring fixings on relay armatures.

Dimensions:
length 60 mm , key gauge 5 mm and 2.5 mm weight 0.003 kg .

## 173778 Spanner

(photo 50371/260)
This spanner is used for fitting relays.
The spanner has a large gauge to fit the relay coil fixing nuts and a smaller gauge for the relay fixing nuts.

## Dimensions:

length 110 mm , gauges 14.6 and 9.1 mm , weight 0.053 kg .

## 161256 Spanner

(photo 50219/43)
This spanner is used for fitting press-button keys $R M D$.
Dimensions:
length 110 mm , gauge 16.2 mm , weight 0.026 kg .
161256

## LSD 1001 Lamp and lens tongs

(photo 50344/253)
(replacing 127581)

This tongs is used to facilitate the removal of lamps from lamp jacks and lamp strips etc.

The tongs which is of dull nickel-plated brass, has special jaws for the lamps. The tongs can also be used for taking out lamp lenses when the shanks of the tongs are used, these being specially shaped for the purpose.

## Dimensions:

length 112 mm , weight 0.028 kg .

## LSD 1002 Lens tongs



LSD 1002

This tongs is used for facilitating the taking out of lamp lenses from lamp jacks and lamp strips etc.

The tongs which is of dull nickel-plated brass has special jaws for lamp lens.

## Dimensions:

length 107 mm , weight 0.028 kg .

## 248569 Ring remover

This ring remover is used to take off the lock ring of the plug shaft on plugs RPR 2501, RPR 3501 etc.

The ring remover, which is of steel, has a hole at the rear end designed for use in conjunction with cap 248570 for fixing the lock rings on the plugs.

## Dimensions:

length 70 mm , width 12.6 mm , thickness 1 mm , weight 0.006 kg .

## 248570 Cap

This cap is used when fitting the lock ring on the plug shaft of plugs RPR 2501, RPR 3501 etc.

The cap, which is of steel, is conical and is used in conjunction with ring remover 248569.

## Dimensions:

length 10 mm , diameter of hole 5.8 mm , weight 0.001 kg .

## 7/AV 1837 Taper hook

(photo 50219/49)


7/AV 1837

This hook has steel point and is used for adjusting or changing spiral springs on relay armatures.

Dimensions:
length 95 mm , weight 0.008 kg .

8/AV 1837 Angle screw-driver
(photo 50219/48)


8/AV 1837

This screw-driver is used for adjusting relays where the ordinary straight screw-driver cannot be employed.

Dimensions:
length 87 mm , weight 0.006 kg .

## 232750 Spring bender, double

(photo 50371/277)

232750

This spring bender is used for the adjustment of contact springs in switches RMA-RMD.

It is of steel and has at one end a slot 0.6 mm and at the other end a slot 0.9 mm wide,

## Dimensions:

length 120 mm , depth of slots 6 mm ; weight 0.015 kg .

10-24 Spring bender, double (photo 50371/261)


10-24

This spring bender is used for adjusting the contact springs in relay spring sets. It is of steel with grip of brass and nickel-plated.

## Dimensions:

length 142 mm , depth of slots 4 mm and width 0.6 mm ; weight 0.019 kg .

135681 Spring bender, double (photo 50371/262)

This spring bender differs from the preceding one only in the dimensions.

## Dimensions:

length 175 mm , depth of slots 2.5 mm and width
135681


1/AV 1837 0.5 mm ; weight 0.019 kg .

## 1/AV 1837 Spring bender, single (photo 50219/55)

This spring bender is used for adjusting the spring set in dials.
The bender is of steel with wooden shaft.
Dimensions:
length about 130 mm , depth of slot 5 mm , width 0.5 mm ; weight 0.012 kg .

## 216146 Spring bender, single

This spring bender differs from the preceding one only in the dimensions.

## Dimensions:

length about 165 mm , depth of slot 7 mm , width 0.4 mm ; weight 0.02 kg .

## 232520 Polishing-steel

(photo 50371/275)
This polishing-steel is used for cleaning contacts in relays etc.

The polishing steel is fitted in a shaft of black insulating material.

## Dimensions:

length 150 mm , weight 0.008 kg .

## LTD 1001 Tool for transmitter insets



LTD 1001 his tool is designed for use in conjunction with carbon granule filler LTS 1001 when filling in or changing carbon in transmitter insets type RLA 16 and RLA 17.

The tool consists of two shanks of nickel-plated steel mounted on a base of grey enamelled cast-iron. One of the shanks is springy. The shanks have a slot fitting the carbon chamber of the transmitter inset. At the bottom of the slot there are two pins which fit corresponding holes in the carbon chamber. By closing the shanks the carbon chamber is stretched tight in the slot. By means of an excentric device fitted with handle, the shanks are locked in closed position. The transmitter inset frame can then be screwed off or on without difficulty.

To facilitate fixing on work benches or the like the tool is provided with two 6.5 mm holes.

## Dimensions:

length 176 mm , width 75 mm , height 27 mm , weight 1.06 kg .

## LTS 1001 Carbon granule filler for trans-

 mitter insetsThis carbon granule filler is designed for transmitter insets types RLA 16 and RL. 17.

It has casing of nickel-plated brass with inside steel mechanism, precision ground. The upper end is provided with cork to protect the carbon granules.

When filling with or changing carbon granules in transmitter insets types RLA 16 and RLA 17, the inset is placed in a tool LTD 1001 specially designed for the purpose. The inset frame is then screwed off and the funnel shaped mouth of the filler placed over the carbon chamber. The mobile arm of the filler is then moved to the side, whereupon the proper amount of carbon granular powder runs down into the carbon chamber. When filling is completed the inset frame is screwed on again.

## Dimensions:

length 150.5 mm , (with cork approx. 167 mm ) diameter 32 mm , weight 0.42 kg .

## NK 262/110—NK 262/220 Soldering irons

These soldering irons, which have electric heater, are used especially for soldering the fixed ends of winding wires on coils.

The irons have exchangeable heater NK 265 and soldering tip NK 266. The soldering tip is of chrome nickel and has a slot for the solder. Current consumption is 50 W .

The soldering irons are delivered with two-pole plugin contact and 1.9 m rubber flex.

Dimensions:
length 250 mm , weight 0.36 kg .

|  | operating voltage |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | V |
| NK 262/110 | 110 |
| NK 262/127 | 127 |
| NK 262/220 | 220 |

NK 265/110—NK 265/220 Heaters for soldering irons

These heaters are used in conjunction with soldering irons NK 262/110-NK 262/220.

## Dimensions:

length 52 mm , width 13.5 mm , height 13.5 mm , weight 0.01 kg .

|  | operating voltage |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | V |
| NK 265/110 | 110 |
| NK 265/127 | 127 |
| NK 265/220 | 220 |

## NK 266 Soldering tip

This soldering tip is used in conjunction with soldering irons NK 262/110-NK 262/220.

## Dimensions:

length 79 mm , width 9.5 mm , height 9.5 mm , weight 0.055 kg .

## NK 271/110—NK 271/220 Soldering irons

These soldering irons, which have electric heater, are used for soldering of cables in terminal blocks, connections in telephone exchanges, switchboards etc.

The soldering irons have exchangeable heaters NK 275 and soldering tip $N K$ 276. Current consumption is 100 W .

The soldering irons are supplied with two-pole plug-in contact and 1.9 mm rubber flex.

## Dimensions:

length 3.40 mm , weight 0.6 kg .

|  | operating voltage |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | V |
| NK 271/110 | 110 |
| NK 271/127 | 127 |
| NK 271/220 | 220 |

NK 275/110—NK 275/220 Heaters for soldering irons

These heaters are used in conjunction with soldering irons NK 271/110-NK 271/220.

Dimensions:
length 72 mm , diameter 23 mm , weight 0.17 kg .

|  | operating voltage |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| NK 275/110 | 110 |
| NK 275/127 | 127 |
| NK 275/220 | 220 |

NK 276 Soldering tip for soldering irons
This soldering tip is used in conjunction with soldering irons NK 271/110-NK 271/220.

Dimensions:
length 115 mm , diameter 14.5 mm , weight 0.15 kg .

Screw taps for thread systems G000-G12


These screw taps are used for machine or hand screw tapping.

The taps have conical tip so that pre-tapping is not necessary, but if desired pre-taps can be furnished for the threads G000-G8.

A suitable screw stock is $50223 / 154$.
Dimensions: see table.

| thread |  |  | hole before tapping |  | total length of the screw taps | weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. | outer diameter | $\begin{aligned} & \text { core } \\ & \text { dia- } \\ & \text { meter } \end{aligned}$ | min. | max. |  |  |
|  | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | kg |
| G000 | 7.73 | 6.25 | 6.50 | 6.70 | 75 | 0.021 |
| G 00 | 6.81 | 5.48 | 5.80 | 5.95 | 75 | 0.018 |
| G 0 | 6.00 | 4.80 | 5.10 | 5.25 | 65 | 0.012 |
| G 1 | 5.30 | 4.22 | 4.40 | 4.52 | 60 | 0.009 |
| G 2 | 4.70 | 3.73 | 3.90 | 4.62 | 50 | 0.006 |
| G 3 | 4.10 | 3.22 | 3.40 | 3.50 | 50 | 0.004 |
| G 4 | 3.60 | 2.81 | 2.95 | 3.05 | 50 | 0.004 |
| G 5 | 3.20 | 2.49 | 2.65 | 2.75 | 50 | 0.003 |
| G 6 | 2.80 | 2.16 | 2.30 | 2.38 | 50 | 0.002 |
| G 7 | 2.50 | 1.92 | 2.05 | 2.13 | 50 | 0.002 |
| G 8 | 2.20 | 1.68 | 1.80 | 1.86 | 50 | 0.002 |
| G 9 | 1.90 | 1.43 | 1.50 | 1.56 | 50 | 0.001 |
| G 10 | 1.70 | 1.28 | 1.35 | 1.40 | 50 | 0.001 |
| G 11 | 1.50 | 1.13 | 1.20 | 1.25 | 50 | 0.001 |
| G 12 | 1.30 | 0.96 | 1.05 | 1.10 | 50 | 0.001 |

Screw dies for thread systems G000-G12
These dies are used for both machine and hand screw threading.

For threads G000, G00, G0 and G1 the dies are made with an external diameter of 25.35 mm .

For threads G2, G3, G4 and G5 the dics are made with external diameters of both 25.35 mm and 19.95 mm.


Type B

For threads G6-G12 the dies are made with external diameter 19.95 mm .

When ordering screw dies G2-G5 the thread number and the external diameter of the die must be stated.

A suitable screw stock for hand screw threading, fitting both 25.35 and 19.95 mm dies, is $50223 / 156$.

Dimensions: see table.

| thread |  |  | execution | D | T | bolt diameter before tapping |  | weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. | outer diameter | $\begin{aligned} & \text { core } \\ & \text { dia- } \\ & \text { meter } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | max. | min. |  |
|  | mm | mm |  | mm | mm | mm | mm | kg |
| G000 | 7.73 | 6.25 | A | 25.35 | 7 | 7.73 | 7.65 | 0.017 |
| G 00 | 6.81 | 5.48 | A | 25.35 | 7 | 6.81 | 6.73 | 0.019 |
| G 0 | 6.00 | 4.80 | A | 25.35 | 6 | 6.00 | 5.92 | 0.016 |
| G 1 | 5.30 | 4.22 | A | 2535 | 6 | 5.30 | 5.22 | 0.018 |
| G 2 | 4.70 | 3.73 | B | $\begin{aligned} & 25.35 \\ & 19.95 \end{aligned}$ | $5$ | 4.70 | 4.64 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.014 \\ & 0.009 \end{aligned}$ |
| G 3 | 4.10 | 3.22 | B | $\begin{aligned} & 25.35 \\ & 19.95 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & 5 \end{aligned}$ | 4.10 | 4.04 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.016 \\ & 0.009 \end{aligned}$ |
| G 4 | 3.60 | 2.81 | B | $\begin{aligned} & 25.35 \\ & 19.95 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ | 3.60 | 3.54 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.013 \\ & 0.008 \end{aligned}$ |
| G 5 | 3.20 | 2.49 | B | $\begin{aligned} & 25.35 \\ & 19.95 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ | 3.20 | 3.14 | $\begin{aligned} & 0.013 \\ & 0.008 \end{aligned}$ |
| G 6 | 2.80 | 2.16 | B | 19.95 | 3.5 | 2.80 | 2.74 | 0.007 |
| G 7 | 2.50 | 1.92 | B | 19.95 | 3.5 | 2.50 | 2.45 | 0.008 |
| G 8 | 2.20 | 1.68 | B | 19.95 | 3 | 2.20 | 2.15 | 0.006 |
| G 9 | 1.90 | 1.43 | B | 19.95 | 3 | 1.90 | 1.85 | 0.008 |
| G 10 | 1.70 | 1.28 | B | 19.95 | 2.7 | 1.70 | 1.65 | 0.006 |
| G 11 | 1.50 | 1.13 | B | 19.95 | 2.7 | 1.50 | 1.46 | 0.006 |
| G 12 | 1.30 | 0.96 | B | 19.95 | 2.5 | 1.30 | 1.26 | 0.006 |

## Screw stock

(photo 50223/154)
This screw stock is used for hand screw threading with taps G000-G00.
The stock has an adjustable chuck.

## Dimensions:

length about 160 mm , weight about 0.1 kg .

## Screw stock

(photo 50223/156)
This screw stock is used for hand tapping with taps G000-G12.

The stock fits dies with both 25.35 mm and 19.95 mm diameter.

## Dimensions:

length 150 mm , weight about 0.15 kg .

## SCREWS, NUTS

L M Ericsson makes screws and nuts on the metric thread system and on a system which is special for L M Ericsson, designated G-threads.

The metric thread system is used in all independent new designs and now also in insulating material and thus replaces the cbonite thread system formerly employed.

The G-thread system is still used in telephone instruments, telephone switchboards etc., on account of the necessity to provide for replacements. This thread system was formerly designated LME BA-thread.

## SCREWS WITH G-THREAD

The screws are designated with different letters for different shapes of screw-head, sce figure.

The length of the thread varies for different lengths of screws except as regards the shorter screws which are threaded completely. Screws with shape D are used as terminal screws and they are therefore always completely threaded.

When ordering screws the thread number, designation for shape of head, screw length L in millimetres, material and finish are to be stated, (i.e. G00 E10 M05) see example page 349 .


| thread |  |  | diameter d for |  |  |  |  |  |  | height $h$ for |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. | outer diameter | core diameter | A | C | D | E | F | G | H | A | C | D | E | F | G | H |
|  | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | m | mm | mm |
| G 000 | 7.73 | 6.25 | 13.0 | 13.0 | 15.0 | 13.0 | 13.0 | 13.0 | 13.0 | 5.5 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 6.0 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 5.5 |
| G 00 | 6.81 | 5.48 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 13.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 4.8 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 5.5 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 4.8 |
| G 0 | 6.00 | 4.80 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 12.0 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 4.2 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 4.8 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 4.2 |
| G 1 | 5.30 | 4.22 | 9.5 | 9.5 | 10.5 | 9.5 | 9.5 | 9.5 | 9.5 | 3.8 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.3 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 3.8 |
| G 2 | 4.70 | 3.73 | 8.5 | 8.5 | 9.5 | 8.5 | 8.5 | 8.5 | 8.5 | 3.2 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 3.8 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 3.2 |
| G 3 | 4.10 | 3.22 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 8.5 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 3.0 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.4 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 3.0 |
| G 4 | 3.60 | 2.81 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 7.5 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 2.5 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 2.9 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 2.5 |
| G 5 | 3.20 | 2.49 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 6.5 | 5.5 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 6.0 | 2.2 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 2.2 |
| G 6 | 2.80 | 2.16 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 5.8 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 5.0 | 1.9 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.9 |
| G 7 | 2.50 | 1.92 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 5.5 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.5 | 1.7 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.7 |
| G 8 | 2.20 | 1.68 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 4.8 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.6 |
| G 9 | 1.90 | 1.43 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 4.2 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.5 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 1.3 |
| G 10 | 1.70 | 1.28 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.8 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 1.2 |
| G 11 | 1.50 | 1.13 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 3.2 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 1.1 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 1.1 |
| G 12 | 1.30 | 0.98 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 1.0 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 1.0 |

## SCREWS WITH EBONITE THREAD

In present-day manufacture screws' of the metric thread system are used for ebonite also, so that screws with ebonite thread according to the table below are only supplied for older installations.

The screws are designated with different letters for different shapes of screw-head, see figure.

The length of the thread varies for different lengths of screws except as regards the shorter screws which are threaded completely. Screws with shape D are used as terminal screws and they are therefore always completely threaded.

When ordering screws the thread number, designation for shape of head, screw length L in millimetres, material and finish are to be stated, sec example page 349.


| thread |  |  | diameter d for |  |  |  |  |  |  | height h for |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. | outer diameter | core dia- meter $\qquad$ | A | C | D | E | F | G | H | A | C | D | E | F | G | H |
|  | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm |
| ebonite 1 | 1.55 | 1.09 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 3.2 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 1.1 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 1.1 |
| ebonite 2 | 1.60 | 1.14 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.8 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 1.2 |
| ebonite 3 | 2.20 | 1.62 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 4.8 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.6 |
| ebonite 4 a | 2.40 | 1.56 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 5.5 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.5 | 1.7 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.7 |
| ebonite 4 b | 2.65 | 1.75 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 5.5 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.5 | 1.7 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.7 |
| ebonite 4 c | 3.00 | 2.10 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 5.8 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 5.0 | 1.9 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.8 |
| ebonite 5 | 3.20 | 2.30 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 6.5 | 5.5 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 6.0 | 2.2 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 22 |
| ebonite 6 | 3.40 | 2.42 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 6.5 | 5.5 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 6.0 | 2.2 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 2.2 |
| ebonite 7 | 3.65 | 2.55 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 7.5 | 5.8 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 2.3 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 2.3 |
| ebonite 8 | 4.30 | 3.20 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 8.5 | 6.5 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 7.0 | 2.6 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.6 |

## SCREWS WITH METRIC THREADS

The screws have different letter designations for different shapes of screw head, see figure.
The length of thread varies for the different lengths of screws, except for the shorter screws which are threaded for the whole length. Screws of the shape $S K C S$ are used as connecting screws and are therefore threaded for the whole length.
When ordering screws, the designation, thread (d) and length (l), material and any surface finish should be stated, e.g., KCS - 2.6 X20 M05, see example on page 349.


| thread |  |  | CS- |  |  |  | SKCS- |  | KS- |  | FS- |  | KFS- |  | B6S. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | slotted screws with cylindrical head |  | slotted screws with domed cylindrical head |  | slotted screws with large cylindrical head |  | slotted screws with domed head |  | slotted screws with countersunk head |  | slotted screws with domed countersunk head |  | bright hexagonal screws |  |
| d | out- <br> side <br> diameter | $\begin{aligned} & \text { core } \\ & \text { dia- } \\ & \text { meter } \end{aligned}$ | D | H | D | H | D | H | D | H | D | H | D | H | D | H |
| mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm |
| 1 | 1.0 | 0.652 | 2.0 | 0.7 | 2 | 0.9 | 2.3 | 0.9 | 2 | 0.8 | 2 | 0.7 | 2 | 0.7 | 2.5 | 1 |
| 1.2 | 1.2 | 0.852 | 2.3 | 0.8 | 2.3 | 1.1 | 2.6 | 1.1 | 2.3 | 0.9 | 2.3 | 0.8 | 2.3 | 0.8 | 2.5 | 1 |
| 1.4 | 1.4 | 0.984 | 2.6 | 1.0 | 2.5 | 1.3 | 3 | 1.3 | 2.6 | 1 | 2.6 | 0.8 | 2.6 | 0.8 | 3 | 1.2 |
| 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.214 | 3.0 | 1.2 | 3.0 | 1.6 | 3.5 | 1.6 | 3 | 1.2 | 3 | 0.9 | 3 | 0.9 | 3.5 | 1.4 |
| 2 | 2.0 | 1.444 | 3.5 | 1.4 | 3.5 | 1.9 | 4 | 1.9 | 3.5 | 1.4 | 3.5 | 1 | 3.5 | 1 | 4 | 1.6 |
| 2.3 | 2.3 | 1.744 | 4.0 | 1.7 | 4.0 | 2.2 | 4.5 | 2.2 | 4 | 1.7 | 4 | 1.1 | 4 | 1.1 | 4.5 | 1.8 |
| 2.6 | 2.6 | 1.974 | 4.0 | 1.7 | 4.0 | 2.2 | 5.5 | 2.2 | 5 | 2 | 4.5 | 1.2 | 4.5 | 1.2 | 5 | 2 |
| 3 | 3.0 | 2.308 | 5.0 | 2.3 | 5.0 | 3 | 6 | 3 | 5.5 | 2.3 | 5.5 | 1.6 | 5.5 | 1.6 | 6 | 2 |
| 3.5 | 3.5 | 2.688 | 5.0 | 2.3 | 5.0 | 3 | 7 | 3 | 6 | 2.6 | 6 | 1.6 | 6 | 1.6 | 7 | 2.3 |
| 4 | 4.0 | 3.028 | 6.0 | 2.6 | 6.0 | 3.4 | 8 | 3.4 | 7 | 3 | 7 | 1.9 | 7 | 1.9 | 8 | 2.6 |
| 4.5 | 4.5 | 3.458 | 7.0 | 3.0 | 7.0 | 3.9 | 9 | 3.9 | 8 | 3 | 8 | 2.2 | 8 | 2.2 | 9 | 3 |
| 5 | 5.0 | 3.888 | 8.0 | 3.5 | 8.0 | 4.6 | 10 | 4.6 | 9 | 3.5 | 9 | 2.5 | 9 | 2.5 | 9 | 3.5 |
| 5.5 | 5.5 | 4.250 | 8.0 | 3.5 | 8.0 | 4.6 | 11 | 4.6 | 9 | 3.5 | 10 | 2.8 | 10 | 2.8 | 10 | 4 |
| 6 | 6.0 | 4.610 | 9.0 | 4.0 | 9.0 | 5.2 | 12 | 5.2 | 10 | 4 | 11 | 3.1 | 11 | 3.1 | 11 | 5 |
| 7 | 7.0 | 5.610 | 10 | 4.5 | 10 | 5.8 | 14 | 5.8 | 11 | 4.5 | 12 | 3.1 | 12 | 3.1 | 11 | 5 |
| 8 | 8.0 | 6.264 | 12 | 5.0 | 12 | 6.6 | 16 | 6.6 | 13 | 5 | 14 | 3.7 | 14 | 3.7 | 14 | 6 |
| 9 | 9.0 | 7.284 | 13 | 5.5 | 13 | 7.2 | 18 | 7.2 | 14 | 5.5 | 16 | 4.3 | 16 | 4.3 | 17 | 6 |
| 10 | 10 | 7.916 | 14 | 6.0 | 14 | 7.9 | 20 | 7.9 | 16 | 6.5 | 18 | 4.9 | 18 | 4.9 | 17 | 7 |

## NUTS WITH G-THREAD

When ordering nuts the thread number, designation, material and finish must be stated. Nuts listed below the thick line in the table are made of brass only.



## NUTS WITH METRIC THREADS

When ordering nuts, the designation, thread ( d ), material and finish should be stated e.g., KB6M-8M07, see example on page 349.


| thread |  |  | B6M-bright hexagonal |  | KB6M-bright domed hexagonal |  | SB6M-bright hexagonal |  | LLB6M-bright hexagonal |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| d | outside diameter | core diameter | span of jaw (stand.) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { height } \\ & \text { (stand.) } \end{aligned}$ | span of jaw (stand.) | height (stand.) | span of jaw (large) | height (medium) | span of jaw (small) | height (low) |
|  |  |  | N | H | N | H | N | H | N | H |
| mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm |
| 1 | 1.024 | 0.676 | 2.5 | 1 | 2.5 | 0.8 | 3 | 0.8 | 2.5 | 0.6 |
| 1.2 | 1.224 | 0.876 | 2.5 | 1.2 | 2.5 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 2.5 | 0.7 |
| 1.4 | 1.426 | 1.010 | 3 | 1.4 | 3 | 1.1 | 3.5 | 1.1 | 2.5 | 0.8 |
| 1.7 | 1.732 | 1.246 | 3.5 | 1.7 | 3.5 | 1.4 | 4 | 1.4 | 3 | 1 |
| 2 | 2.036 | 1.480 | 4 | 2 | 4 | 1.6 | 4.5 | 1.6 | 3.5 | 1.2 |
| 2.3 | 2.336 | 1.780 | 4.5 | 2.3 | 4.5 | 1.8 | 5 | 1.8 | 4 | 1.4 |
| 2.6 | 2.642 | 2.016 | 5 | 2.6 | 5 | 2.1 | 6 | 2.1 | 4.5 | 1.6 |
| 3 | 3.044 | 2.350 | 6 | 3 | 6 | 2.4 | 7 | 2.4 | 5 | 1.8 |
| 3.5 | 3.554 | 2.720 | 7 | 3.5 | 7 | 2.8 | 8 | 2.8 | 6 | 2.1 |
| 4 | 4.062 | 3.090 | 8 | 4 | 8 | 3.2 | 9 | 3.2 | 7 | 2.4 |
| 4.5 | 4.568 | 3.526 | 9 | 4.5 | 9 | 3.6 | 10 | 3.6 | 8 | 2.7 |
| 5 | 5.072 | 3.960 | 9 | 5 | 9 | 4 | 10 | 4 | 9 | 3 |
| 5.5 | 5.580 | 4.330 | 10 | 5.5 | 10 | 4.4 | 11 | 4.4 | 9 | 3.3 |
| 6 | 6.090 | 4.700 | 11 | 6 | 11 | 4.8 | 14 | 4.8 | 10 | 3.6 |
| 7 | 7.090 | 5.700 | 11 | 7 | 11 | 5.6 | 14 | 5.6 | 11 | 4.2 |
| 8 | 8.112 | 6.376 | 14 | 8 | 14 | 6.4 | 17 | 6.4 | 11 | 4.8 |
| 9 | 9.112 | 7.376 | 17 | 9 | 17 | 7.2 | 19 | 7.2 | 14 | 5.4 |
| 10 | 10.136 | 8.052 | 17 | 10 | 17 | 8 | 19 | 8 | 17 | 6 |

Wood screws, Trskr No. 0-22
Wood screws are to be had in the following executions:
sunk head FS;
rounded sunk head, KFS;
rounded head KS.
When ordering wood screws the screw number, screw length L in English inches, shape of screw head, material and finish must be stated.


| screw |  | the shape of screw head |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| no. | diameter d | FS |  | KFS |  | KS |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{d}_{1}$ | h | $\mathrm{d}_{1}$ | h | d, | h |
|  | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm |
| 0 | 1.47 | 3.10 | 0.81 | 3.05 | 0.79 | 3.00 | 1.10 |
| 1 | 1.80 | 3.45 | 0.88 | 3.40 | 0.86 | 3.30 | 1.30 |
| 2 | 2.14 | 4.10 | 1.05 | 4.05 | 1.03 | 3.90 | 1.50 |
| 3 | 2.47 | 4.80 | 1.26 | 4.75 | 1.22 | 4.50 | 1.75 |
| 4 | 2.81 | 5.45 | 1.43 | 5.40 | 1.39 | 5.15 | 2.00 |
| 5 | 3.14 | 6.10 | 1.60 | 6.05 | 1.57 | 5.75 | 2.20 |
| 6 | 3.47 | 6.75 | 1.76 | 6.70 | 1.73 | 6.35 | 2.45 |
| 7 | 3.81 | 7.40 | 1.93 | 7.35 | 1.90 | 7.00 | 2.65 |
| 8 | 4.14 | 8.10 | 2.12 | 8.05 | 2.10 | 7.60 | 2.90 |
| 9 | 4.48 | 8.75 | 2.30 | 8.70 | 2.26 | 8.20 | 3.10 |
| 10 | 4.81 | 9.40 | 2.48 | 9.35 | 2.44 | 8.80 | 3.35 |
| 11 | 5.15 | 10.05 | 2.63 | 10.00 | 2.61 | 9.40 | 3.60 |
| 12 | 5.48 | 10.70 | 2.81 | 10.65 | 2.79 | 10.05 | 3.80 |
| 13 | 5.81 | 11.40 | 3.00 | 11.35 | 2.98 | 10.65 | 4.05 |
| 14 | 6.15 | 12.05 | 3.17 | 12.00 | 3.16 | 11.25 | 4.25 |
| 15 | 6.48 | 12.70 | 3.35 | 12.65 | 3.38 | 11.85 | 4.50 |
| 16 | 6.82 | 13.40 | 3.54 | 13.36 | 3.52 | 12.50 | 4.75 |
| 18 | 7.49 | 14.70 | 3.89 | 14.65 | 3.85 | 13.70 | 5.20 |
| 20 | 8.15 | 16.00 | 4.24 | 15.95 | 4.20 | 14.95 | 5.65 |
| 22 | 8.82 | 17.30 | 4.56 | 17.25 | 4.54 | 16.15 | 6.10 |

## EXAMPLES OF UTILISATION OF DESIGNATIONS FOR SCREWS AND NUTS

Screws with metric threads (SI)
For a screw CS $-4 \times 10$ M07 (bright with finish)
CS = cylindrical head
$4=$ thread
$10=$ length ( 1 )
$M=$ brass
$07=$ finish (see surface finish table)
For a screw $F S-6 \times 35$ J (bright without finish)
$F S=$ countersunk head
$6=$ thread
$35=$ length (1)
$J=$ iron
For a screw B6S - $8 \times 30$ M05 (bright with finish)
B6S = bright, hexagonal head
$8=$ thread
$30=$ length ( 1 )
$M=$ brass
$05=$ finish (see surface finish table)

Nuts with metric thread (SI)
For a nut B6M-5 M05 (bright, with finish)
$B 6 M=$ bright hexagonal nut with standard span of jaw and standard height
$5=$ thread
$M=$ brass
$05=$ finish (see surface finish table)
For a nut LLB6M-10J (bright, without finish)
$L L B 6 M=$ bright hexagonal nut with small span of jaw and low height
$10=$ thread
$J=$ iron

## Screws with G-thread

For a screw G3 A30 M21
$G \quad=$ thread system
$3=$ thread number
$A=$ shape of screw-head
$30=$ screw length ( L ) in mm
$M=$ brass
$21=$ finish (see surface finish table)
For a screw G0 H25 J03
$G=$ thread system
$0=$ thread number
$H=$ shape of screw-head
$25=$ screw length ( L ) in mm
$J=$ iron
$03=$ finish (see surface finish table)

## Nuts with G-thread

For a nut G7 K M05
$G \quad=$ thread system
7 = thread number
$K=$ shape of nut
$M=$ brass
$05=$ finish (sce surface finish table)

## Screws with ebonite thread

For a screw Ebon 4 a C12 M05
Ebon $4 a=$ thread designation and thread number
$C \quad=$ shape of screw-head
12 = length (L) in mm
$M=$ brass
$05 \quad=$ finish (see surface finish table)

## Wood screws

For a wood screw Trskr No. 4-11/2" KS M05
Trskr = wood screw
No. $4=$ screw number
$1^{1} / 2^{\prime \prime}=$ screw length in English inches
$K S=$ domed head
$M \quad=$ brass
$05 \quad=$ finish (see surface finish table)

For a wood screw Trskr No. 6-11/4"FS J03:
Trskr $=$ wood screw
No. $6=$ screw number
$1^{1} / 4^{\prime \prime}=$ screw length English inches
FS $=$ countersunk head
$J \quad=$ iron
$03 \quad$ finish (see surface finish table)
Designations of the most common surface finishes of screws and nuts.

| designation | finish |
| :--- | :--- |
| 01 | nickel-plating <br> 02 |
| 03 | chromium-plating |
| 05 | galvanization |
| 07 | white boiling |
| 11 | oxidation with enamelling (black) |
| 17 | dull nickel-plating |
| dull oxidation with enamelling |  |
| 21 | (black) |
| 22 | polished nickel-plating |
| polished chromium-plating |  |

## I N D E X

Page
GENERAL INDEX . . . . . . . . . . 355
TYPE INDEX . . . . . . . . . . . . . 358

## GENERAL INDEX

page page
A Cords ..... 283
15
A. C. bells
111
111
Angle-irons for dials
Angle-irons for dials ..... 333
B
Battery boxes ..... 8
Bell mechanisms for polarized bells ..... 13
Bells, polarized ..... 15
Bells with aut. interrupter ..... 23
Blade form gauge sets ..... 327
Box spanners ..... 329
Brackets for telephone instruments ..... 9
Buttons for keys ..... 200
Buzzers for A. C. ..... 22
Buzzers with automatic interrupter ..... 28
C
Cable lugs ..... 314
Cable lugs for protectors ..... 55
Cables ..... 282
Capping plates ..... 318
Capping plugs ..... 320
Caps ..... 332
Carbons for voltage protectors ..... 55
Carbon granule fillers ..... 336
Case for spring balances ..... 328
Centring piece for keys ..... 201
Cog-wheels for generators ..... 121
Combined drop indicator and jacks ..... 219
Condensers ..... 129
Condenser holders ..... 135
Connecting strips for protectors ..... 54
Contact spring sets for relays ..... 74
Contact spring sets for switches ..... 87
Contact tips ..... 314
Cord clip blocks ..... 273
Cord fixed contacts ..... 314
Cord pulleys. ..... 275
Cord weights ..... 274
Cranks for generators ..... 119
Creak buzzers ..... 22
Current cut-out components ..... 57
Cut-off plugs ..... 270
D
D. C. bells ..... 23
Dial blanks ..... 112
Dials. ..... 101
Drop indicators ..... 209
Drop indicator shields ..... 317
Drop indicator strips ..... 213
Drum indicators ..... 214
Dry cells ..... 5
E
Electrolytic condensers ..... 134
Engraving tables for jack strips ..... 252
Erection parts for manual switchboards ..... 315
F
Filling blocks ..... 48
Filling-up blocks for condensers ..... 136
Figure-plates for dials ..... 109
Fitting strips ..... 315
Fixing plates. ..... 317
Fuse blocks. ..... 51
Fuse coils ..... 62
Fuse devices ..... 52
Fuse head ..... 53
Fuses with insulated alarm ..... 63
Fuse wires ..... 61
G
Gauge sets ..... 327
Gongs for bells ..... 30
page page
Gong supports 32 Lens protectors ..... 226
Guide-cap for shaft extensions ..... 123
Lever keys ..... 174
H M
Magneto generators ..... 115
Handsets ..... 148
Magnets for generators
Magnets for generators ..... 122 ..... 122
Heaters for soldering irons Mica for voltage protectors ..... 56
Holders for condensers ..... 135
Holders for dials ..... 111
N
Holders for handsets ..... 167
Hoods for bells ..... 30
Number lenses ..... 225
Number pegs for jack strips ..... 251
Nuts ..... 346
Nuts for bells ..... 34
Nuts for dials ..... 113
mpedance coils ..... 96
Insulating removers ..... 326
Insulating plates for instrument jacks ..... 260
Instrument jacks ..... 258
Instrument plugs ..... 267
J
Jacks ..... 228
Jacks for dials ..... 112
Jacks for instruments ..... 258
Jack strips ..... 236
Junction boxes ..... 35
P
Packings for dials ..... 110
Panel and row lamps ..... 223
Paper condensers ..... 129
Period counters ..... 12
Plugs ..... 262
Plugs for instruments ..... 267
Plug plates ..... 321
Plug supports ..... 322
Polarized bells ..... 15
Pole changers ..... 127
Pole changer filters ..... 127
K
Key for dials ..... 330
Polishing-steels
Polishing-steels ..... 335 ..... 335
Key for subscriber's meters ..... 272
L
Label frames for terminal blocks ..... 48
Label frames for test jack strips ..... 235
Label holders for jack strips ..... 257
Label plates ..... 221
Label strips ..... 227
Lamps ..... 222
R
Lamp lenses ..... 224 ..... 56
Lamp and lens tongs ..... 331
Press button keys ..... 191
Press button strips ..... 205
Protecting plates ..... 323
Protective cases for dials ..... 106
Protective washer for generator cranks ..... 124
Protectors ..... 50
Protectors for fuse wires ..... 53
Lamp jacks 233 Receiver caps ..... 171
Lamp strips 256 Receiver diaphragms ..... 170
Laryngophones 140 Receiver insets ..... 148
Laryngophones with handle 161 Relays
page page
Resistance coils 97 Suspension eyes ..... 166
Ring remover 332 Star indicators ..... 218
Roll for keys 201 Stirrup for dials ..... 113
Row blocks 45 Switches ..... 173
Rubber hose cords 302 Switch shelves ..... 201
Rubber pad for receiver cap ..... 172S
T
Taper hooks ..... 333
Scraping knife 326 Tappings ..... 40
Screws 343 Telephone handsets ..... 137
Screw dies 339 Terminal blocks ..... 40
Screws for bells 33 Terminal blocks with soldering tags ..... 47
Screws for dials 113 Terminal clamps ..... 48
Screws for switches 203 Test cords with plugs ..... 261
Screw stocks 341 Test jack strips ..... 234
Screw taps 339 Testing instruments ..... 324
Selectors 276 Time meters ..... 11
Shaft extensions for generators 123 Tools ..... 326
Shutter for drop indicator strips 213 Toothed pinions for generators ..... 121
Signal softeners 10 Transformers ..... 93
Soldering irons 336 Transmitter caps ..... 169
Soldering tag sets for relays 86 Transmitter insets ..... 137
Soldering tips 337 Transmitter rings ..... 170
Spanners 330 Tubular fuses ..... 57
Spring balances 328 Tubular fuses with alarm device ..... 60
Spring benders 333 Tuning fork buzzers. ..... 125
Spring sets ..... 74
Subscriber list holders ..... 10
V
Subscriber's meters ..... 271
Supports for bells ..... 32
Supports for dials. ..... 111
w
Surface finish table. ..... 351
Voltage protector components ..... 55
Wall terminals ..... 36
Suspension ends 166 Washers for bells ..... 34
Suspension hooks 163 Wood screws ..... 348










| designation |  | page | designation |  | page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| NB 4 | 4010/5 .. see | $\mathrm{NGH}_{4} 1003$ | NEM | 1031. | 40 |
| NB 402 | 4020/0,5 . see | NGH 2001 | NEM | 1032. | 40 |
| NB 40 | 4020/1 . see | NGH 2002 | NEM | 1033. | 40 |
| NB 4020 | 4020/3 .. see | NGH 2003 | NEM | 1034. | 40 |
| NB 4020 | 4020/5 .. see | NGH 2004 | NEM | 1035. | 40 |
| NB 402 | 4020/8 .. see | NGH 2005 | NEM | 1036. | 40 |
| NB 4030 | 4030/0,15. see | NGH 6001 | NEM | 1042. | 40 |
| NB 490 | 4900/1 .. see | 0-12412 | NEM | 1043. | 40 |
| NB 50 | 5010/30 .. see | NGL 1002 | NEM | 1044. | 40 |
| NB 5020 | 5020/8 .. see | NGL 1001 | NEM | 1045. | 40 |
| NB 503 | 5030/30 .. see | NGL 1003 | NEM | 1051. | 40 |
| NB 50 | 5045/30 .. see | NGL 1004 | NEM | 1052. | 40 |
| NB 5050 | 5050/40 .. see | NGL 1005 | NEM | 1061. | 40 |
| NB 50 | 5060/12 . . see | NGL 1006 | NEM | 1062. | 40 |
| NB 59 | 5900/1 .. see | 300044 | NEM | 1063. | 40 |
| ND 5 | 520/1 .. see | NEN 6051 | NEM | 1071. | 40 |
| ND 5 | 520/2 .. see | NEN 6052 | NEM | 1081. | 40 |
| NEC | 6001. | 35 | NEM | 1082. | 40 |
| NEC | 6002. | 35 | NEM | 1101. | 43 |
| NEF | 1002. | 36 | NEM | 1102. | 43 |
| NEF | 1003. | 36 | NEM | 1111 | 43 |
| NEF | 1004. | 36 | NEN | 5201. | 44 |
| NEF | 1005. | 36 | NEN | 5202. | 44 |
| NEF | 1006. | 36 | NEN | 5301. | 44 |
| NEF | 1007. | 36 | NEN | 6001. | 44 |
| NEF | 1008. | 36 | NEN | 6002. | 44 |
| NEF | 1009. | 36 | NEN | 6011. | 44 |
| NEF | 1010. | 36 | NEN | 6051. | 44 |
| NEF | 1011. | 36 | NEN | 6052. | 44 |
| NEF | 1012. | 36 | NEN | 6102. | 45 |
| NEF | 1022. | 36 | NEN | 6103. | 45 |
| NEF | 1023. | 36 | NEN | 6104. | 45 |
| NEF | 1025. | 36 | NEN | 6201. | 45 |
| NEF | 1101. | 38 | NEN | 6202. | 45 |
| NEF | 1201. | 38 | NEN | 6251. | 45 |
| NEG | 1005. | 39 | NEN | 6261. | 45 |
| NEG | 1007. | 39 | NEP | 1001. | 47 |
| NEG | 1301.. | 39 | NEP | 1002. | 47 |
| NEG | 2003. | - 39 | NEP | 1003. | 47 |
| NEG | 2004. | . 39 | NEP | 1004. | 47 |
| NEM | 1001.. | . 40 | NEP | 1005. | 47 |
| NEM | 1002. | 40 | NEP | 1006. | 47 |
| NEM | 1003. | 40 | NEP | 1007. | 47 |
| NEM | 1004. | 40 | NEP | 1018. | 47 |
| NEM | 1005. | 40 | NER | 1001. | 48 |
| NEM | 1006. | 40 | NES | 1001 | 54 |
| NEM | 1007. | . 40 | NES | 1002 | 54 |
| NEM | 1008.. | .. 40 | NFS | 1001. | 50 |
| NEM | 1009.. | . 40 | NFS | 1011. | 50 |
| NEM | 1023. | . 40 | NFS | 1201. | 51 |
| NEM | 1024. | . 40 | NFS | 1301. | 52 |
| NEM | 1025. | 40 | NFS | 1302 | 52 |




``` 요
```



```
S
```










| designation |  | page | designation |  | page 74 | designation |  | page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RBA | 1505. | 74 | RBA | 1808. |  | RBM | 1202. | 87 |
| RBA | 1506. | 74 | RBA | 1809. | 74 | RBM | 1203. | 87 |
| RBA | 1507. | 74 | RBA | 1810. | 74 | RBM | 1204. | 87 |
| RBA | 1508. | 74 | RBA | 1811. | 74 | RBM | 1205. | 87 |
| RBA | 1509. | 74 | RBA | 1812. | 74 | RBM | 1301. | 87 |
| RBA | 1601. | 74 | RBA | 1813. | 74 | RBM | 1302. | 87 |
| RBA | 1602. | 74 | RBA | 1814. | 74 | RBM | 1303. | 87 |
| RBA | 1603. | 74 | RBA | 1815. | 74 | RBM | 1304. | 87 |
| RBA | 1604. | 74 | RBA | 1816. | 74 | RBM | 1305. | 87 |
| RBA | 1605. | 74 | RBA | 1817. | 74 | RBM | 1306. | 87 |
| RBA | 1606. | 74 | RBA | 1818. | 74 | RBM | 1401. | 87 |
| RBA | 1607. | 74 | RBA | 1819. | 74 | RBM | 1402. | 87 |
| RBA | 1608. | 74 | RBA | 1820. | 74 | RBM | 1403. | 87 |
| RBA | 1609. | 74 | RBA | 1821. | 74 | RBM | 1404. | 87 |
| RBA | 1610. | 74 | RBA | 1822. | 74 | RBM | 1405. | 87 |
| RBA | 1611. | 74 | RBA | 1823. | 74 | RBM | 1406. | 87 |
| RBA | 1612. | 74 | RBA | 1824. | 74 | RBM | 1407. | 87 |
| RBA | 1613. | 74 | RBA | 1825. | 74 | RBM | 1408. | 87 |
| RBA | 1701. | 74 | RBA | 1826. | 74 | RBM | 1409. | 87 |
| RBA | $1702 .$ | 74 | RBA | 1827. | 74 | RBM | 1410. | 87 |
| RBA | 1703. | 74 | RBA | 1828. | 74 | RBM | 1411 | 87 |
| RBA | 1704. | 74 | RBA | 1829. | 74 | RBM | 1412. | 87 |
| RBA | 1705. | 74 | RBA | 1830. | 74 | RBM | 1413. | 87 |
| RBA | 1706. | 74 | RBA | 1831. | 74 | RBM | 1414. | 87 |
| RBA | 1707. | 74 | RBA | 1832. | 74 | RBM | 1415. | 87 |
| RBA | 1708. | 74 | RBA | 1833. | 74 | RBM | 1416. | 87 |
| RBA | 1709. | 74 | RBA | 1834. | 74 | RBM | 2005. | 87 |
| RBA | 1711. | 74 | RBA | 1835. | 74 | RBM | 2015. | 87 |
| RBA | 1712. | 74 | RBA | 1836. | 74 | RBM | 2016. | 87 |
| RBA | $1713 .$ | 74 | RBA | 1837. | 74 | RBM | 2101. | 87 |
| RBA | 1714. | 74 | RBA | 1838. | 74 | RBM | 2102 | 87 |
| RBA | 1715. | 74 | RBA | 1839. | 74 | RBM | 2103. | 87 |
| RBA | 1716. | 74 | RBA | 1840. | 74 | RBM | 2104. | 87 |
| RBA | 1717. | 74 | RBA | 1841. | 74 | RBM | 2201. | 87 |
| RBA | 1718. | 74 | RBA | 1842. | 74 | RBM | 2202. | 87 |
| RBA | 1719. | 74 | RBA | 1843. | 74 | RBM | 2203 | 87 |
| RBA | 1720. | 75 | RBA | 1844. | 74 | RBM | 2204 | 87 |
| RBA | $1721$ | 74 | RBA | 1845. | 74 | RBM | 2205. | 87 |
| RBA | 1722. | 74 | RBA | 1846. | 74 | RBM | 2301. | 87 |
| RBA | 1723. | 74 | RBD | 1002. | 86 | RBM | 2302. | 87 |
| RBA | 1724. | 74 | RBD | 1003. | 86 | RBM | 2303. | 87 |
| RBA | 1725. | 74 | RBD | 1004. | 86 | RBM | 2304. | 87 |
| RBA | 1726. | 74 | RBD | 1005. | 86 | RBM | 2305. | 87 |
| RBA | 1727. | 74 | RBD | 1006. | 86 | RBM | 2306. | 87 |
| RBA | 1728. | 74 | RBM | 1005. | 87 | RBM | 2401. | 87 |
| RBA | 1801. | 74 | RBM | 1015. | 87 | RBM | 2402. | 87 |
| RBA | 1802. | 74 | RBM | 1016. | 87 | RBM | 2403. | 87 |
| RBA | 1803. | 74 | RBM | 1101. | 87 | RBM | 2404. | 87 |
| RBA | 1804. | 74 | RBM | 1102. | 87 | RBM | 2405. | 87 |
| RBA | 1805. | 74 | RBM | 1103. | 87 | RBM | 2406. | 87 |
| RBA | 1806. | 74 | RBM | 1104. | 87 | RBM | 2407. | 87 |
| RBA | 1807. | 74 | RBM | 1201. | 87 | RBM | 2408. | 87 |






 $\stackrel{T}{c}$




$$
\begin{aligned}
& 0 \\
& 0 \\
& 0 \\
& 0
\end{aligned}
$$

designation


$$
\begin{aligned}
& \begin{array}{r}
87 \\
1004 \\
1604 \\
1001 \\
1612
\end{array} \\
& \text { く } \\
& \text { 凶 ム }
\end{aligned}
$$

$\square$RC 4000／200．

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { RC } 4110 \text { black } \\
& \text { see } 18
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\text { RC } 4110 \text { mahogany }
$$

see

$$
\text { RC } 4120 \text { black }
$$

RC 4120 mahogany

RC 4120 white

भगण 81 808 L ววs RC 4130 black
see 180718 mahogany
RC 4130 white
see 180718 white
RC $5010 / 3 \ldots$ see KLG 1101



ล్స̃





| designation |  | page | designation |  | page | designation |  | page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RLF | 1027. | 148 | RLF | 1201. | 154 | RLY | 1003. | 163 |
| RLF | 1027 T. | 148 | RLF | 1201 T | 154 | RLY | 1004. | 164 |
| RLF | 1028. | 148 | RLF | 1202. | 154 | RLY | 1005. | 164 |
| RLF | 1028 T. | 148 | RLF | 1202 T | 154 | RLY | 1101. | 164 |
| RLF | 1030. | 148 | RLF | 1204. | 154 | RLY | 1102. | 165 |
| RLF | 1030 T. | 148 | RLF | 1204 T | 154 | RMA | 1001. | 176 |
| RLF | 1032. | 148 | RLF | 1206. | 154 | RMA | 1002. | 176 |
| RLF | 1032 T. | 148 | RLF | 1206 T | 154 | RMA | 1003. | 176 |
| RLF | 1034. | 148 | RLF | 1208. | 154 | RMA | 1004. | 176 |
| RLF | 1034 T | 148 | RLF | 1208 T | 154 | RMA | 1005. | 176 |
| RLF | 1052 | 151 | RLF | 1210. | 154 | RMA | 1006. | 176 |
| RLF | 1052 T | 151 | RLF | 1210 T | 154 | RMA | 1007. | 176 |
| RLF | 1053. | 151 | RLF | 1212. | 154 | RMA | 1008. | 176 |
| RLF | 1053 T | 151 | RLF | 1212 T | 154 | RMA | 1009. | 176 |
| RLF | 1071. | 151 | RLF | 1214. | 154 | RMA | 1010. | 176 |
| RLF | 1071 T | 151 | RLF | 1214 T | 154 | RMA | 1011. | 176 |
| RLF | 1073. | 151 | RLF | 1252 | 155 | RMA | 1012. | 176 |
| RLF | 1073 T | 151 | RLF | 1252 T | 155 | RMA | 1013 | 176 |
| RLF | 1075. | 151 | RLF | 1254 | 155 | RMA | 1014 | 176 |
| RLF | 1075 T. . see RLF | 1075 | RLF | 1254 T | 155 | RMA | 1015 | 176 |
| RLF | 1076. | 151 | RLF | 1302. | 156 | RMA | 1016. | 176 |
| RLF | 1076 T | 151 | RLF | 1302 T | 156 | RMA | 1017. | 176 |
| RLF | 1078. | 151 | RLF | 1303. | 156 | RMA | 1018. | 176 |
| RLF | 1078 T | 151 | RLF | 1303 T | 156 | RMA | 1019. | 176 |
| RLF | 1080. | 151 | RLF | 1401. | 157 | RMA | 1020. | 176 |
| RLF | 1080 T. . see RLF | 1080 | RLF | 1401 T | 157 | RMA | 1021. | 176 |
| RLF | 1081. | 151 | RLF | 1501. | 157 | RMA | 1022. | 176 |
| RLF | 1081 T | 151 | RLF | 1501 T. | 157 | RMA | 1023. | 176 |
| RLF | 1083. | 151 | RLF | 2001. | 159 | RMA | 1024. | 176 |
| RLF | 1083 T. | 151 | RLF | 2002. | 159 | RMA | 1025. | 176 |
| RLF | 1085. | 151 | RLF | 2003. | 159 | RMA | 1026. | 176 |
| RLF | 1085 T. . see RLF | 1085 | RLF | 2004. | 159 | RMA | 1027 | 176 |
| RLF | 1086. | 151 | RLF | 2005. | 159 | RMA | 1028. | 176 |
| RLF | 1086 T | 151 | RLF | 2006. | 159 | RMA | 1029. | 176 |
| RLF | 1088. | 151 | RLF | 2007. | 159 | RMA | 1030 | 176 |
| RLF | 1088 T | 151 | RLF | 2008. | 159 | RMA | 1031 | 176 |
| RLF | 1090. | 151 | RLF | 2009. | 159 | RMA | 1032 | 176 |
| RLF | 1090 T. . see RLF | 1090 | RLF | 2010. | 159 | RMA | 1033. | 176 |
| RLF | 1091. | 151 | RLF | 2011. | 159 | RMA | 1034. | 176 |
| RLF | 1091 T. | 151 | RLF | 2012. | 159 | RMA | 1035. | 176 |
| RLF | 1101. | 152 | RLF | 2013. | 159 | RMA | 1036. | 176 |
| RLF | 1101 T. | 152 | RLF | 2014. | 159 | RMA | 1037. | 176 |
| RLF | 1102. | 152 | RLF | 2016. | 159 | RMA | 1038 | 176 |
| RLF | 1102 T | 152 | RLH | 1001. | 161 | RMA | 1039. | 176 |
| RLF | 1104. | 152 | RLH | 1002. | 161 | RMA | 1040. | 176 |
| RLF | 1104 T. | 152 | RLH | 1003. | 161 | RMA | 1041 | 176 |
| RLF | 1106. | 152 | RLH | 1011. | 161 | RMA | 1042. | 176 |
| RLF | 1106 T. | 152 | RLH | 1101. | 162 | RMA | 1043. | 176 |
| RLF | 1107. | 152 | RLH | 1102. | 162 | RMA | 1044. | 176 |
| RLF | 1107 T. | 152 | RLH | 1111. | 162 | RMA | 1045. | 176 |
| RLF | 1152. | 153 | RLY | 1001. | 163 | RMA | 1046. | 176 |
| RLF | 1152 T. . | 153 | RLY | 1002. | 163 | RMA | 1047 | 176 |


| desig |  | page | d | tion | page | desig | ion | page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RMA | 1048. | 176 | RMA | 1147. | 180 | RMA | 1403. | 188 |
| RMA | 1049. | 176 | RMA | 1148. | 180 | RMA | 1404. | 188 |
| RMA | 1050. | 176 | RMA | 1149. | 180 | RMA | 1405. | 188 |
| RMA | 1051. | 176 | RMA | 1150. | 180 | RMA | 1406. | 188 |
| RMA | 1052. | 176 | RMA | 1151. | 180 | RMA | 1407. | 188 |
| RMA | 1053. | 176 | RMB | 1152. | 180 | RMA | 1408. | 188 |
| RMA | 1101 | 180 | RMA | 1153. | 180 | RMA | 1409. | 188 |
| RMA | 1102. | 180 | RMA | 1154. | 180 | RMA | 1410. | 188 |
| RMA | 1103. | 180 | RMA | 1155. | 180 | RMA | 1501. | 189 |
| RMA | 1104. | 180 | RMA | 1201. | 184 | RMA | 1502. | 189 |
| RMA | 1105. | 180 | RMA | 1202. | 184 | RMA | 1503 | 189 |
| RMA | 1106. | 180 | RMA | 1203. | 184 | RMA | 1504. | 189 |
| RMA | 1107. | 180 | RMA | 1204. | 184 | RMA | 1505. | 189 |
| RMA | 1108. | 180 | RMA | 1205. | 184 | RMA | 1506. | 189 |
| RMA | 1109. | 180 | RMA | 1206. | 184 | RMA | 1507. | 189 |
| RMA | 1110. | 180 | RMA | 1207. | 184 | RMD | 1001. | 191 |
| RMA | 1111. | 180 | RMA | 1208. | 184 | RMD | 1002. | 191 |
| RMA | 1112. | 180 | RMA | 1209. | 184 | RMD | 1003. | 191 |
| RMA | 1113. | 180 | RMA | 1210. | 184 | RMD | 1004. | 191 |
| RMA | 1114. | 180 | RMA | 1211 | 184 | RMD | 1005 | 191 |
| RMA | 1115. | 180 | RMA | 1212. | 184 | RMD | 1006. | 191 |
| RMA | 1116. | 180 | RMA | 1213. | 184 | RMD | 1007. | 191 |
| RMA | 1117. | 180 | RMA | 1214. | 184 | RMD | 1008. | 191 |
| RMA | 1118. | 180 | RMA | 1215. | 184 | RMD | 1009. | 191 |
| RMA | 1119 | 180 | RMA | 1216. | 184 | RMD | 1010. | 191 |
| RMA | 1120. | 180 | RMA | 1217. | 184 | RMD | 1011. | 191 |
| RMA | 1121. | 180 | RMA | 1218. | 184 | RMD | 1012 | 191 |
| RMA | 1122. | 180 | RMA | 1219. | 184 | RMD | 1013. | 191 |
| RMA | 1123. | 180 | RMA | 1220. | 184 | RMD | 1014. | 191 |
| RMA | 1124. | 180 | RMA | 1221 | 184 | RMD | 1015 | 191 |
| RMA | 1125 | 180 | RMA | 1222. | 184 | RMD | 1016 | 191 |
| RMA | 1126 | 180 | RMA | 1223. | 184 | RMD | 1017. | 191 |
| RMA | 1127 | 180 | RMA | 1224. | 184 | RMD | 1018. | 191 |
| RMA | 1128. | 180 | RMA | 1225. | 184 | RMD | 1019. | 191 |
| RMA | 1129. | 180 | RMA | 1301. | 186 | RMD | 1020. | 191 |
| RMA | 1130. | 180 | RMA | 1302. | 186 | RMD | 1021. | 191 |
| RMA | 1131. | 180 | RMA | 1303. | 186 | RMD | 1022. | 191 |
| RMA | 1132. | 180 | RMA | 1304. | 186 | RMD | 1201. | 191 |
| RMA | 1133. | 180 | RMA | 1305. | 186 | RMD | 1202 | 191 |
| RMA | 1134. | 180 | RMA | 1306. | 186 | RMD | 1203 | 191 |
| RMA | 1135. | 180 | RMA | 1307. | 186 | RMD | 1204. | 191 |
| RMA | 1136. | 180 | RMA | 1308. | 186 | RMD | 1205. | 191 |
| RMA | 1137. | 180 | RMA | 1309. | 186 | RMD | 1206. | 191 |
| RMA | 1138. | 180 | RMA | 1310. | 186 | RMD | 1207. | 191 |
| RMA | 1139. | 180 | RMA | 1311. | 186 | RMD | 1208 | 191 |
| RMA | 1140. | 180 | RMA | 1312. | 186 | RMD | 1209 | 191 |
| RMA | 1141. | 180 | RMA | 1313. | 186 | RMD | 1210 | 191 |
| RMA | 1142. | 180 | RMA | 1314. | 186 | RMD | 1211 | 191 |
| RMA | 1143. | 180 | RMA | 1315. | 186 | RMD | 1212 | 191 |
| RMA | 1144. | 180 | RMA | 1316. | 186 | RMD | 1213 | 191 |
| RMA | 1145. | 180 | RMA | 1401. | 188 | RMD | 1214 | 191 |
| RMA | 1146 | 180 | RMA | 1402. | 188 | RMD | 1215 | 191 |




 $\begin{array}{ll}\mathrm{Z}_{\sim} & \underset{\sim}{z} \\ \alpha\end{array}$









| ig | ion | page | desig | tion page | design | nation | page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RNR | 3072. | 238 | RNR | 8175........... 250 | RO | 42850. . see | RPR 2705 |
| RNR | 4121. | 239 | RNR | 8176........... 250 | RO | 44207.. see | RPR 3402 |
| RNR | 4122. | 239 | RNR | 8177............ 250 | RO | 44300.. see | RPR 3503 |
| RNR | 4123. | 239 | RNR | 8178............ 250 | RO | 44301. . see | RPR 3501 |
| RNR | 4124. | 239 | RNR | 8179........... 250 | RO | 44305. . see | RPR 3504 |
| RNR | 4125. | 239 | RNS | 1212............ 256 | RO | 44350.. see | RPR 3509 |
| RNR | 4126. | 239 | RNS | 1311............ 256 | RO | 44355.. see | RPR 3510 |
| RNR | 4127. | 239 | RNS | 1312............ 256 | RO | 84701.. see | RNR 8003 |
| RNR | 4128. | 239 | RNS | 1313............ 256 | RO | 84756.. see | RNR 8025 |
| RNR | 4129. | 239 | RNS | 1322............ 256 | RO | 84757.. see | RNR 8028 |
| RNR | 4171. | 241 | RNS | 1323........... 256 | RO | 84758.. see | RNR 8029 |
| RNR | 4172. | 241 | RNS | 1701........... 256 | RO | 84759.. see | RNR 8030 |
| RNR | 4173. | 241 | RNS | 1702........... 256 | RO | 84760.. see | RNR 8024 |
| RNR | 4174. | 241 | RNS | 1704........... 256 | RO | 84802.. see | RNR 8073 |
| RNR | 8002. | 242 | RNS | 1712.......... 256 | RO | 84803.. see | RNR 8173 |
| RNR | 8003. | 242 | RNS | 1713............ 256 | RO 10 | 100000/12. see | RNG 1002 |
| RNR | 8021. | 244 | RNT | 5021............ 258 | RO 10 | 100000/24. see | RNG 1003 |
| RNR | 8022. | 244 | RNT | 5031........... 258 | RO 10 | 100000/30. see | RNG 1004 |
| RNR | 8023. | 244 | RNT | 5041........... 258 | RO 10 | 100000/60. see | RNG 1006 |
| RNR | 8024. | 244 | RNT | 5051........... 258 | RO 1 | 100500/6.. see | RNG 1104 |
| RNR | 8025. | 244 | RNT | 5141........... 258 | RO 1 | 100500/12. see | RNG 1101 |
| RNR | 8026 | 244 | RNT | 5351........... 259 | RO 1 | 100500/24. see | RNG 1102 |
| RNR | 8027. | 244 | RNT | 5352............ 259 | RO 1 | 100500/30. see | RNG 1103 |
| RNR | 8028. | 244 | RO | 50/150 . . see RNA 1101 | RO 1 | 101100... see | RNP 8001 |
| RNR | 8029. | 244 | RO | 50/2000. see RNA 1102 | RO 1 | 101200... see | RNH 1001 |
| RNR | 8030. | 244 | RO | 210/100. see RNA 2003 | RO 1 | 101210... see | RNH 1002 |
| RNR | 8031. | 244 | RO | 210/1000 see RNA 2001 | RO 1 | 101220... see | RNH 1003 |
| RNR | 8032. | 244 | RO | 210/2000 see RNA 2002 | RO 1 | 101300... see | RNH 1101 |
| RNR | 8033... see RNR | 8021 | RO | 860/1. . . see RNC 1412 | RO 1 | 101310... see | RNH 1102 |
| RNR | 8034. | 244 | RO | 860/500. see RNC 1411 | RO 1 | 101320... see | RNH 1103 |
| RNR | 8035. | 244 | RO | 860/1000 see RNC 1413 | RO 1 | 101400... see | NH 1201 |
| RNR | 8036. | 244 | RO | 860/3000 see RNC 1414 | RO 1 | 101410... see | RNH 1202 |
| RNR | 8071. | 246 | RO | 860/2000 see RNC 1415 | RO 1 | 101420... see | RNH 1203 |
| RNR | 8072. | 246 | RO | $865 / 50+500$ | RO | 101500... see | RNH 2001 |
| RNR | 8073. | 246 |  | see RNC 1404 | RO | 101600... see | RNH 3001 |
| RNR | 8074. | 246 | RO | $865 / 50+1000$ | RPM | 12401. | .. 261 |
| RNR | 8075. | 246 |  | see RNC 1405 | RPM | 2402. | 261 |
| RNR | 8076. | 246 | RO | $865 / 400+1000$ | RPM | 2403. | 261 |
| RNR | 8121. | 248 |  | see R NC 1402 | RPM | - 2404. | 261 |
| RNR | 8122. | 248 | RO | $875 / 50+500$ | RPM | 2405. | 261 |
| RNR | 8123. | 248 |  | see RNC 1511 | RPM | 2406. | 261 |
| RNR | 8124. | 248 | RO | $885 / 50+500$ | RPM | 2407. | 261 |
| RNR | 8125. | 248 |  | see RNC 1401 | RPR | 2401. | ... 262 |
| RNR | 8126. | 248 | RO | 10109... see KAL 1001 | RPR | 2402. | ... 262 |
| RNR | 8127. | 248 | RO | 10110... see KAL 1002 | RPR | 2501. | .. 262 |
| RNR | 8128. | 248 | RO | 10209... see KAL 1001 | RPR | 2502. | 262 |
| RNR | 8129. | 248 | RO | 10210... see KAL 1002 | RPR | 2701. | 262 |
| RNR | 8130. | 248 | RO | 11120... see KAL 1101 | RPR | 2705. | 262 |
| RNR | 8171. | 250 | RO | 42545... see RPR 2401 | RPR | 3402. | .. 263 |
| RNR | 8172. | 250 | RO | 42566... see RPR 2402 | RPR | 3404. | .. 263 |
| RNR | 8173. | 250 | RO | 42690.. see RPR 2501 | RPR | 3501. | . 263 |
| RNR | 8174. | 250 | RO | 42808, . see RPR 2701 | RPR | 3502. | 263 |


$\dot{m}=8$

命












## 둘









|  |  | page | designation | designation | page |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TRS | 7401. | 311 | 125812. | 135403/14. | 317 |
| TRS | 7402. | 311 | 125813 | 135403/15. | 317 |
| TRS | 7403. | 311 | 126192 | 135403/16. | 317 |
| TRS | 7501. | 311 | 126195 | 135403/17. | 317 |
| TRS | 7502. | 311 | 126919 | 135403/18. | 317 |
| TRS | 7503. | 311 | 126921 | 135403/19.. | 317 |
| 0-128 |  | 66 | 127581... | 135681. | 334 |
| 0-134 | ..... see LSB | 9001 | 127917 | 135713/1. | 49 |
| $0-728$ |  | 49 | 128840/1. | 136056. | 322 |
| 0-101 |  | 49 | 128840/2. | 136057. | 322 |
| 0-130 |  | 49 | 130669 | 136165. | 49 |
| 0-185 |  | 124 | 131378. | 136165/1. | 49 |
| 0-349 | . . . see SCE | 12301 | 131378/1. | 137021. | 315 |
| 0-413 |  | 49 | 131388/2. | 137023. | 318 |
| $0-453$ |  | 321 | 131681/1. | 137326. | 315 |
| 0-453 |  | 321 | 131681/2. | 137386. | 34 |
| $0-466$ |  | 110 | 131681/3. | $137386 / 2$. | 34 |
| 0-487 |  | 165 | 131682/1. | 138021 black. | 169 |
| 0-495 |  | 30 | 131682/2. | 138021 mahogany. | 169 |
| $0-495$ |  | 30 | 132931. | 138021 white. | 169 |
| 0-698 |  | 62 | 133123. | 138076/1. | 168 |
| 0-100 |  | 75 | 133488. | 138076/2. | 168 |
| 0-100 | 13. | 75 | 133511. | 138321. | 135 |
| 0-100 | 20. | 75 | 133513. | 138471. | 166 |
| 0-102 | 77. | 314 | 133514/1. | 138543/1. | 30 |
| 0-12 | 2. | 59 | 133514/2. | 138543/2. | 30 |
| 0-132 |  | 123 | 133514/3. | 138543/3. | 30 |
| 0-149 | 65 black. | 171 | 133514/4. | 138543/4.. | 30 |
| 0-149 | 65 mahogany. | 171 | 133515/2. | 138543/7.. | 30 |
| 0-149 | 65 white. | 171 | 133526. | 138543/8.. | 30 |
| 0-162 |  | 75 | 133593. | 138868..... see SNG | 10601 |
| $1-713$ |  | 315 | 133617 | 139552. | 318 |
| $1-16$ |  | 73 | 133685 | 140436/1.. | 123 |
| 1/AV | 1837. | 334 | 133804 | 140436/2. | 123 |
| 7/AV | 1837. | 333 | 134307. | 140861. | 122 |
| 8/AV | 1837.............. | 333 | 134521. | 141098. | 121 |
| 10-2 |  | 334 | 135093.. | 143426. | 109 |
| 11/A | 1838... see LSB | 1005 | 135403. | 143426/1.. | 109 |
| 14/A | AV 1838... see LSB | 1009 | 135403/0. | 143474 | 49 |
| 15/A | V 1838... see LSB | 1013 | 135403/1. | 144345/1. | 320 |
| 16/A | V 1836. | 330 | 135403/2. | 144345/2. | 320 |
| 3016 |  | 49 | 135403/3. | 146424/1. | 30 |
| 8014 |  | 220 | 135403/4. | 146425 | 32 |
| 8014 |  | 315 | 135403/5. | 146426. | 32 |
| 8014 |  | 315 | 135403/6. | 146427. | 32 |
| 80148 |  | 315 | 135403/7. | 146429/1.......... | 34 |
| 8014 |  | 315 | 135403/8. | 146430/1.......... | 34 |
| 8018 |  | 317 | 135403/9. | 146863. | 49 |
| 8087 |  | 220 | 135403/10. | 147718. | 66 |
| 8131 |  | 315 | 135403/11... | 147719. | 66 |
| 1254 | 2/1. | 200 | 135403/12. | 147805. | 66 |
| 1254 | 2/2. | 200 | 135403/13 | 147806 | 66 |





韾辛 $\omega$
0
0
0
0
a
A
$\vdots$
$\vdots$
$\vdots$

 | $N$ |
| :---: |
|  |
|  |
|  |




|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

台


Guiger on


[^0]:    * These mechanisms have guide springs

[^1]:    KLA 2103-KLA 2106, without cover

[^2]:    * KLG 1201, which is intended for buzzer KLG 1251, differs from KLG 1202 only in regard to the central regulating screw
    ** KLG 1251 is without case and is especially designed for telephone instruments DPA 12-DPA 13

[^3]:    * The first winding is soldered to tags 1 and 2 and the second winding to tags 3 and 4

[^4]:    * Colour desired to be stated when ordering

[^5]:    * With rubber pad

[^6]:    * For 208 mm width of panel
    ** For 245 mm width of panel
    *** For 282 mm width of panel

[^7]:    * With soldering tags in strip plate
    ** With extra soldering tag on the rear piece

[^8]:    With soldering tags in strip plate

[^9]:    * This filling resembles 131378 but has a 13 mm soldering tag at each end

